

4-H Dairy

Jasper County
Derived from Steuben
County Record Sheet A
Grade 5

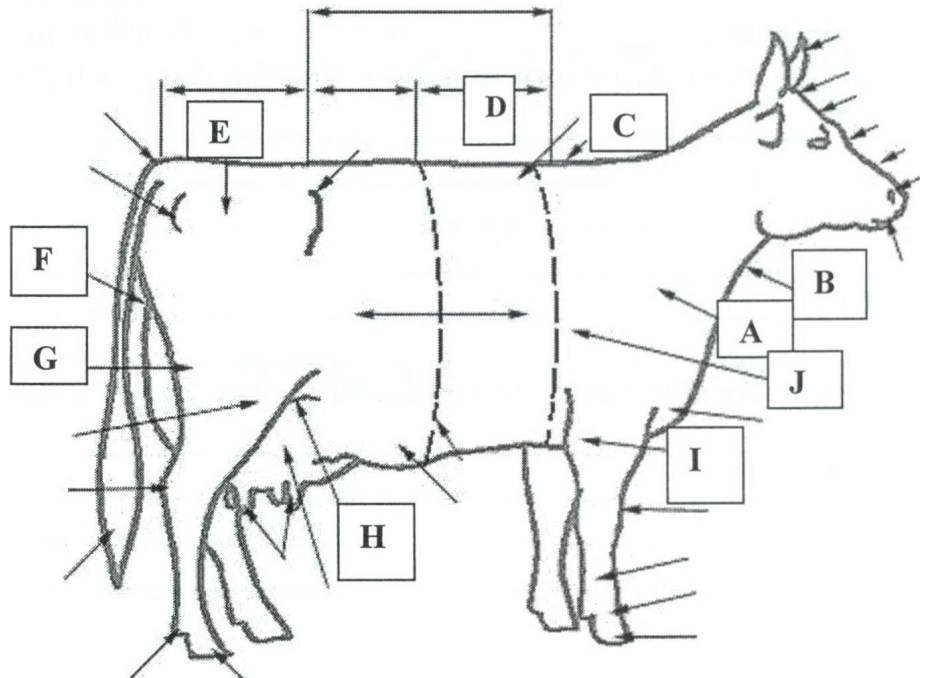
Name _____ 4-H Club _____

Matching Identification: Please write the letter of the correct breed name with the matching mature cow weight.

- | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. _____ Holstein | A. 800-1200 pounds |
| 2. _____ Jersey | B. 1100-1200 pounds |
| 3. _____ Guernsey | C. 1200-1300 pounds |
| 4. _____ Shorthorn | D. 1300-1400 pounds |
| 5. _____ Ayrshire | E. Greater than 1500 pounds |
| 6. _____ Brown Swiss | |

Part Identification: Please write the correct part name on the line provided with the correct letter.

- A _____
- B _____
- C _____
- D _____
- E _____
- F _____
- G _____
- H _____
- I _____
- J _____



Care, Housing & Safety - Fill in the blanks: Please write the correct answer on the line provided to correctly complete the statement.

1. DHIA provides computerized dairy production records for cows and herds to help dairy producers manage their _____ and _____ the best breeding stock. What does DHIA stand for? _____
2. The point of balance of an animal is the _____.
3. This instinct in dairy cattle causes animals to want to stay together. _____
4. _____ can be transmitted between humans and animals.
5. Dirty wet stalls contribute to higher instances of _____, which is an _____ or _____ of the mammary gland; this is the most _____ dairy cattle disease.
6. The recommended number of pens for maternity or sick cows is _____ pens per _____ animals. Maternity and sick pens should be _____ feet x _____ feet or _____ feet x _____ feet.
7. Hutch fronts should face _____ or _____ in the winter, especially in cold climates, to provide calves with exposure to the _____ and protection from the _____.
8. There are _____ main types of milking parlors. What are the names of the milking parlors and how are the cows situated in each?

A) _____

B) _____

C) _____

9. What are the basic needs for showing dairy cattle?
