

4-H Sheep

Jasper County Derived from Pulaski County Record Sheet A Grade 11

Name		4-H Club
	Leader Signature:	
	amb weighed 124 pound sing percentage be for t	ds and had a carcass weighing 89 pounds, what would the hat lamb?
2. Shov	w on the lamb the prope	er injection sites:
	ch the following reproduct Embryo Estrus Fetus Gonad Parturition Epididymis Urethra Vas Deferens Cervix Vulva	A. Duct that carries the sperm from the epididymis B. Act of giving birth to young C. A newly fertilized egg D. Muscle that closes off the uterus E. Duct through which the sperm and urine travel F. The unborn lamb from embryo to birth G. The external part of the reproductive system H. Germ cell producing tissue I. Period that the female will allow the male to mate J. Duct that collects and stores sperm
5. If I ha	ad ewes in the early stag hay and a little corn. D	nces between a farm flock and range sheep? ges of pregnancy and I was feeding them free choice good o I need to feed them a protein supplement? Why or why

6. E	Describe three methods of castration for sheep:
7. l	f the medicine bottle says to give the shot SQ, what does that mean?
8. V	Why do you need individual animal identification?
9. V	What are the 6 areas to evaluate finish or condition on a lamb?
10.	Describe how to take a sheep's temperature:
11.	Sheep need to grams of salt daily to regulate the body.
12.	Identify the following diseases by their symptoms:
	A. Watery, dark diarrhea, often containing some blood
	B. Lambs become stiff and cannot walk
	C. Arched back, strain to pass urine and may kick at belly
	D. Circular patch of crusted wool or hair, pulling it leaves a wet, raw skin
	E. Poor weight gain, depressed, listlessness
13.	What fat thickness is the one and only factor in determining yield grade in sheep?
14.	Most animal related accidents are the result of
15.	If I had a ewe in heat on September 3, what day should I be looking for her to come back I to heat?