



4-H Goat Project

Name: _____ 4-H Club _____

Herd Management and Disease

1. Match the Following:

____ Name of Drug

____ Storage

____ Expiration Date

____ Lot Number

A. Manufacturer's reference number to indicate the day/batch which the product was made.

B. Tells when to discard the drug.

C. Brand or generic name of drug being prescribed.

D. Tells how the medication should be kept when not in use.

2. Caprine arthritis encephalitis (CAE) is a disease that can be transferred to the kid via _____.

3. When ear tagging your goats, the right ear identifies the _____ and the left ear identifies the _____ year and _____.

4. When should Colostrum be fed? _____.

5. Explain why goats are dehorned.

_____.

6. Match the following:

___ Oral

___ Subcutaneous

___ Intravenous

___ Intramuscular

A. Injections given by inserting a needle just under the skin.

B. Administering drugs straight into the muscle

C. Administering of drugs through the mouth

D. Injections given directly into the bloodstream

7. Identify the Following:



8. Match the following:

___Foot Rot

A. Treated with propylene glycol or corn syrup

___Pneumonia

B. Occurs because of a drop in blood calcium levels

___Enterotoxemia

C. Causes goat to become lame

___Tetanus

D. Neuro degenerative disease spread from female to offspring

___Ketosis

E. Commonly called "overeating disease"

___Coccidiosis

F. Wethers and bucks are more susceptible

___Milk Fever

G. Usually fatal once symptoms appear

___Urinary Calculi

H. Can be prevented with adequate ventilation

___Scrapie

I. Older animals can carry the organism without showing symptoms

9. What are ways that you can control the development of internal parasites in your goat herd?

10. Explain why all kids should have their navels dipped in 7% iodine after birth.

Answers to these questions can be found in the "Goat Resource Handbook" 4-H 135R