

**White County 4-H**  
**Sheep Educational Activities – Grade 11**

Project Year \_\_\_\_\_

4-H'er Name \_\_\_\_\_ Club \_\_\_\_\_

**Activity #1**

Please answer the following questions related to Chapter 11, "Reproduction and Genetics" from the Ohio State Sheep Resource Handbook

- |       |                          |   |
|-------|--------------------------|---|
| _____ | 1. Color                 | a. These wrinkles make the sheep very hard to shear   |
| _____ | 2. Cryptorchidism        | b. Too much wool on the face causes problems with the sheep's vision and reduces production                         |
| _____ | 3. Dwarfism              | c. Spots or dark patches in the wool  |
| _____ | 4. Entropion             | d. A very serious defect that results in abnormally short legs, decreased fertility and a short life span.          |
| _____ | 5. Face Covering         | e. This is a recessive trait that results in lambs with deformed legs and spines.                                   |
| _____ | 6. Fleece Defects        | f. These are a defect in polled breeds.   |
| _____ | 7. Horns and Scurs       | g. The lower eyelid rolls in and causes eye irritation  |
| _____ | 8. Jaw Defects           | h. A weakness that causes the sheep to push out part of the rectal tissue   |
| _____ | 9. Rectal Prolapse       | i. One or both testes of the ram may be retained in the abdomen. This greatly reduces fertility.                    |
| _____ | 10. Skins Folds          | j. Undershot and overshot jaws where the teeth do not meet the pad  |
| _____ | 11. Spider Lamb Syndrome | k. Imperfections such as high belly wool, hairiness and fuzzies should be avoided because they reduce fleece value. |

**White County 4-H**  
**Sheep Educational Activities – Grade 11**

Project Year \_\_\_\_\_

4-H'er Name \_\_\_\_\_ Club \_\_\_\_\_

**Activity #2**

Please answer the following questions related to Chapter 6, "Carcass Evaluation and Meets" from the Ohio State Sheep Resource Handbook

- |      |       |  |
|------|-------|--|
| True | False | 1. Stew meat comes from the Shank of the lamb and should be simmered in liquid             |
| True | False | 2. Rib Chops come from the Rack of the lamb and should be roasted                          |
| True | False | 3. Arm Chops can be broiled, pan broiled or pan fried and come from the Shoulder of a lamb |
| True | False | 4. Lamb Patties come from the Leg of the lamb and can be pan fried                         |
| True | False | 5. Spareribs come from the Breast of the lamb and should be broiled                        |
| True | False | 6. Boneless Leg come from the Leg of the lamb and should be simmered in liquid             |
| True | False | 7. Shish Kabob Cubes come from the Sirloin of the lamb.                                    |
| True | False | 8. Loin Roast comes from the Loin of the lamb and can be roasted                           |
| True | False | 9. Shank Half can be roasted and come from the Loin of the lamb                            |
| True | False | 10. Round Leg Steak come from the Leg of a lamb and can be braised or broiled              |



