

# PURDUE EXTENSION NOBLE COUNTY

## 4-H DAIRY WORKSHEETS

Grade 4-D



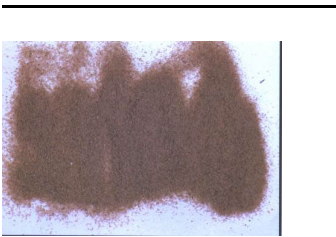
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

4-H Club: \_\_\_\_\_

Leader Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Identification:** Please write the correct name of the feedstuff on the line below the picture.



**Care, Housing & Safety :** Please write the correct answer on the line provided to correctly complete the statement.

1. What is the purpose of all project work in 4-H? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

2. To minimize accidents or illness from livestock, one should:

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

3. What does DHIA stand for? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

4. Two or more common types of bedding used in free stall barns are:

\_\_\_\_\_

Answers can be found in the OSU Dairy Resource Handbook – 4-H 127R.

5. When you need to separate a single animal use a \_\_\_\_\_ to block its \_\_\_\_\_ to the group.
6. Hutch fronts should face \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ in the winter, especially in cold climates, to provide calves with exposure to the \_\_\_\_\_ and protection from the \_\_\_\_\_ winds.
7. Fresh cows are typically considered fresh for \_\_\_\_\_ after calving.
8. Cows will commonly kick \_\_\_\_\_ and out to the \_\_\_\_\_, or on a \_\_\_\_\_ where they have \_\_\_\_\_.
9. There should be at least \_\_\_\_\_ waterer for every \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_ cows and it should be easy accessible.
10. Handlers can use the \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_ to easily move animals.
11. What are the two commonly used housing designs for dairy cattle?  
\_\_\_\_\_
12. What are 4 benefits to 4-H members who are involved in the dairy project?
  - A. \_\_\_\_\_
  - B. \_\_\_\_\_
  - C. \_\_\_\_\_
  - D. \_\_\_\_\_
13. \_\_\_\_\_ are always a risk when working in wet or damp areas such as the \_\_\_\_\_.
14. When referring to bedding for dairy cattle, what is a mattress?  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_