





Goals of the Demonstration Garden

- Education
- Establish flower and vegetable plantings to demonstrate how to grow edible and ornamental plants



Photo: Steve Mayer
due University Cooperative Enteration Service is an equal accessingual opportunit

Goals of the Demonstration Garden

- Provide a display garden to show All-America Selections award-winning flowers and vegetables (https://all-americaselections.org/)
- Show various gardening techniques such as raised beds, row covers, vertical gardening and efficient irrigation
- · Provide vegetables for a local food pantry

The PEMC Demonstration Garden

- An "idea garden" for gardeners
 - -Comments from Indiana State Fair visitors: "Beautiful garden, found several ideas for my garden." "We've learned a lot of garden tips from you over the years." The garden is "my favorite part of the State Fair."
- Not an organic garden but we try to limit the use of pesticides whenever posssible

Purdue University Cooperative Estension Service is an equal accessingual opportunity institution.



Developed & Maintained by PEMC Staff & EMG Volunteers

 Purdue Extension Marion County (PEMC) staff & Extension Master Gardener (EMG) volunteers design, plant & maintain the garden each year as well as harvest & deliver the donated produce

 The garden would not be possible without the efforts of EMG volunteers

Photos: Steve Mayer



Recognized as AAS Display Garden

 Beginning in January 2013, the Purdue Extension Marion County Demonstration Garden applied for and was accepted to be an official All-America Selections (AAS) Display Garden for flowers and vegetables, one of about 200 dedicated gardens across the U.S. and Canada



Image: All-America Selections

Purdue University Cooperative Editorsion Service is an equal accessivepasi opportunity institution.

Recognized as AAS Display Garden

- We are one of only 8 All-America Selections (AAS)
 Display Gardens in Indiana and still the only one in Indianapolis (as of 1/2023)
- An AAS Display Garden provides the public an opportunity to view the newest AAS winners, primarily from the past 5 years



Zinnia x hybrida Profusion Double Hot Cherry

Photo: Steve Mayer

Indiana AAS Display Gardens (Jan '23)

- Foellinger-Freimann Botanical Conservatory, Fort Wayne, IN
- Hendricks County Master Gardeners Demonstration Garden, Danville, IN
- Master Gardener Association of Tippecanoe County, Lafayette, IN
- Minnetrista, Muncie, IN
- Purdue Extension Marion County Demonstration Garden, Indianapolis, IN
- Southwest Indiana Master Gardener Demonstration Garden, Evansville, IN
- Sunset Hill Farm Vegetable Garden, Valparaiso, IN (edibles only)
- Hamilton County Master Gardeners, Noblesville, IN (flowers only)

Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service is an equal accessingual opportunity institution

All-America Selections (AAS)

- Founded in 1932, AAS is the only national, non-profit plant trialing organization in North America
- Mission: "To promote new garden varieties with superior garden performance judged in impartial trials in North America"
- AAS does not breed, or sell, any plants, but promotes the winners & lists seed sources on their website

Images: AAS





All-America Selections (AAS)

- · AAS conducts 4 types of plant trials each year to determine if there are new varieties worthy of the AAS Winner award designation:
- --Edibles Grown From Seed (grown in-ground & in containers)
- --Seed Ornamentals (grown in-ground & in containers)
- --Non-Seed Ornamentals (grown inground & in containers)
- --Perennials

Images: AAS





All-America Selections (AAS)

- · AAS Trials are conducted at locations across N.A. by volunteer, independent, unbiased, horticulture professionals
- National Winners & Regional Winners (began in 2014)
- Non-Seed Ornamentals category started in 2015
- First Perennial Trial winners were in 2019





All-America Selections (AAS)

- · Breeders enter their NEW. neverbefore-sold cultivars to AAS Trials to see if they have created a variety that is superior to what is currently on the home garden market
- AAS Judges grow & evaluate entries alongside well-known successful similar varieties used as comparisons
- If entry out-performs comparisons & is deemed superior to what is available, it is given an AAS award





All-America Selections (AAS)

- AAS Judges look for traits such as:
- · --More flowers
- · --Better branching
- · --Disease resistance
- --Better taste (edibles)
- --Higher yield (edibles)
- --Unique plants/new colors





We Are Growing Better Varieties

- Because we are a part of the AAS Display Garden program, we learn about better flower & vegetable varieties and grow them
- https://all-americaselections.org/ or https://aaswinners.com
 - · Celosia Asian Garden
 - Vinca Mega Bloom Pink Halo
 - · Dianthus Jolt Pink

Photos: Steve Maye



1984 AAS Winner

Tomato 'Celebrity'



Disease resistance

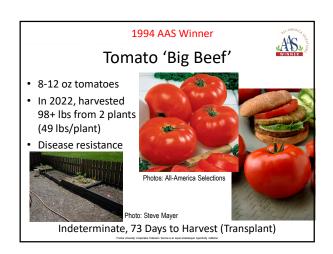




Photos: Steve Mayer

AS

Determinate, 70-75 days to Harvest

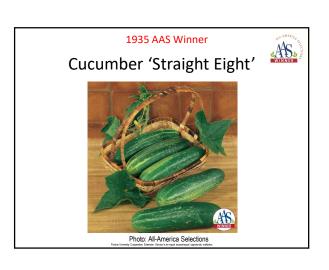
















Add Organic Matter

- The single most important thing you can do to improve your soil is to add organic matter
- · Options include: compost, manures (preferably composted), cover crops, and plant residues



Photo: Steve Mayer

• For in-ground plantings, work in one-third by volume organic matter (2-inch layer worked 6 inches deep, 3-inch layer worked 9 inches, etc.)

Practice Good Soil Health Principles (Source: Marion County SWCD) For Annual Crops

- Minimize Disturbance Disturb the soil as little as possible
- · Maximize Soil Cover Keep the soil covered as much as possible
- Maximize Biodiversity Using crop rotation and cover crops
- Provide Continuous Living Roots Keep plants growing throughout the year

Minimize Working of Soil

- · A tiller was used extensively in 2012 and a little less in 2013
- · Mostly hand dug in 2014 (wanted to help promote soil health and preserve tree roots in west half of garden)
- Began using cover crops in some beds in the fall of 2015





Cover Crops

- This planting bed shows crimson clover and oats
- Also planted hairy vetch and cereal rye
- Using oats alone does not require cover crop termination since it does not usually survive the winter



Photo: Steve Mayer

For Free Mulch, Use Cereal Rye

 For free mulch, use cereal rye (mixed with hairy vetch) as a cover crop the previous fall





PROTOS: STEVE IVI

Practice Crop Rotation

CORN FAMILY	Sweet Corn, Popcorn
CUCUMBER FAMILY	Gourds, Cucumber, Cantaloupe, Squash, Pumpkin, Muskmelon, Watermelon
ONION FAMILY	Onions, Shallots, Garlic, Leek
TOMATO FAMILY	Eggplant, Pepper, Potato, Tomato

Image: Steve Mayer
University Cooperative Extension Service is an equal accessivegual opportunity

Practice Crop Rotation

BEAN FAMILY	Beans, Peas
BEET FAMILY	Beets, Spinach, Swiss chard
CABBAGE FAMILY	Cabbage, Cauliflower, Brussels sprouts, Broccoli, Mustard, Turnips, Collards
CARROT FAMILY	Carrot, Celery, Parsnip

Image: Steve Mayer
University Cooperative Entersion Service is an equal accessive;ual oppor

Use a Grabber Tool for Maintenance in Large Beds



Use a Grabber Tool for Maintenance in Large Beds

• Use for deadheading large flowers

 Don't carry spent flowers in your hand (bees!)





Photos: Steve Mayer

For Quicker Success, Use Raised Beds & Start with a Soil-Compost Mix

- Intech Park site was compacted & drainage was poor so raised beds were required
- Applied a 50/50 blend of topsoil and garden compost to create the raised beds





as University Cooperative Extension Service is an equal accessivegual opportunity institution. Photos: Steve May

It's Never to Late to Start



- First year of Intech Park demonstration garden in 2009: 600 sq. ft. of vegetables
- Transplants planted on July 14
- First harvest was August 17 (summer squash, eggplant, pepper and cucumber)



Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service is an equal accessingual op

It's Never to Late to Start



- Primarily grown in 15-foot by 4-foot raised beds
- One bed had 3 Roma plants & 2 Early Girl plants
- Covered plants in fall when frosts were forecast
- Total harvest on
 November 11 was over
 368 pounds

Photos: Steve Mayer

It's Never to Late to Start



- 5 tomato plants were transplanted July 14
- Through November 11, we harvested 271 Roma tomatoes and 80 Early Girl tomatoes = 351 tomatoes
- Final tomato harvest was November 25

Photos: Steve Mayer

Water Availability Should Influence What You Do

- Access to water is needed
- Plan your garden accordingly





Two Types of Soil Tests Are Needed for Plant Growth

- Send soil samples to a commercial lab for NUTRIENT TESTING: phosphorus (P), potassium (K), pH, and percent organic matter
- A&L Great Lakes Labs in Fort Wayne provides results and recommendations - a Lawn & Garden test is \$25.00 (https://algreatlakes.com/)

Purdue University Cooperative Enteraion Service is an equal access/equal opportunity institution.

Two Types of Soil Tests Are Needed for Plant Growth

- After the 2012 season, soil test results were:
 - 10 to 13 percent organic matter level (high)
 - Phosphorus (very high) & Potassium (very high)
 - pH reading: 8.0 (alkaline)
- After the 2021 season, soil test results were:
 - 11.4, 14.2, 17.2 to 24.1 percent organic matter level (high)
 - Phosphorus (very high) & Potassium (medium)
 - pH reading: 7.1, 7.2, 7.2, to 7.3 (slightly alkaline)

Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service is an equal accessivous opportunity instituti

Two Types of Soil Tests Are Needed for Plant Growth • Conduct a DRAINAGE TEST when choosing the site

otos: Steve Mave

Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service is an equal accessingual opportunity institu

Two Types of Soil Tests Are Needed for Plant Growth

- Purdue publication HO-61: Dig a hole 10 inches deep; fill it with water and allow the water to drain away; if the hole is empty in 8-10 hours, the site is acceptable
- Publication HO-99: Dig a hole 10 inches deep; fill it
 with water; if the water drains quickly, you have a
 droughty soil; if the water drains after an hour or
 two, you have a well-drained soil; if the water stands
 overnight, you have poorly drained soil

Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service is an equal accessingual opportunity institution

Two Types of Soil Tests Are Needed for Plant Growth

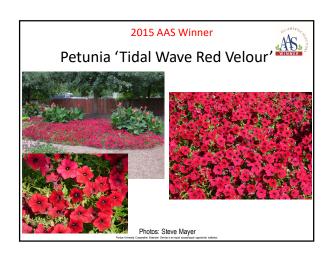
- Mike Dana, Purdue: Dig hole 12" deep; fill with water; let it drain away; refill with water & record water depth (A); measure & record water depth 15 minutes later (B); A minus B = Amount drained/15 min.; x4 amount /hour; if <4"/hr, poorly drained; if between 4-8 "/hr, moderately drained; if >8"/hr, excessively drained
- Ed Gilman, U of FL: Dig hole 18" deep; fill with water; if drains in 1 hour, drainage is good; if several hours to drain, drainage is fair; if water stands > day, it's poor Purdue Master Gardener Manual, 2nd Edition, ©2018

Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service is an equal accessiveus opportunity institution.

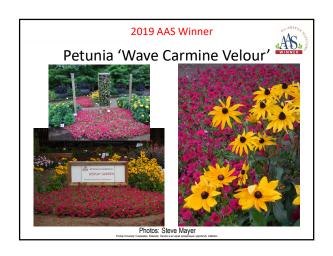
Select Flowers That Don't Require Deadheading

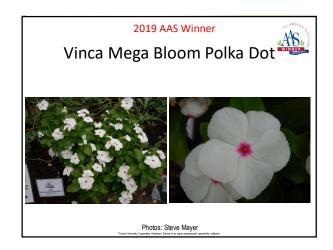
- For lower maintenance
- · Influenced by the desired aesthetics
- Depends on the flower species and cultivar
- Consult AAS website for deadheading on specific flowers: aaswinners.com

Purdue University Cooperative Editorsion Service is an equal accessingual opportunity institution.







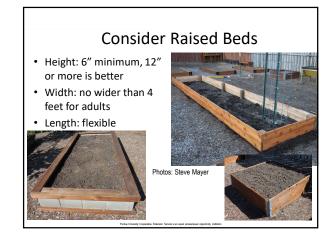










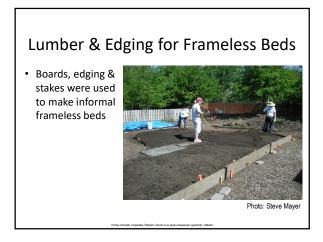




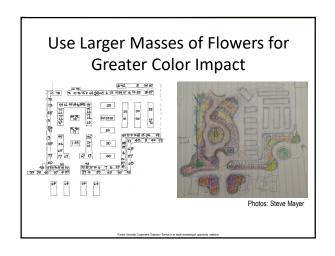










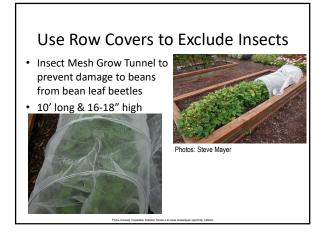


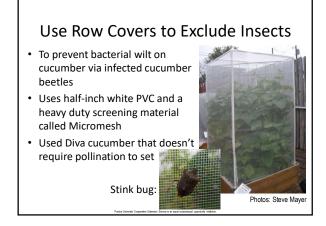


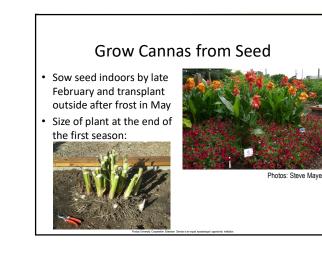








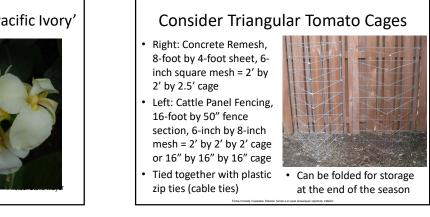








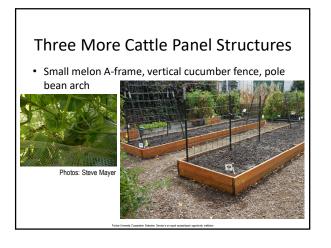












Use Annuals for Variety Each Year

- To add new All-America Selections award-winning flower and vegetable cultivars (cultivated varieties)
- To show new gardening ideas
- To display new garden designs each year

Use Annuals for Varied Design **2013: BEFORE**



Use Annuals for Varied Design 2013: AFTER



Use Annuals for Varied Design **2015: BEFORE**



Photo: Steve Mayer

Use Annuals for Varied Design 2015: AFTER



Using Black Plastic & Plant Protectors for Earlier Harvest

- Four Treatments
 - No mulch (mid-May)
 - Black plastic (mid-May)
 - Red plastic (mid-May)
 - Black plastic and Wall O' Water (WOW) (mid-April)
- Black plastic: 1 week earlier to first ripe tomato
- Black plastic + WOW: 2 weeks earlier



Not All Determinate Tomatoes Ripen All at Once

- Home garden determinate tomatoes may have a time when there is a major flush of tomatoes to harvest, but they do NOT stop producing before the end of the season if plants stay healthy
- Examples from our demonstration garden include Celebrity (1984 AAS Winner), Galahad (2020 AAS Winner, N/NW, Heartland regions), & Early Resilience (2020 AAS Winner)
- Even Roma produced until frost

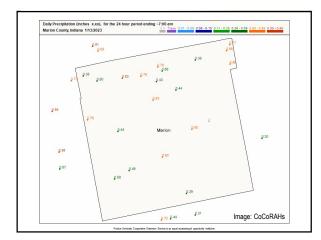
Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service is an equal accessivous opportunity institution.

Monitor the Precipitation on Site

- Precipitation varies greatly from site to site
- If you don't have a rain gauge, monitor precipitation via CoCoRAHs: https://www.cocorahs.org/



Photo: Steve Mayer



Hand Watering: How Much to Water

- In-ground plantings need 1-1.5 inches of water/week often applied in 1-2 irrigations
- 1-1.5 inches of water = about 0.6-0.9 gallons/sq.
- Raised beds may need more frequent watering
- Container plants might need daily watering



Avoid Wetting the Foliage When Possible

- Avoid wetting the foliage to avoid disease problems especially late in the day
- Never water the foliage of disease-prone plants like tomato and pepper plants



Photo: Unknown Source

Select Disease Resistant Varieties

- · Select Zinnias resistant to powdery mildew
- · Zinnia elegans tend to be more susceptible
- We have never seen powdery mildew on zinnias in the Profusion and Zahara series

Purdue University Cooperative Estension Service is an equal access/equal opportunity institution.

Select Disease Resistant Varieties

- All are AAS Winners
- Profusion Red Yellow Bicolor (2020)
- Profusion Red (2017)
- Profusion Double Deep Salmon (2013)
- Profusion Double Hot Cherry (2013)
- Double Zahara Cherry (2010)
- Double Zahara Fire (2010)
- Zahara Starlight Rose (2010)
- Profusion White (2001)
- Profusion Cherry (1999)
- Profusion Orange (1999)

Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service is an equal accessivous opportunity institution







Select Disease Resistant Varieties

• Select Impatiens resistant to downy mildew

Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service is an equal accessingual opportunity institution.

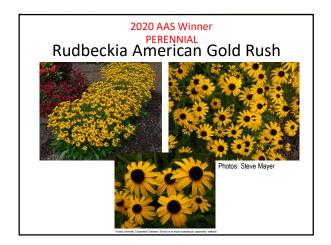




Select Disease Resistant Varieties

• Select Rudbeckias resistant to Septoria leaf spot

*urdue University Cooperative Extension Service is an equal accessingual opportunity institution.





- wide, 1-foot deep raised bed
 • Planted intensively on a
- Planted intensively on a vertical trellis & thinned seedlings to 6 inches apart along the fencing
- Trellis was 6 feet tall & almost 8 feet long, with metal T-posts & plastic zip ties
 Photos: Steve Mayer



Cucumbers: Intensive Planting on a Vertical Trellis

- In 2022, we harvested & donated just over 239 pounds of Green Light cucumbers (2020 AAS Winner) from 16 plants growing in an 8-foot by 4foot space
- Harvested at suggested 4inch long mini-cucumber stage but some were also picked larger
 Photos: Ste



Flower Planting Concerns

 Remove plants by first tapping/pushing/pinching container bottom



Photo: Steve Mayer

Purdue University Cooperative Enteraion Service is an equal accessingual opportunity institution.

Flower Planting Concerns

· Disrupt surface of root ball, tease out roots, remove excess roots, and/or cut circling roots, if needed



Disrupted root ball surface on right

Flower Planting Concerns

- · After planting, firm the soil, water and use a fertilizer solution if needed
- Do NOT gather soil around the stem above the root ball

Leggy Transplants



Pinching Flowers?



Plume celosia pinched at planting time (flowers on top are pinched and flowers on bottom are not)

Photo: Steve Mave

Know What Herbicide Damage Looks Like on Food Crops

 Diagnosing Herbicide Injury on Garden & Landscape Plants (ID-184): https://www.extension.pur

4_w.pdf



Grow Pole Beans Rather than Bush Beans

- Plant once to harvest all season
- Usually easier to harvest
- Pole beans seem to have less problems with spider mites





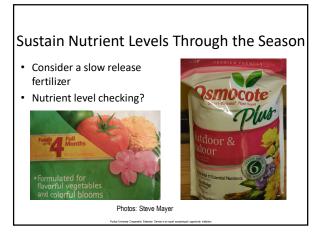
Many Newer Coleus Grow in Full Sun

- Many new coleus can grow in full sun or shade now
- Flowering is usually considered a negative characteristic – best if it flowers only late in the season or not at all

Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service is an equal accessingual opportunity institution







Sustain Nutrient Levels Through the Season

 Additional fertilizer may be needed for spring transplants in "chop & drop" cover crop areas

Photos: Steve Mayer

Be Safe When Harvesting Vegetables

 Wear one-use only gloves when harvesting and put the harvest into clean, sanitized containers (or wash hands & put harvest in new plastic bags)



- Don't wash produce until time to be eaten
- Wash all produce before eating!

......

Flower Borders: Stair Step Plant Heights

• Stair step plant heights

Photos: Steve Mayer

Using Marking Flags for Planting Photos: Steve Mayer Protection of Computer Steven Law of a small of specific violate.

