Over the Back Fence

Agriculture and Natural Resources Extension Newsletter

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POSITION OPEN

Extension Educator - Ag and Natural Resources -**Harrison County**

Extension Educators provide the link between Land Grant University research and Indiana residents by creating innovative learning opportunities that address local issues. Dedicated to helping improve the quality of life for current and future residents, Educators collaborate with local, county and state agencies, partner organizations, businesses and schools to analyze needs, develop, implement and oversee vibrant and sustainable. implement and oversee vibrant and sustainable research based educational programs, and provide resources and expertise to the local community.

Have a passion for people, education, and agriculture? Come and work with us. https://careers.purdue.edu/job-invite/21459/.

Ag Days Fall 2022



On Wednesday and Thursday, October 5th and 6th over 400 third grade students in Harrison County were invited to attend the Annual Ag Day at the Harrison County Fairgrounds. The event was organized by many wonderful community organizations and hosted by Purdue Extension Harrison County. Students visited many sessions presented by volunteers and agriculture enthusiasts. Sessions included: Officer Jim Schreck and Smokey presented ATV Safety and Search & Rescue; 4-H Educators Anna Denny and Sam McCollum and 4-H State Ambassador Johnathan Durbin introduced students to 4-H; Livestock ID was taught by students of North Harrison FFA; Soil and Water presenters Erica Wyss, Marla Sieberns, Chris Miller and Virginia Morris taught soil facts; Harness Horse Youth Foundation, Ellen Taylor introduced students to equine athletes; Fruits of Your Labor, presented by Master Gardeners Wanda Phillips, Durinda McKay, and Robin Meredith and Extension Educator Tara Beckman showed how food goes from garden to plate; Michelle Amos of Little Loom House presented fiber arts; Dennis Schmelz of Spring Valley Bee Keepers shared the importance of pollinator care; and Corydon Central FFA members taught Embryology. South Central, North Harrison and Corydon Central FFA Chapters served as group leaders and helped prepare lunch items during the day.

AG Days Fall 2022 cont.



During lunch, Marcia Harmon-Gliottone and Jean Geswein presented, Harrison-the boy who disliked agriculture. Harrison is a third grade boy who thinks agriculture is unimportant. He tries to get ready for school and then realizes, after talking with his mom, that he cannot eat breakfast, wear clothes and shoes, or even feed his dog without agriculture.

The students were provided lunch that consisted of a hotdog, bag of popcorn, cheese square, clementine, ice cream and a bottle of water. A special thank you to the organizations who sponsored and participated in this event.

Harrison Co. Farm Bureau, Inc. Preferred Popcorn

Day Farms

- Harrison County Master Gardeners Harrison County Cattlemen's Association
- Harness Horse Youth Foundation

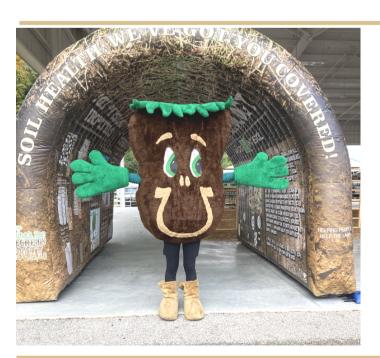
IndianaFarmBureau

- Harrison County Fairgrounds Corydon Indiana Harrison County Soil & Water Conservation District
- South Harrison Community School Corporation North Harrison Community Schools
- Purdue Extension Harrison County

Thank You!

Thank you so much to the Barks Family for bringing their cow, Baby Girl to Ag Day at the Harrison County Fairgrounds. Adam Barks, who is only 9 years old, is doing a presentation about raising and caring for a cow. Baby Girl looks very interested in helping with the presentation! We are lucky to have so many good people in Harrison County who are willing to help out and participate in events like Ag Day. Keep it in your mind and heart, that even at 9 years old, you can do anything you set your mind to! Don't work too hard, Adam and thank you for being a part of Ag Days.





Premier Companies, headquartered in Seymour, has made a huge investment in Southeast Indiana through a \$50,000 annual gift to the Indiana 4-H Foundation to support agriculture youth development programming. We are thankful to Premier Companies and the Indiana 4-H Foundation for providing funding for agriculture related programming in Harrison County. We received \$5000 for an inflatable soil tunnel. Our 3rd grade Ag Day students were the first to see this awesome teaching tool.



Welcome to Our New Staff



Hi, my name is Katie Davidson. I am a Community Wellness Coordinator (CWC), covering Floyd, Clark, and now Harrison Counties! As a CWC, I work to lower barriers people have to making healthier choices. I work with groups like farmers markets, community gardens, schools, and food pantries to problem solve and create lasting changes to the policies, systems, and environments that exist around us. I live in Clark County, and in my spare time I enjoy walking on the Ohio River Greenway with my husband and two dogs, or reading a book outdoors wherever I can. I am looking forward to working with your organization in the future to make the healthy choice an easier choice for your clients!



Extension - Harrison County

My name is Cindy Finerfrock. I am excited to join the Harrison and Floyd County Extension offices as your new NEPA/ Nutrition Education Program Advisor! I was born and raised in the military. I received my Home Economics degree from the University of Dayton, Ohio. My husband and I have lived in Indiana for over 17 years. I am here to help you learn more about nutrition and improve your family's health. We provide FREE, practical, hands-on programs for SNAP recipients, limited-resource individuals of all ages,

and eligible schools.

Programs include: How to stretch your food dollar, Planning fast easy meals, and Making vegetables fun & tasty....just to name a few! You can start your health journey today. For free and fun classes. Visit: eatgathergo.org to check it out!



Extension - Harrison County





Hi, my name is Jocelyn Faith and I am the Administrative Program Assistant. I will soon be graduating college with a Bachelors degree in Organizational Leadership and Supervision with a Human Resources certificate from the Purdue Engineering and Technology school. I grew up in Harrison County and I currently reside here as well. In my spare time I work on my family's farm, travel, and go on walks with my Goldendoodle and Golden Retriever. I have been involved in 4-H for over 10 years showing livestock, entering projects, and helping others learn. I am so excited to apply what I have learned to this program.



Extension - Harrison County

Extension Challenge Kits

October was Apple Month! Purdue Extension Harrison County had an Apple Culinary Challenge. 1 Million Crunchers from Minnesota, Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan and Ohio crunched on Thursday, October 13th, 2022 for the Great Lakes Great Apple Crunch! National Apple Day was October 21st. Thank you to everyone who participated in our October Apple Crunch Culinary Challenge. Adults and youth shared some wonderful and creative ideas and recipes.

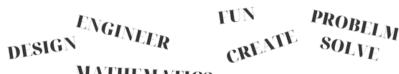


Look for our November Pumpkin Challenge coming Nov 1st!

STEM: PUMPKIN PROPULSION

SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, ENGINEERING, & MATHEMATICS

CHALLENGE: USE THE SUPPLIES INCLUDED TO DESIGN AND CREATE A CATAPULT, CAR, BOAT, SLINGSHOT, ETC. THAT WILL LAUNCH YOUR CANDY PUMPKINS AS FAR AS POSSIBLE



Submit: picture of your design, furthest distance your pumpkin traveled, details of how you created your design, and challenges you encountered.

Video of launch can be submitted, too. You can bring info to the Extension Office OR email jage@purdue.edu and faith2@purdue.edu



DNR Tree Seedlings



The DNR Forestry tree seedling orders began on October 1. Conservation tree planting is one of our oldest and most supported forest stewardship programs. DNR Forestry's nursery program grows and distributes high quality plant materials for conservation plantings such as timber, wildlife, windbreaks, soil and water protection, reclamation, carbon sequestration, and education.

1. Orders will be accepted Oct. 1, 2021 - May 1, 2022 depending upon inventory. 2. Orders can be placed by phone, mail, or online at INForestryx.com beginning on Oct. 1, 2021.

3. If ordering by mail, do not send payment with your order. You will receive an invoice showing the quantity we could supply, the amount due, and the due date.
4. Paid orders are available for pickup or shipping beginning late February through May depending upon the weather.
Instructions for ordering tree seedlings can be found at https://www.in.gov/.../tree-seedling-nurseries/instructions/

IN Orchard Guide



Check out Indiana Grown's new Orchard Guide to find an Indiana Grown orchard near you → bit.ly/3RGBFx4



Grow It, Cook It, Craft It: 101 Uses for Squash & Pumpkins

Harrison County Master Gardeners October installment of the Fall Guest Speaker Series was a successful and informative session as well as a fun evening, Thursday, October 20th. This one was "Grow It, Cook It, Craft It: 101+ Uses for Fall Squash and Pumpkins"

- Grow It: Heidi Potter, Agriculture and Natural Resources Educator, Purdue Extension Clark County, gave an informative lesson on planting, growing, maintenance, and harvesting of winter squash and pumpkins. She also gave tips on pest control, seed saving, and showed examples of various heirloom varieties. Each attendee was given a variety pack of seeds to plant at home.
- Cook It: Tara Beckman, Health and Human Sciences Educator, Purdue Extension Harrison County, demonstrated safe and simple preparation and cooking techniques for winter squash and pumpkins, including baking, savory and sweet seasoning and roasting, as well as pureeing for soup. She served samples of several delicious winter squash recipes, discussed various edible varieties, and shared nutrition information.
- Craft It: Attendees also took home a DIY pumpkin decorating kit and got tips for creative ways to craft and decorate with pumpkins and squash.



Please join us for our next installment of the Harrison County Master Gardeners Fall Guest Speaker Series at 6:30 on November 17th at Harrison County Extension Office, 247 Atwood Street. HCMG President, Ken Tingler, will be discussing everything you need to know about deer, their habits, and how to coexist with them as a gardener in his session "Deer-Proofing Your Garden"

Congratulations!

We are proud to announce that we have several newly certified Harrison County Master Gardeners who graduated from the Spring 2022 MG Training and are now Certified EMGs. Congratulations to Sarah Keinonen, Brandi Pirtle, Bev Tucker, George Voorhees, and Jess Wolvin. We also have three Master Gardeners who have advanced to the next level of training and certification. Wanda Phillips is now Advanced EMG Bronze, Kim Tate is now Advanced EMG Silver, Karen Schwartz is now Advanced EMG Gold 1000 with over 1500 hours of service to the Extension Master Gardeners.



IN DNR

Studies have shown that time spent outdoors can make a positive impact on our mood and mental health. The "earthy" scents often associated with walking in nature have been known to give feelings of comfort and relaxation, and remind us of childhood memories. The amazing fragrance of walking through a pine grove, or the smell of the crunchy, fallen leaves under foot in autumn can give us a feeling of being one with nature; it can remind us that breathing in nature not only feels good, but is also good for us. Find a DNR property to explore nature at on.IN.gov/recfinder.

Harrison County Master Gardeners

I couldn't have scripted this any better...Last night when I was putting the Pollinator Garden to bed for the winter a guy came through and told me how much they appreciated those flowers at the pool. I told him that I had just put to bed the Botanical gardens @ the fairgrounds the night before. He told me that they also walk down there all the time and they just love the flowers and all the identifying signs...THIS IS WHY WE DO THIS...We will never know how many people visit and learn from our gardens... thx for your continuing support! ks -Karen Schwartz





If you've ever considered becoming a Master Gardener or would like to learn more about our many projects and ways we serve our local community, this is the place to be! We meet the third Thursday of each month at the **Harrison County** Extension Office. Come to our meeting to learn more about what we do and how to become a Master Gardener. Our meetings and classes are open to the public, including featured guest speakers in the fall. Contact Ken Tingler for more information 812-734-0373



Invasive Species Alerts

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 2022 AT 11 AM

How Long Must I Protect My Ash Trees from Emerald Ash Borer? Online Event

Join entomologist Cliff Sadof as he talks about protecting ash trees from emerald ash borer as part of the Emerald Ash Borer University fall seminar series.

https://msu.zoom.us/.../register/WN_NQwT0B0aRMGw8H4v4HsnJA



Pack Memories, Not Invasive Pests This Fall

SEPTEMBER 13, 2022 - INCLUDED IN ISSUE: 22-14 PURDUE LANDSCAPE REPORT BY: CLIFF SADOF

The dry, cool weather of September heralds the beginning of the fall camping season. Although camping is a great way to reconnect with family and nature, traveling to and from your campsite can give invasive insects and plants a free ride to a new forest. Without the help of people, most exotic invasive insects spread less than 10 miles each year. If you accidentally pack them with you on your way to or from your trip, they can move thousands of miles.



Eggs of spotted lanternfly often look like mud. (Photo by E. Barnes)



The light brown spongy egg masses of a health spongy moth can easily contain 600 to 1000 eggs. With each caterpillar capable of consuming over a 10 ft2 of leaves a single egg mass is a defoliation waiting to happen! (Photo by S. Richard)

Spotted lanternfly— Adults will lay eggs from September until the first frost on just about anything from telephone poles and tree bark to under the bumper of your car, camper or mower. Their outsized capacity to suck plant sap and excrete sticky honeydew creates sticky leaf surfaces that become covered with black sooty mold and stinging insects. Although adults and nymphs are distinctively spotted and colored, the eggs are mud colored and difficult to find.

Spongy moths – Like spotted lanternfly adults of this moth will lay eggs on tree trunks, under branches and on anything that is outside during the month of July when they lay their eggs. The caterpillars of this insect (formerly known as gypsy moths) have a huge appetite for oak leaves, maples, pines and hemlock. In outbreak years like the summer of 2022 they can completely defoliate millions of acres of forest. Although the blue and red spotted caterpillars are quite distinctive, the dun-colored egg masses are difficult to find. If you are camping during July in heavily infested areas, you can easily bring the egg masses back with you.

Wood borers – During the autumn many invasive destructive borers like Asian longhorned beetle and emerald ash borer as well as vectors of Thousand cankers disease are in the larval stage beneath the bark. For this reason, moving firewood long distances to and from campsites risks spreading these pests. Don't share the devastation wrought by emerald ash borer and other invasives by moving firewood.

Soil borne pathogens –Sudden oak death and boxwood blight are two of many pests threatening plants in Indiana forests and landscapes. Spores of these pathogens can be spread by hikers walking over contaminated areas. Be sure to wash your boots!

Jumping worms – Are a new invasive worm that is starting to make its way into Indiana. It moves between gardens when muddy equipment is loaned, compost is shared, or when plants are traded with soil. This new invasive worm can strip the organic matter from productive garden soil and give it the inhospitable texture of coffee grinds. Trading plants with soil is not recommended in areas where these worms have been found.

Follow These Tips To Stop Invasive Hitch Hikers

- Check Conditions. If you are traveling to or from an infested area you may be giving invasives a ride. In Indiana, the Department of Natural Resources Department of Entomology and Plant Pathology (DEPP), maintains a pest of concern website to help you find out where pests are a problem. Nationally, the USDA APHIS maintains a website for locations of pests by state.
- Don't Move Firewood. Collect or purchase your firewood within 30 miles of where you plan to use it. Trees inside of this radius are exposed to the same types of pests and pathogens so there is a lower risk of spreading something new. If you move this wood too far (more than 30 miles) you risk moving a pest or pathogen to a new area where they can attack and kill new trees. By not moving wood far from where it is collected you can prevent the spread of these pests to new, un-infested areas
- Wash muddy boots, dirt filled tires, and camping, gardening, and farming equipment. Seeds of invasive weeds and the spores of plant diseases can become trapped in mud and released to new areas when moved. Always remove mud before you travel to a hiking area and immediately after your hike. Aside from the added benefit of keeping the interior of your car clean, any seeds or spores you may have picked up on the trail will stay near where you collected them. The same rule applies to mountain bikers, 4-wheelers, gardeners and farmers.
- Inspect your car or camper before you return from visiting areas where spotted lanternfly have been
 reported. Adult female spotted lanternflies will lay their eggs on vehicles and campers from the beginning
 of September through the time of the first frost. Be sure to give your camper or car a good inspection before
 you return.
- Take your car or camper to the car wash, or give it a good soapy power wash at the of the season to take off any spongy moth or spotted lanternfly egg masses. This will help kill any egg masses you missed before they hatch the following spring. Because the killing power of your washing action alone is unclear, it is best to hand remove any egg masses you see and dump them into a bucket of sudsy water before you wash you vehicle.
- Finally, if for some reason you find invasive pests during your Indiana travels report them by calling 866-NO EXOTIC (866-663-9684) or send an email (with a photo of the insect if possible) to DEPP@dnr.IN.gov. For more information about this or other invasive pests facing Indiana see ReportINvasive.com.

So IN Cattlemen's Beef Tour



Area Cattleman's Associations:

What's Your Breakeven Price for Corn and Soybeans?

It's difficult to evaluate market opportunities as crop prices change or make crop rotation decisions without oreakeven price information.

September 2022 Estimates

The Purdue Crop Cost and Return Guide offers farmers a resource to project financials for the coming cropping year. These are the September 2022 crop budget estimations for 2023; prepared by Purdue faculty members Michael R. Langemeier, Department of Agricultural Economics, Shaun Castell, Dan Quinn, and Tony Vyn, Department of Agronomy; and Bill Johnson, Department of Botany and Plant Pathology, Purdue University.

A user can evaluate up to three full-season crops, and the wheat double-crop soybean system. Gross revenue, cost, and net returns are evaluated on a per acre and per unit basis. Breakeven prices to cover variable and cost, and net returns are evaluated on a per acre and total cost are computed for each crop.

PURDUE EXTENSION 2023 Purdue Crop Cost & Return Guide September 2023 Estimates PURDUE

Both product prices and input prices may have significantly changed since these estimates were prepared Table 1. Estimated per Acre Crop Budgets for Low, Average, and High Productivity Indiana Soils

						Ö	op Budget	Crop Budgets for Three Yield Levels	Yield Level	s,					
		Low	Low Productivity Soil	Soil			Averag	Average Productivity Soil	ity Soil			High	High Productivity Soil	/ Soil	
	Cont.	Rot.	Rot.	Wheat	Beans Beans	Cont.	Rot.	Rot.	Wheat	DC	Cont.	Rot.	Rot.	Wheat	Beans Beans
							3		1						
Expected yield per acre-	143	152	46	69	32	1/3	184	90	6	99	203	216	8	8	46
Harvest price3	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$13.25	\$8.75	\$13.25	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$13.25	\$8.75	\$13.25	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$13.25	\$8.75	\$13.25
Market revenue	\$828	\$912	\$610	\$269	\$424	\$1,038	\$1,104	\$742	\$691	\$517	\$1,218	\$1,296	\$875	\$814	\$610
Less variable costs ⁴															
Fertilizer ⁵	\$286	\$257	\$93	\$131	69\$	\$301	\$274	\$110	\$166	\$81	\$317	\$290	\$127	\$201	\$93
Seed	102	102	74	44	98	124	124	74	44	88	124	124	74	4	88
Pesticides ⁷	126	119	75	45	92	126	119	75	45	92	126	119	75	45	88
Dryer fuel ⁸	83	56	N/A	N/A	4	33	31	N/A	NA	9	46	37	N/A	NA	9
Machinery fuel @ \$4.02	30	8	18	18	13	30	8	18	18	13	8	30	18	18	13
Machinery repairs ⁹	8	34	23	53	24	34	34	83	83	24	34	8	8	8	24
Hauling ¹⁰	15	16	2	7	ო	18	19	9	80	4	2	23	7	10	5
Interest 11	33	31	16	15	14	35	33	17	17	15	98	8	18	19	16
Insurance/misc. 12	43	43	38	6	6	48	48	41	6	6	23	53	43	6	6
Total variable cost	\$702	\$658	\$348	\$238	\$287	\$755	\$712	\$370	\$336	\$302	\$787	\$744	\$391	\$375	\$317
Contribution margin (Bevenue - variable costs)															
per acre	\$156	\$254	\$262	\$271	\$137	\$283	\$392	\$372	\$355	\$215	\$431	\$552	\$484	\$439	\$293

Table 2. Estimated per Acre Government Payments, Overhead Costs & Earnings for Low, Average, and High Productivity Indiana Soils

		Low Produ	activity Soil			Average Pro	ductivity Soil			High Produ	ctivity Soil	
Farm Acres	006	1000	2700	3000	006	1000	2700	3000	006	1000	2700	3000
Rotation1	9	c-p	9	c-p	9	q-o	9	d-5	0-0	c-p	99	q.
Crop contribution margin ²	\$156	\$258	\$156	\$258	\$283	\$382	\$283	\$382	\$431	\$518	\$431	\$518
Government payment ³	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	8	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total contribution margin	\$156	\$258	\$156	\$258	\$283	\$382	\$283	\$382	\$431	\$518	\$431	\$518
Annual overhead costs:												
Machinery ownership ⁴	\$147	\$139	\$98	\$92	\$147	\$139	\$98	\$92	\$147	\$139	\$98	\$92
Family and hired labor ⁵	\$71	\$64	\$44	\$40	\$71	\$64	\$44	\$40	\$71	\$64	\$44	\$40
Land ⁶	\$206	\$206	\$206	\$206	\$255	\$255	\$255	\$255	\$308	\$308	\$308	\$308
Farnings or (losses)	8368	\$150	\$103	480	\$100	475	-5115	55	408	83	003	\$78

Purdue Extension 2022 Purdue Crop Cost & Return Guide September 2023 Estimates

ID-166-W

Plant Fall Bulbs Now For Spring Blooms! A Recipe For Bulb Lasagna

arrive in many parts of the country, the last thing on many people's minds is planting flowers for spring color in the garden. But, now is the perfect time to plant bulbs that will pack a punch of color to help usher out winter blues.

Start with a trip to your local nursery. When purchasing, look for heavy, dense bulbs with no decay, mold, or fungus. Bulbs should smell fresh and be free of cuts and bruises. Plant classics like daffodils and tulips or branch out with other textures, colors Fall is the time to plant spring-flowering bulbs. As the cooler temperatures start to and heights with Fritillaria, Allium, Anemone and more.

Lasagna planting technique

The bulb planting technique of layering is also known as planting "lasagna-style." Planting bulbs "lasagna-style" involves layering different bulb varieties in the same pot. Each bulb planted is selected based on its blooming times, planting

depth and color.

By overlapping bulb bloom times you can create pots of long-lasting flowers and color. For three waves of bloom, select times so that the planting remains colorful spring, and late-spring. Bulb packages list bloom date information on the labels. choosing bulbs with overlapping bloom When making bulb selections, consider bulbs that bloom in early-spring, midseason.



Planting and positioning bulbs

Plant bulbs like you are making lasagna! Plant the largest bulbs approximately 8-inches deep, smaller bulbs 5-inches deep, and so on. Be sure to read the bulb package for planting depths. Potting soil is the "sauce" and used as the layer under and over your

Choose a container that is at least 12-14 inches deep, with good drainage.

Select a potting soil that includes a slow release fertilizer OR add bone meal to your potting soil according to the package instructions. Bone meal is rich in Phosphorous and will promote fall root growth.

Add a 2-3 inch layer of soil and then plant the largest bulbs approximately 8-inches deep, smaller bulbs 5-inches deep. Large sized bulbs may include (king Alfred) daffodil, allium, and tulip.

deep. Measure the depth from the top rim of your pot down, you should have about 6" Once the first layer of bulbs is in, add another layer of potting soil about 2-3 inches more to plant.

The next layers will be a bulb that is planted about 6 inches below the surface, examples include Dutch hyacinth or a jonguil Narcissus. Leave approx. *X*" space between each bulb. Remember to not overcrowd bulbs as they will swell once watering begins.

The next layer will finish your container off with bulbs, look for smaller bulbs like grape hyacinth and/or crocus. Remember to leave a little space in between bulbs. Top off with five inches of potting soil and add some pansies or other colorful cool weather annuals to maintain seasonal interest. and cover previous bulbs with about 1" inch of soil Finally, add mulch and water regularly. Add more "sauce"

A beautiful spring show of blooms

appears, the previous layer's leaves will remain. You can clean up faded or dead flowers, but don't remove the leaves as they provide energy back to the bulb for next year's growth. This is a great project to do with children and share the experience as each flower variety goes through its life cycle. As spring arrives, place your container in a spot with high visibility and enjoy the waves of colorful flowers as they emerge, bloom and die back. As each new layer of blooms

Recipe for Bulb Lasagna by Carolyn Neumann (published Sept. 17, 2012)
News and updates from the statewide UC Master Cardener Program office.
Author: Melisas G. Wonnack

Deer Testing For Chronic Wasting Disease is Available

IN DNR: Indiana Department of Natural Resources Posted on September 29th, 2022 in

deer, mule deer, elk, and moose. Hunters who want to have their deer tested for chronic wasting disease (CWD) can bring their deer to select Fish & Wildlife areas and State Fish neurological disease affecting white-tailed Chronic wasting disease (CWD) is a fatal

Deer heads can be dropped into designated coolers or hunters can make an appointment for their deer to be sampled by a biologist during office hours. The 2022-23 sampling ocations and their hours of operation are listed on the Fish & Wildlife: CWD website. Hatcheries during the hunting season.

Hunters who submit a deer for CWD testing will receive a metal tag reminiscent of Indiana's historical deer harvest confirmation

deer to the Purdue Animal Disease Diagnostic Lab (ADDL) for testing for a fee. Hunters should complete the submission form and follow the shipping instructions on Purdue ADDL's website. Alternatively, hunters may submit their plnous



Fish and Wildlife

Chronic Wasting Disease testing box, IN DNR

Indiana Hunting & Trapping Guide, Indiana Department of Natural Resources (IN DNR), Fish & Wildlife Indiana 2022-2023 Hunting & Trapping Season (pdf) list, IN DNR, Fish & Wildlife Indiana DNR Shares 2022-2023 Hunting Season, Got Nature? Blog, Purdue Extension-Forestry & Natural Resources:

Resources Wildlife Habitat Hint: Trail Camera Tips and Tricks, Got Nature? Blog Bovine Tuberculosis in Wild White-tailed Deer, The Education Store, Purdue Extension's resource center

IN Small Farm Conference

Diversified Farming and Food Systems

FURDUE |

March 2-3 Hendricks County Fairgrounds Danville, Indiana

The Indiana Small Farms Conference is happening in 2023!! As we move forward with confirming speakers we'd like to get additional input on topics and speakers you're interested in hearing from next year.

Women in Agriculture



Join us February 21st - 23rd for the Ag Women Engage Conference! (formally known as the Midwest Women in Agriculture Conference) We will be engaging Midwestern women in agriculture to address personal, family, and farm issues that

affect their lives, their families, and their farm business.

It will be an exciting, in-person event full of speakers, networking, education, and fun!

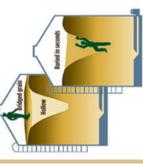
IN Horticultural Conference & Expo

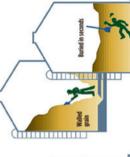


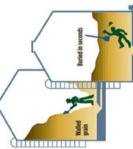
Expo at the Beck of 24. The two-day Agricultural Center in West Lafayette, Indiana on January 23 and 24. The two-day conference will feature educational sessions for commercial fruit and vegetable producers. Certified Crop Adviser Continuing Education Units will be available. Save the date for the 2023 Indiana Horticultural Conference

Over the last several decades, hundreds of injuries and deaths have occurred in grain bins across the country due to engulfment. Few people realize the suffocation. A grain bin engulfment can happen in the blink of an eye and cause serious injury or suffocation resulting in death. Flowing grain hazards from flowing grain including the risk of entrapment and entrapments fall into four primary categories:

- 1. Engulfment in a Flowing Column of Grain Bill Field , Professor of Agricultural and Biological Engineering and leader of the Purdue Ag Safety and Health Program says, "When the grain is flowing they're trying to scrape the walls off or break up crusted grain and they get too close to the center and that center's moving at about the same volume or capacity as the auger that's emptying the bin. So it only takes a few seconds for your body to get into that flow and you almost go to the floor."
- grain spoils and forms a crust, Field says it can become so compacted it can be walked on and farmers often enter the bin to break it up. "When they go into that crusted grain and there's a surface on the grain that grain surface will be very compact and you can walk on it and you might not realize that there's a void underneath or a hot spot and that breaks through and they end up getting pulled into the flow of grain and getting Collapse of Horizontal Crusted Grain Surface - This happens when entrapped."
- 3. Collapse of Vertical Crusted Grain Surface Field says this is where spoiled or caked grain stands in almost a vertical column. This can also occur inside a bin where spoiled grain is clinging to the bin walls. "It looks like a statue or a column standing there in the middle of the bin and farmers will try to go in there and break it up from the base. And that's a very unstable column of grain, just molded together and if it collapses it will often just bury the farmer."
- while they were trying to break them free and if the corn or beans or whatever is wet it'll seal up overnight and become very difficult to empty and they'll get on top of that and try to break it up and the next thing you see is they're down in that truck." 4. Entrapment or Suffocation in Grain Transport Vehicles - this includes grain carts, wagons and trucks and often occurs during the unloading Field says, "People have been caught in truckloads of grain operation.
- with the unloader running to be submerged to the point of becoming helpless. And it takes less than 20 seconds to be completely submerged in farmers are trying to move out of condition grain, so he recommends keeping grain in good condition with proper management. You can learn 5. He says it only takes 4 or 5 seconds for a farmer who enters a grain bin flowing grain. Again, Field says most grain bin accidents occur when more at Purdue Extension's website, which is agconfined spaces.org.









Flowing grain will not support a person. It will pull a person down into WHAT HAPPENS: The "suction" 3. Flowing grain

and get out. As grain flows out, cannot climb or walk against it

Collapse of a vertical mass of grain the bin wall or in various formations when Grain can "set up" in a large mass against it has been stored in poor condition.

moldy, high in moisture content or in

A collapse of bridged grain

impact knocks the worker off his feet and here is no warning this will happen. The WHAT HAPPENS: The mass of grain can worker who attempts to break it loose. collapse and "avalanche" down on a poor condition. The kernels stick together the grain has been removed from the bin. and form a crust which may be self-supporting. This gives a false indication that the surface is safe to stand on. orm under crusted grain when some of WHAT HAPPENS: A hollow cavity will

avalanches are possible, it will be very risky for rescue personnel to dig out the worker. The grain will have to be stabilized or knocked down so it is safe for rescue RESCUE PROBLEMS: If secondary

instantly falls into the cavity and is usually

to find the victim in such situations RESCUE PROBLEMS: It is difficult

Source: North Dakota State University

person walks onto the grain, the bridge

enough to support a person. As the

of crusted grain collapses. The victim

The surface over this cavity is not strong

RESCUE PROBLEMS: A person cannot be pulled from flowing grain without risk of injury to the spine if the grain is at waist level or higher. Research has shown that up to 400 pounds the victim will be pulled down and under quickly.

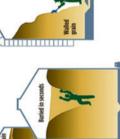
GAZETTE GRAPHIC/KRIS KINKADE

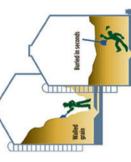
this year's crop! Keep these quick tips in mind when on · Farmers across the state are working hard to harvest Indiana State Department of Agriculture the roadway as #Harvest22 continues: Be patient

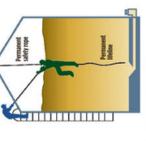
Do not pass in a no passing zone Do not tailgate farm equipment #SafeHarvestIN



People become caught or trapped in grain silos and moving or flowing grain is involved in all three scenarios.







Farmland for the Next Generation

MANAGING

FOR S

TOMORROW

AND

TODAY

SUCCESSION, BUSINESS, ESTATE AND RETIREMENT PLANNING FOR FARM AND RANCH WOMEN

Monday evenings Nov. 7th - 28th 6:30-8:30 pm EST 5:30 - 7:30 pm CST Where:

\$50 per family Cost

by Oct. 31st

due.edu or (219) 285-8620 ext. 280 ease contact Kathryn Weiss,

farmcrebit

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Extension

PURDUE UNIVERSITY

virtual program 10 am - 12 pm EST

DECEMBER 5, 7, 9, 12 AND 14, 2022

PARTNERS

farmcrepit

Register at:: https://tinyurl.com/M42AT by **November 28, 2022** Cost: \$25 per person

REGISTRATION

PURDUE ONLY ERSITY

If you require special

ANNIE'S PROJECT



Lunch & Learn Webinar Series

liscuss topics relevant to you and your operation. All sessions are hosted at Make the most of your lunch break and join extension educators live to 12 pm noon. Call (812) 265-8919 or email copelanb@purdue.edu with any

November 3

Forage Quality

questions.



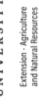


anuary 12





bit.ly/3fGf32m



Fqua Opportur ty/Equa Access Pist tutor



LOCATION: Purdue Fort Wayne Campus

the Tri-State Region Conference, is a place to find answers to

and other CSA questions. Hear directly from industry uccessful. This Tri-State CSA conference is a collaboration etween Purdue University, The Ohio State University, and eaders and learn more ways to make your CSA more

If so, then the Thinking Inside the Box: Growing CSAs across

supported agriculture (CSA) program or how to expand your existing CSA and make it more sustainable and successful?

Want to learn more about how to start a community

Classic Ballroom at Wal

Registration - \$125

COSTS:

co-founder of Shared Legacy Farms, a

northwest Ohio. She is also the

Michigan State University Extension

the My Digital Farmer Podcast, where she teaches CSA farmers these same

online marketing tactics to build a

To learn more or to register: go.osu.edu/csa

Growing CSA's across the Tri-State

NOVEMBER 12-13

February 23 Gardening 101



MICHIGAN STATE Extension

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CFAES provides research and relate

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THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY

AREA 2 APPLICATOR PROGRAM

Thursday, November 10, 2022

(CCH - CAT 1, 14, RT) Applicator Credits: Obtain Private (PARP) and Commercial

- Mud Management When Feeding Hay from a Soil Health, Fertility & Weed Control Perspective - Robert Zupancic, NRCS Southeast Grazing Specialist
- Forage Species Selection for Pest Management Keith Johnson, Purdue Extension Forage Specialist
- Pesticide Poisoning of Livestock Extension Educators

PURDUE EXTENSION CLARK COUNTY

or dhowellw@purdue.edu Info or RSVP: 812-256-4591 or hipotter@purdue.edu Charlestown, IN 47111 Clark Co. Fairgrounds Community Building 9608 Highway 62 9:00 - 11:00 am

WASHINGTON COUNTY PURDUE EXTENSION

Washington Co. Fairgrounds Info or RSVP: 812-883-4601 Salem, IN 47167 1:00 - 3:00 pm 4-H Building

PURDUE EXTENSION HARRISON COUNTY

Harrison Co. Extension Office Info or RSVP: 812-738-4236 or gmanders@purdue.edu Corydon, IN 47112 247 Atwood St. 6:00 - 8:00 pm

PROGRAM REMINDERS

- Participants earn PARP & CCH (CAT 1, 14, RT) credit by attending one program only.
 - Program is free. \$10 for PARP credit, cash or check only
- RSVP's appreciated by Wednesday, November 9, 2022, but not required

The 2022 Area 2 Applicator Program is scheduled for Thursday, PRIVATE and CAT 1, 14 & RT APPLICATORS:

RSVP's are appreciated by Wednesday, November 9, 2022, but not November 10, 2022 in three locations.

Clark County Fairgrounds (9608 Highway 62, Charlestown) from 9:00-11:00 am. RSVP to hlpotter@purdue.edu or 812-256-4591.
Washington County Fairgrounds (118 Fair St., Salem) from 1:00-3:00 pm. RSVP to dhowellw@purdue.edu or 812-883-4601.
Harrison County Extension Office (247 Atwood St., Corydon) from 6:00-8:00 pm. RSVP to gmanders@purdue.edu or 812-738-4236.

Topics at all three locations:

Mud Management When Feeding Hay from a Soil Health, Fertility, and Weed Control Perspective - Robert Zupancic, NRCS Southeast

Grazing Specialist Forage Species Selection for Pest Management – Keith Johnson, Purdue Extension Forage Specialist

• Pesticide Poisoning of Livestock – Extension Educators The program is free, but private applicator credits are \$10, cash or check only. Commercial applicator credits (1, 14, & RT) are available. Participants receive credit for attending one program.

PURDUE

Extension

Indiana Master Cattleman Program



offers beef cattle producers the opportunity to take their operations to business management. This advanced, in-depth educational experience The Indiana Master Cattleman program is designed to assist beef cattle forage utilization, reproductive success, genetic selection, herd health, and producers improve profitability through an increase in production efficiency, the next level.

educational materials, a Forage Field Guide, Cow-Calf Production in the U.S. Com Belt, and soil and Each participant (or farm, if there are additional registrants) will receive the Indiana Master Cattleman hay analyses.

Master Cattleman certified producers will:

Develop a business plan

6-9 PM beginning Dec. 6, 2022 and ending March 7, This 11-week program is offered on Tuesdays from

2023 (snow date of March 14, 2023)

- Perform a cow-herd assessment and set goals Location: Jackson Co. Community Foundation
- Improve marketing strategies
- management, reproduction,

Improve nutrition, forage

- and genetics programs
- Participate in exclusive hands-on field days

Network with other Indiana beef

producers and industry professional

Registration Deadline: Tuesday, November 29 Class size limited to 25 producers.

Registration Fee: \$200/person. Additional attendees

from a farm are \$100/person.

Jackson County Courthouse (Old Courtroom), 111 S.

Main St., Brownstown, IN 47220)

**(Dec. 6. Feb. 7 & March 7 sessions are held at

107 Community Dr., Seymour, IN 47274**

Contact: Richard Beckort -

rbeckort@purdue.edu; 812-358-6101

nurdue edu/extension

The Indiana Master Cattleman Program will be hosted in-person in Jackson County on Tuesdays starting Dec. 6! Don't miss out on this opportunity as space is limited. Please see flyer for more information. Harrison County Residents Welcome. Contact Purdue Extension Jackson County at 812-358-6101

PARP Workshop **Dubois County**

December 5, 2022

6:00 - 8:00 PM EST

Dubois County 4-H Fairgrounds - Clover Pavilion 4095 S. State Road 162, Huntingburg, IN 47542

PARP CREDIT FEE \$10.00 - BRING YOUR PESTICIDE CARD Attendance for the entire program is required for PARP credit.

Welcome and Introductions 5:50 - 6:00 PM

"Pesticide Storage" - Valerie Clingerman, Purdue Extension - Knox County 6:00 - 7:00 PM

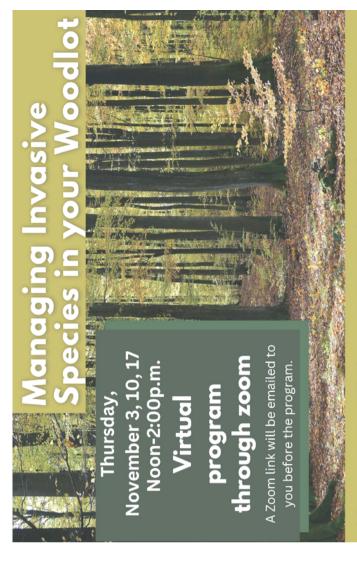
7:00 – 8:00 PM "Mini Bulks" (PARP Topic) - Kenneth Eck, Purdue Extension - Dubois County

PURDUE EXTENSION

Purdue University Cooperative Extension Service is an equal accesséqual opportunity institution If you need a reasonable accommodation to participate in this program ty bease contact us prior to the event at 812-482-1782. Purdue University, indiana Counties and U. S. Department of Agriculture Cooperating

CCH: Cat. 1, 1, 2, 3a, 3b, 4, 5, 6, 7a, 7b, 8, 11 & 14 - 2.0 CCH & CEU: IPM - 2.0





This program will give you the tools to help protect you woods and timber stands by learning to identify and manage invasive diseases, insects, and plants.

For more information please contact:

ichard Beckort - Jackson County - rbeckort@purdue.edu 812-358-6101)anielle Walker - Washington County - dhowellw@purdue.edu 812-883-4601 Ophelia Davis - Lawrence County - odavis@purdue.edu 812-275-4623

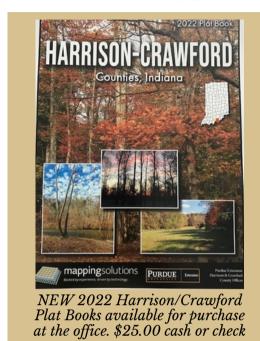
scanning the QR Code. Register by using the link bit.ly/woodlotinvasiv



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Purdue Extension Harrison County 247 Atwood Street Corydon, IN 47112 NONPROFIT ORG U.S. POSTAGE PAID CORYDON, IN PERMIT NO. 31

ANR Newsletter





Extension - Harrison County

Over the Back Fence

Agriculture and Natural Resources Extension Newsletter

Rebecca Wilkins County Extension Director Extension Educator 4-H Youth Development

Tara Beckman Extension Educator Health and Human Sciences

Position Open Extension Educator Agriculture and Natural Resources

Katie Davidson Community Wellness Coordinator (CWC) Floyd, Clark, and Harrison Counties

Mary Eve Office Manager

Jocelyn Faith Administrative Program Assistant

Jane Lasher Administrative Assistant

Julie Age Administrative Assistant

p. 812 738-4236 f. 812 738-2259

a. 247 Atwood St. Corydon, IN extension.purdue.edu/harrison

Cindy Finerfrock Nutrition Education Program Advisor (NEPA) Harrison and Floyd County

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