



4-H DRAFT ANIMAL WORKSHEET

Grade 5



Name: _____ 4-H Club _____

1. Basic Horsemanship Skills. Fill in the blank.

This part of the horse is a good reflection of the horse's attitude at the moment and helps indicate where he is focusing his attention? _____

A horse's vision is best for objects _____ him.

When haltering your horse you want to first put this item around his neck.

2. Match to Rules for Safe Handling with the correct description

Slow and Steady
Safety First
Stay Out of Reach

Always be prepared
What Goes Back, Usually Comes Forward
Creatures of Habit

Approach your horse slowly and calmly and try not to make any sudden movements. _____

Establish regular patterns and habits of catching, grooming and exercising your horse. _____

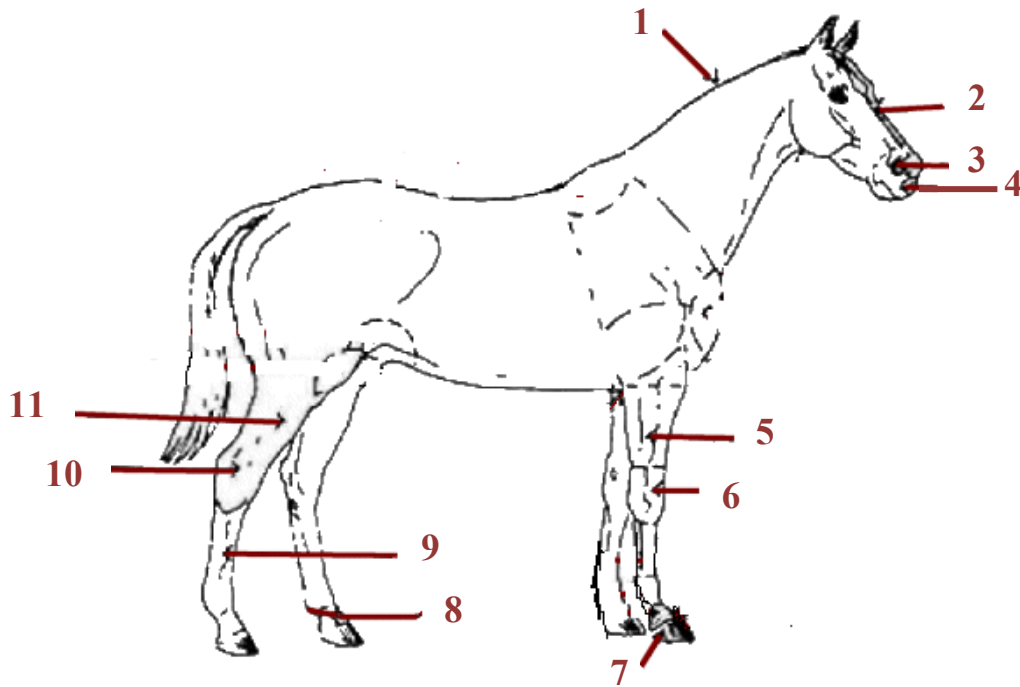
Never walk under the horse's neck with the horse is tied up. This causes the horse to jump back and then forward and they can land on you.

Work with your horse to get them use to noises. Distractions and sights he might see on the trail, highway or the county fair. _____

When walking behind a horse, either move very close to the hors's him or move completely beyond the reach of the horse's hind feet. _____

Never tie your horse with the bridle reins. Always tie your horse with a secure knot and can be quickly untied in an emergency. _____

3. Parts of a Horse



Place the number from the above picture with the matching body part.

- | | | |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| ___ Cannon | ___ Forehead | ___ Knee |
| ___ Crest | ___ Gaskin | ___ Muzzle |
| ___ Fetlock | ___ Hock | ___ Nostrils |
| ___ Forearm | ___ Hoof | |

4. Answer the following questions about horse nutrition.

What are the 5 essential types of nutrients that all animals need?

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

What should good hay look like? _____

Most horses consume roughly ___% of their body weight in dry feed each day.

At least ___% of a horse's diet should be forage.

If your horse refuses to eat its feed, this is usually a sign of what? _____

Answers to these questions can be found in the "Beginning Horse Management" Handbook 4-H 174

DEKALB COUNTY DRAFT ANIMAL RECORD

You need to be keeping Monthly records. Use separate pages to record your monthly data and use this form to summarize your information.

Financial Summary	
Item	Cost
Income	
Value of all 4-H animals (Table 1)	
Any other income from project (i.e. Open Shows)	
Total Income	\$
Expenses	
Cost of animals/breeding fee if applicable	
Boarding fee	
Health Costs: Veterinary/medical fees/health/ferrier fees (Table 2)	
Feed costs \$ amount from summary on back page (Table 3)	
Housing or Rent	
Manure Handling (cost of or value of)	
Bedding (cost of or value of)	
Fencing (cost of or value of)	
Transportation (to & from meetings, shows, etc.)	
Equipment and Tack (feed, show, groom)	
Other (List)	
Total Expenses	\$
Income – Expenses: Actual or Projected Profit (loss)	
	\$

Table 1. Inventory of 4-H Project Animals

Animal's Name	Breed	Sex	Birthdate	Value
Total Value of All 4-H Animals =				\$

Table 2. Health Management Records: Veterinary/medical/health/ferrier fees

Yearly Costs (Actual + Estimated) of Supplies and Services for each Animal						
Animal	Shots	Worming	Dental	Coggins	Hoof Care	Other
Cost Totals	a.	b.	c.	d.	e.	f.
Total Yearly Health Cost = a + b + c + d + e + f = \$						

Table 3: Feed Record for All 4-H Animals

Hay Record	Number of Hay Bales	Avg. Hay cost/value	Cost per month
<i>example</i>	8	\$3.00	8 x \$3 = \$24
April			
May			
June			
Total cost for quarter year			a.

Number of Animals x (a.)Total Cost x 4 (quarters in a year) = Avg. yearly Hay cost (A.) \$

Pasture Record	Number of Days	Avg. Cost per Day	Cost per month
April		\$0.20	
May		\$0.20	
June		\$0.20	
Total cost for quarter year			b.

Number of Animals x (b.)Total Cost x 4 (quarters in a year) = Avg. yearly Pasture cost (B.) \$

Grain/Concentrate	Number of Pounds	Cost per Pound	Cost per month
April			
May			
June			
Total cost for quarter year			c.

Number of Animals x (c.)Total Cost x 4 (quarters in a year) = Average yearly Grain cost (C.) \$

Supplements	Number of Pounds	Cost per Pound	Cost per month
April			
May			
June			
Total cost for quarter year			d.

Number of Animals x (d.)Total Cost x 4 (quarters in a year) = Avg. yearly Supp. cost (D.) \$

Total Average Yearly Feed Cost = A. + B. + C. + D. = \$