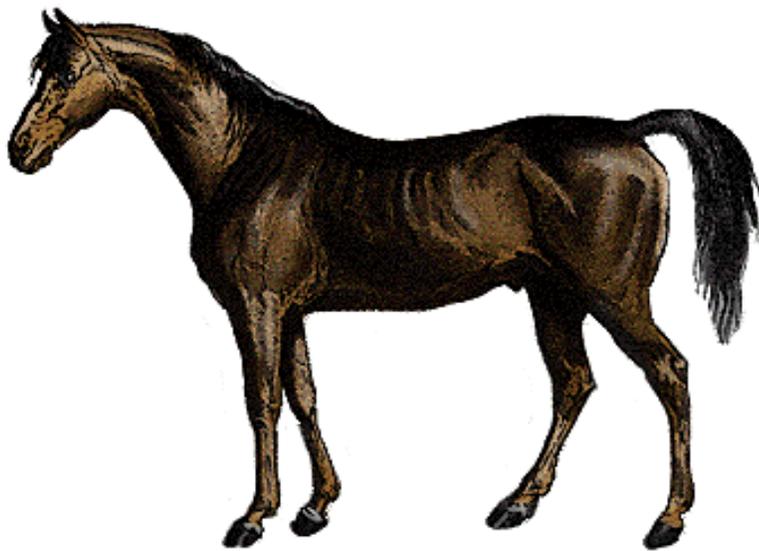


Cass County 4-H Horse Record Book

Intermediate (Grades 6 - 8)



Name _____

Club _____

Grade 6: Leader Signature _____ Date _____

Grade 7: Leader Signature _____ Date _____

Grade 8: Leader Signature _____ Date _____

Purdue University is an equal access/equal opportunity institution

Revised 2025

General Guidelines:

For each year you are enrolled in the Horse project, complete two (2) of the activities included in this record book. **You may NOT repeat activities.** All activities are described in your **Beginning Horse Management** manual (4-H 174). In addition, for each year you are enrolled in the Horse project, complete the financial report included in this record book by your grade level.

ACTIVITY 1 - HORSE BREED TERMS

Match the terms.

- | | |
|--|---------------------|
| 1. _____ The offspring of a dam. | A. Dam |
| 2. _____ The female parent (mother). | B. Get |
| 3. _____ Those characteristics commonly accepted as ideal for a particular breed. | C. Sire |
| 4. _____ The male parent (father). | D. Breed Type |
| 5. _____ A horse of draft horse breeding. | E. Crossbred Animal |
| 6. _____ The offspring of a sire. | F. Produce |
| 7. _____ A horse that has one purebred parent and one grade parent. | G. Hot-Blood |
| 8. _____ A horse of Eastern or Oriental blood. | H. Stud Horse |
| 9. _____ Breeding stallion. | I. Cold-Blood |
| 10. _____ A group of animals within a breed, all of which trace directly to a common ancestor. | J. Family |

ACTIVITY 2 - FEEDING

1. What are the five essential types of nutrients that are needed by all animals?

2. What is the cheapest source of the basic nutrients? _____

3. _____ is the grain that usually is the cheapest source of supplemental energy.

4. How much water do most horses drink daily? _____

5. What are some common protein supplements? _____

6. Explain what feed ration you give your horse. _____

ACTIVITY 3 - DETERMINING THE HORSE'S AGE

You can estimate the age of a horse by examining the mouth. With practice you can develop the accuracy in determining the horses age.

1. What are the factors used in estimating the age of the horse.

a. _____

b. _____

c. _____

d. _____

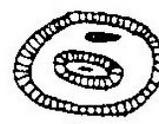
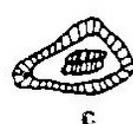
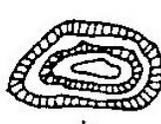
2. The teeth shown are from about what age horse?

a. _____

b. _____

c. _____

d. _____



3. How many teeth does a mare have? _____

ACTIVITY 4 - HORSEMANSHIP

1. The four (4) natural aids to cue a horse are _____,
_____, _____,
_____.
2. The best cues are? _____
_____.
3. At what time should artificial aids be used? _____
_____.
4. In correct western seat mounting, the riders right hand is on the _____
_____ of the saddle.
5. In the _____ seat, the horse is shown "up in
the bridle".

ACTIVITY 5 - DISEASES

A healthy horse is best described as a condition where all the functions of the body are performed in a normal manner.

1. Symptoms of disease vary greatly. Common indications of disease are:

_____.
2. What things are essential in treating a disease? _____
_____.
3. List the symptoms of colic? _____
_____.
4. What is Rhinopneumonitis? _____
_____.

ACTIVITY 6 - GAITS OF THE HORSE

The characteristic rhythmic movements of a horse's feet and legs in motion are called gaits.

1. What is the difference between an acquired gait and a natural gait?

2. The natural gaits of a horse are:

- a. _____
- b. _____
- c. _____
- d. _____

3. The foundation gait is _____.

4. Three (3) important features of a stride are:

- a. _____
- b. _____
- c. _____

5. The diagonal gait is _____

ACTIVITY 7 - SHOWMANSHIP

1. What are the 3 main things that showmanship is judged on?

- a. _____
- b. _____
- c. _____

2. For your style of showmanship, what tack must be used when showing?

ACTIVITY 8 - SPORTSMANSHIP

1. What is the definition of sportsmanship?

2. What does it mean to be a gracious winner?

3. If you disagree with a judge's placing of a class, how should you handle it?

ACTIVITY 9 - HOOF CARE

1. Explain what you do for hoof care management for your horse(s).

2. List 4 reasons why you would put shoes on a horse.

3. Describe how to safely and correctly pick up and clean a hoof.
