# BEEF BITS

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| P | E | W | E | M | T | R | F | E | P | E | Z | O | A | C |
| Q | C | E | E | E | O | I | G | Q | E | K | A | I | F | D |
| X | D | Z | R | O | D | A | D | R | J | B | N | T | R | E |
| R | Y | Q | D | B | R | E | B | E | Y | C | Q | A | E | R |
| R | S | C | R | O | H | C | R | Q | R | H | D | M | E | B |
| D | O | I | F | U | I | S | D | C | B | E | F | R | C | E |
| W | B | B | R | T | K | P | I | R | A | A | H | O | H | R |
| E | E | F | O | E | C | D | X | T | I | L | J | F | O | U |
| A | X | X | E | B | V | U | Z | N | I | A | F | N | I | P |
| N | E | S | I | B | L | I | N | G | U | R | O | O | C | C |
| P | O | L | L | E | D | B | R | E | E | D | B | C | E | O |
| N | N | B | E | G | A | H | G | U | O | R | C | O | H | F |
| H | A | O | L | M | S | U | I | M | A | U | F | K | T | J |
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BRITISH BREED BROOD COW CONFORMATION CUD

EXOTIC BREED FEEDER CALF FORAGES FREE CHOICE

HEREDITY POLLED BREED PUREBRED ROUGHAGE

 SIBLING SIRE

1. Electric shocks are always a risk when working in wet or damp areas. You

 should use a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ interrupter with water

 heaters, power tools, and other electric equipment.

2. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (also known as the bowknot

 or reefer’s knot) is the standard knot used to tie an animal to a post or

 stall at the fair.

3. Knot users consider the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ knot one of the most

 useful knots. It is a nonslip knot, as such it can be used to form a

 loop that will not tighten or draw down.

4. Beef, swine, and dairy cattle are partially \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 and have poor depth perception.

5. The key to safely handling animals is being aware of and respecting

 animals comfort or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

6. A preconditioned calf has been:

* Protected by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ against several diseases.
* Treated for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ parasites.
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, if it is a bull calf.

7. Worm eggs are passed in the manure of cattle and picked up when cattle

 graze. Calves should be dewormed at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

8. There are two types of flies that are major pests to cattle:

 the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fly and the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fly.

9. Handlers should also be concerned with zoonotic diseases, which are

 illnesses that can be transmitted between humans and animals. Five of

 these include:

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Leptospirosis \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 Rabies \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_