

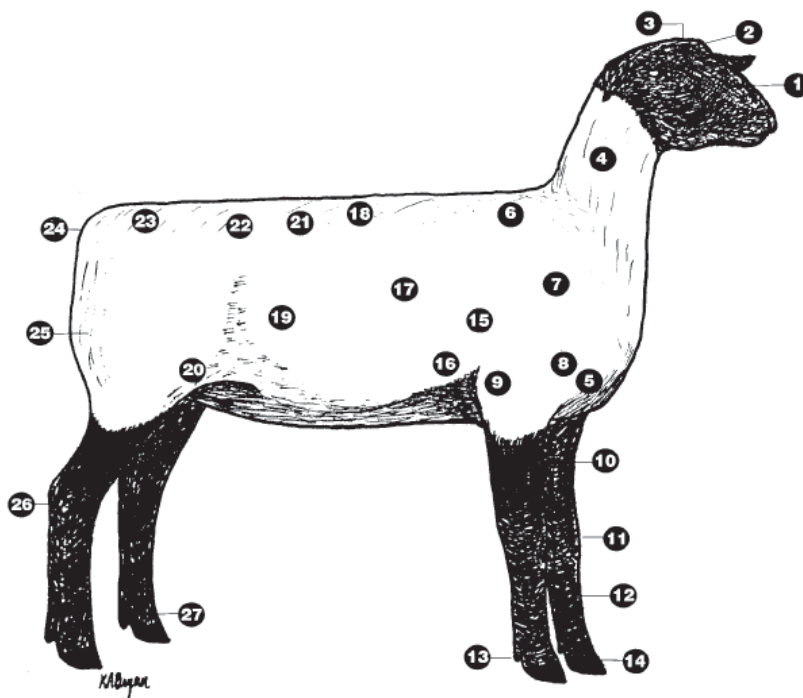


4-H Project

Boone County
Record Sheet B
Grade 5

Name: _____ 4-H Club _____

1. Label the following parts of the lamb: 1, 2, 6, 7, 9, 12, 17, 18, 20, 23,



2. Match the following sheep industry terms with their definition:

- | | |
|-------------------|--|
| _____ Concentrate | A. The meat from sheep older than 12 months of age. |
| _____ Flock | B. A group of sheep that are managed together. |
| _____ Docking | C. Trimming or shearing the wool away from the tail or dock area. |
| _____ Dipping | D. A feed high in nutrients and low in fiber. |
| _____ Fleece | E. Front teeth |
| _____ Grade | F. The removal of the tail. |
| _____ Incisors | G. Small horn buttons attached to the skin |
| _____ Mutton | H. Immersing the entire sheep in medicated water to control external parasites |
| _____ Scurs | I. The wool from one sheep. |
| _____ Tagging | J. A sheep that has only one purebred parent and one scrub. |

3. In selection of sheep you must be careful that the sheep you select do not have a lower jaw that is too short called _____ or too long called _____.

4. The temperature of a mature sheep will be about _____ degrees.

5. Label the following breeds according to the type of breed classification: Ram, Ewe, Dual Purpose

_____ Dorset _____ Cheviot _____ Romney
 _____ Hampshire _____ Targhee _____ Oxford
 _____ Finn sheep _____ Montadale _____ Southdown

6. Find the following on the feed label:

How much of the active drug do you put in a ton?

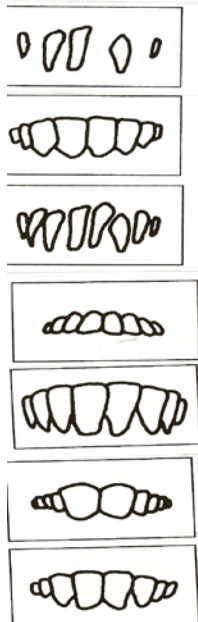
What is the maximum crude fiber?

What is the largest mineral in the feed?

Is Fluoride in the feed?

What animal should not consume this feed?

7 Identify the age of the following sheep by their teeth



- Lamb's teeth
- Yearling's teeth
- 2-Year-old's teeth
- 3-Year-old's teeth
- 4-Year-old's teeth
- Older sheep
- Broken Mouth

Net Weight 50 Pounds

GRO-MOR

1.6% Lamb Finisher B

Medicated
 For the prevention of coccidiosis caused by *Fimeria ovina*, *E. crandallis*, *E. ovinoidalis*, *E. ninakohlyakimovae*, *E. parva*, and *E. intricata*.

Active Drug Ingredient

Lasalocid 30 gm/ton

Guaranteed Analysis

Crude Protein	Min. 16.00%
(Includes not more than 1.0% Crude protein equivalent from nonprotein nitrogen)	
Crude Fat	Min. 2.50%
Crude Fiber	Max 4.75%
Calcium	Min. 0.40% Max. 0.50%
Phosphorus	Min. 0.60%
Salt	Min. 0.40% Max. 0.60%

Ingredients

Grain Products, Animal Protein Products, Plant Protein Products, Dicalcium Phosphate, Calcium Carbonate, Salt, Potassium Chloride, Magnesium Oxide, Vitamin A Acetate in Gelatin, D-Activated Animal Sterol (Source of Vitamin D3), Vitamin E Supplement, Menadione Dimethylprimidinol Bisulfite (Source of Vitamin K), Riboflavin Supplement, D-Calcium Pantothenate, Niacin, Vitamin B12 Supplement, Choline Chloride, Zinc Oxide, Ethylene Diamine Dihydrodiode, Cobalt Carbonate, and Sodium Selenite.

Caution

The safety of Lasalocid in unapproved species and breeding animals has not been established. Do not allow horses or other equines access to Lasalocid as ingestion may be fatal. Feeding undiluted or mixing errors resulting in excessive concentrations of Lasalocid could be fatal to sheep.

Feeding Directions

Feed as the sole ration to lambs from 80 pounds body weight to market. Feed continuously to provide not less than 15 mg. nor more 75 mg. of Lasalocid per head per day depending on body weight. Provide plenty of clean fresh water.

Manufactured by: XYZ Feed Company
 Sheep Division
 Anytown, USA 12345

16% LAMB FINISHER B

Answers to all the questions can be found in the Sheep Resource Handbook 4-H 194R