**Herd Management**

1. Why is permanent identification especially important in the goat industry? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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1. This type of housing uses less bedding, houses animals that receive more individual care and are considered more labor intensive. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Match the Following

\_\_\_\_ Warm Housing A. Building that is uninsulated, has natural ventilation and

near temperatures similar to outside temperatures.

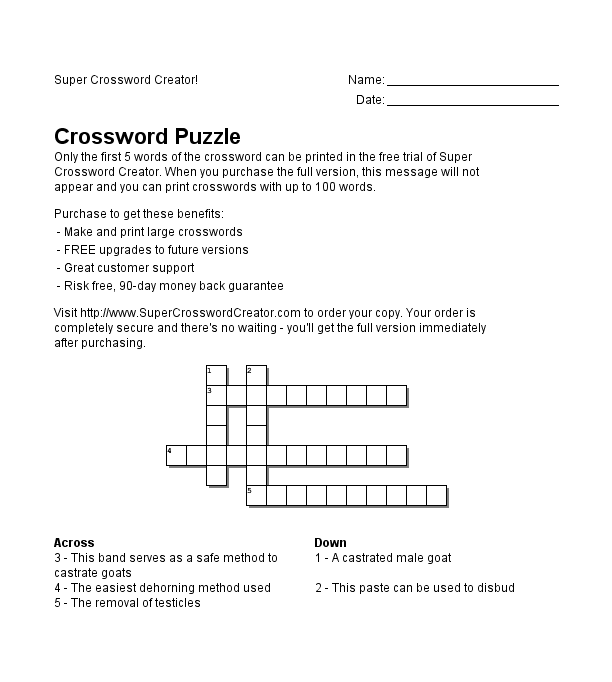
\_\_\_\_ Loose Housing B. Environmentally controlled building, keeping temperatures

above freezing, regardless of outside temperatures.

\_\_\_\_ Stall Housing C. Where animals are confined to their box or tie stalls.

\_\_\_\_ Cold Housing D. Normally used for dairy goats including freestalls.

1. Complete the following:



**Across** **Down**

3. This band serves as a safe 1. A castrated male goat

method to castrate goats

4. The easiest dehorning method used 2. This paste can be used

5. The removal of testicles to disbud.

1. If a goat is sick with an infectious disease, what should be done in terms of pen and housing? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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1. Match the Disease with the Time to Vaccinate for each:

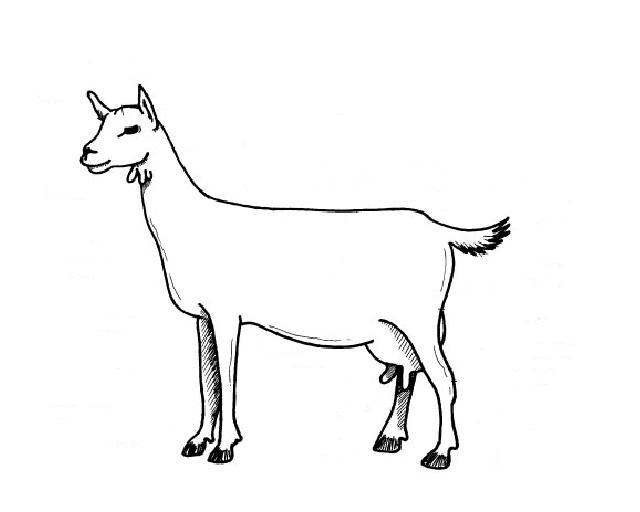
\_\_\_\_ Contagious Ecythma Booster A. 30 days prior to breeding

\_\_\_\_ Chlamydia B. Annual or 2 months before the show season

\_\_\_\_ Contagious Ecythma C. Kids 8-12 weeks of age if desired

\_\_\_\_ Caseous Lymphadenitis D. Kids 4-6 weeks of age

7 - 20. Label the following:



21. If a producer sells a 130 pound live weight meat wether for $2.00 per pound and it costs him $85.00 to raise the goat. What is his profit? (show your work)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
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1. Match the Following:

\_\_\_\_ Doe A. A female goat.

\_\_\_\_ Kid B. Small horn buttons attached to the skin.

\_\_\_\_ Kidding Ease C. The practice of conditioning does before breeding.

\_\_\_\_ Buck D. Removal of the testicles.

\_\_\_\_ Wether E. A young goat less than 6 months of age.

\_\_\_\_ Castration F. Treating the doe for internal parasites orally.

\_\_\_\_ Flushing G. An intact male goat.

\_\_\_\_ Drenching H. A castrated male kid.

\_\_\_\_ Scurs I. Lack of difficulty in giving birth.