

Indiana Renewable Energy Community Planning Survey and Ordinance Inventory Summary

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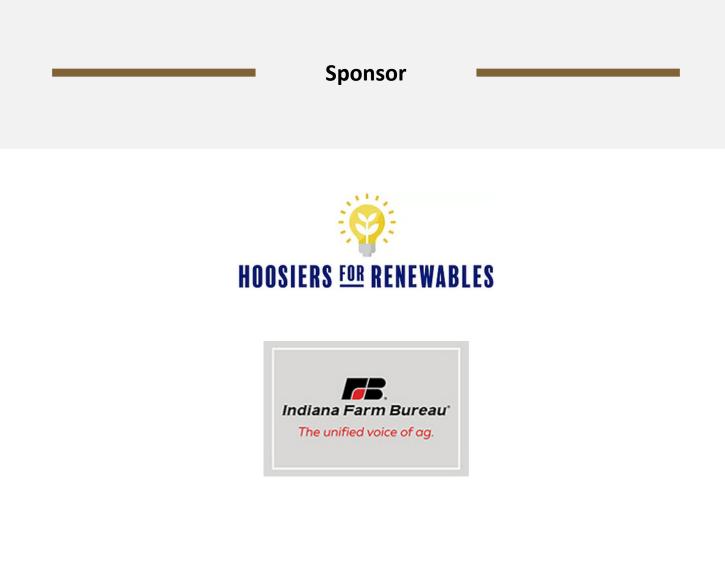
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Extension

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Background

In 2021, Purdue Extension conducted a comprehensive overview study of land use regulations for wind and solar energy. Purdue Extension's Land Use Team plays a critical role across Indiana through the work of Agriculture & Natural Resources Educators serving on Advisory and Area Plan Commissions either as voting or advisory members. Team members also serve as Community Development Educators, faculty, and specialists working on land use issues. The Land Use Team's primary purpose is to develop and deliver educational resources to assist Plan Commissions and other related institutions and organizations in making informed land use planning decisions.

The Purdue Land Use Team identified a statewide need for research-based technical assistance information focusing on local renewable energy and land use decision making, specifically for ordinance development. Multiple feedback mechanisms informed the needs assessment and ordinance inventory study design. These included feedback survey results from the 2019 and 2021 Indiana Land Use Summits, listening sessions with Indiana Land Resource Council members and stakeholders, Purdue Extension Land Use Team advisory board members, and feedback collected during Purdue Extension land use planning program efforts.

This report provides a summary and snapshot of state-wide renewable energy ordinances and the accompanying inventory study. It is divided into the following sections:

- Introduction and overview of renewable energy planning and zoning in Indiana
- Study methods
- Summary of community perceptions
- Inventory of zoning ordinances
- Appendices
 - o Survey instrument
 - o How to read the snapshots
 - o County snapshots

The report summaries and county snapshots can be used as a reference for plan directors and plan commission members to compare other renewable energy zoning ordinances and zoning tools used in counties across Indiana. Plan commissions can draft ordinances that effectively address concerns and development goals of the community based on dialogue between counties and with local stakeholders.

Furthermore, this report should be used for educational purposes only and should be adapted to each community's local context, as appropriate. The information is not intended to provide specific recommendations for policies or decisions. Additionally, communities continually update ordinances based on new technology and local needs.



Introduction and Overview

Indiana communities are faced with complex decisions related to land use planning, particularly for renewable energy. This complexity and the unique characteristics of each community result in a patchwork of land use policies across the state. Additionally, many local communities are experiencing an increased interest in solar due to federal, state, and utility incentives (SUFG, 2021). Based on local decisions, some Indiana communities embrace wind and solar renewable energy as a part of their land use policies, while others restrict their development. This is a theme occurring across the United States as renewable energy production increases (Ahani & Dadashpoor, 2021; Milbrandt et al., 2014; Sward et al., 2021). This increased interest in renewable energy, especially the siting of wind turbines and solar fields across the state, has highlighted a gap in research-based land use planning and technical assistance information for Indiana plan commissions and local government staff.

According to the U.S. Energy Information Administration, Indiana ranks 12th in the United States in total energy use per capita due, in part, to weather extremes. The state consumes approximately three times the amount of energy it generates, with the industrial sector accounting for one-half of energy consumption, transportation and residential using one-fifth of the state's energy, and commercial users comprising the rest of energy consumption (US EIA, 2021a). In Indiana, renewable energy generation has increased with utility-scale projects connecting to the main transmission grid. Indiana began the process for wind development in 2005 with the first 1,036 MW of wind capacity installed by the end of 2009 (Tegen et al., 2014). In 2020, wind contributed 7% of the state's electricity net generation with 2,940 megawatts (MW) of wind capacity state-wide (US EIA, 2021a). Currently, there is a similar amount of wind development proposed in the interconnection queue (3,631 MW) as was installed at the end of 2020 (2,940MW) (US EIA, 2021b; MISO, 2022; PJM, 2022). Solar currently contributes approximately 2% of the state's electricity net generation, mostly from utility-scale facilities found throughout Indiana (US EIA, 2021; SUFG, 2021). There is approximately 146 times more solar development proposed in the interconnection queue (40,979 MW) as was installed at the end of 2020 (279

MW) (US EIA, 2021b; MISO, 2022; PJM, 2022). While not all proposed renewable energy development within the queue will be built, it indicates increasing interest in renewable energy development in Indiana. Inventories of state-wide solar and wind projects can be found through the State Utility Forecasting Group's 2021 Indiana Renewable Energy Resources Study: https://www.purdue.edu/discoverypark/sufg/docs/ publications/2021%20Indiana%20Renewable%20 Additionally, Resources%20Report.pdf. Hoosiers for Renewables maintains a map of operational and proposed solar and wind projects throughout Indiana: www.hoosiersforrenewables.com/indianarenewable-energy-map.

There are three types of electric utilities in Indiana, investor-owned utilities, municipal utilities, and rural electric membership cooperatives (REMCs). Investorowned utilities serve the majority of the state and are divided into five service territories. Investorowned utilities generate power, transmit electricity, and distribute to customers. There are 72 municipal utilities across the state, with several of these represented by the Indiana Municipal Power Agency (IMPA). IMPA is a wholesale power provider which sells electricity to its members. IMPA communities can also develop their own renewable energy projects directly distributed to customers. REMCs include two primary generation cooperative organizations in the state. The cooperatives generate and transmit electricity from facilities across Indiana and deliver it to customers in their service areas. (OED, 2022).

State-Level Renewable Energy Policy

The Indiana Office of Energy Development plans and coordinates state energy policies and administers grant programs funded by the U.S. Department of Energy (OED, 2022). Additionally, the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission (Commission) oversees utilities that operate in Indiana for electric, natural gas, steam, water, and wastewater (IURC, 2022). The Commission approved the voluntary clean energy portfolio standard program, which outlines that utility companies choosing to participate need to acquire 10% of electricity from clean energy sources by 2025. Utilities also need to provide net metering for customers generating renewable energy of less than

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1 MW of capacity (US EIA, 2021; IOUCC, 2022; IURC, 2022). For example, the average capacity for a wind turbine built in 2020 was 2.7 MW, and 1 MW of solar panels covers approximately 4-7 acres (EERE, 2021). Additionally, renewable energy projects require a Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) to contract supply with a utility company when generating more than 1 MW of capacity and more than the annual average electricity consumption (Martin, 2021).

Zoning Provisions for Local Renewable Energy Planning and Development

While state agencies guide policies and utility regulations, oversight of renewable energy development and land use planning processes currently occurs locally. Eighty-two of Indiana's 92 counties (89.1%) have adopted both planning and zoning. These zoning ordinances govern land use in the unincorporated areas of these counties and in some municipalities where area planning has been adopted by the county and one or more cities or towns within the county. Counties can create standards and processes through the zoning ordinance to regulate their jurisdiction's land use and development.

Counties create zoning districts and specify the permitted uses within that district. Uses can be classified as permitted by right, permitted by special exception (sometimes referred to as special uses or conditional uses), or not permitted. Permitted uses can apply for improvement location permits through the planning office and must follow all district and use standards. However, they do not require approval from the plan commission or board of zoning appeals (BZA).

The BZA must approve a use permitted by special exception (IC 36-7-4-918.2). This requires a public hearing and allows the county to review the details and particular application and parcel to ensure the development will be compatible with their comprehensive plan and zoning ordinance. Criteria for approving special exceptions are set in the zoning ordinance, which can be general or specific for a particular use. Special exceptions must also adhere to any zoning district or use standards.

If a use is not permitted in a district, the petitioner may apply for an amendment to the zoning map, commonly referred to as rezoning. Rezoning requires a public hearing before the plan commission, which gives either a favorable, unfavorable, or no recommendation to the legislative body. The legislative body then votes to approve or deny the rezone (IC 36-7-4-607). In a jurisdiction under advisory planning law, an applicant seeking to develop a use that is not permitted in their zoning district could also pursue a use variance from the board of zoning appeals.

Overlay districts are another zoning tool used to regulate commercial renewable energy development. Overlay districts are layered on top of the existing zoning district. The current or underlying zoning districts standards apply to all development. In addition, the overlay district standards apply to uses that are permitted in the overlay district but not the underlying district. An overlay district for renewable energy can be applied proactively to guide renewable energy development to preferred areas (Beyea, 2021). If the community establishes an overlay without proactively applying it to the zoning map, an applicant may have to go through the rezoning process to put the overlay district in place before applying for a permit for a commercial renewable energy system.

Development is primarily regulated through developmental standards in the zoning ordinance. Each zoning district will have developmental standards that apply to all uses within that district. In addition, zoning ordinances can also create standards specific to certain uses or use standards. Commonly these define a buffer or separation between the use and another conflicting land use, additional setbacks, height restrictions, and various other standards to regulate the look and impact of the use on the surrounding property. If an applicant cannot meet one or more of the standards, they can seek a variance from developmental standards from the board of zoning appeals.

The zoning ordinance may also require different plans submitted or studies conducted to permit commercial renewable energy. This includes but is not limited to economic development agreements, maintenance plans, and transportation plans. These plans can be an additional part of the process or something already required by other agencies that the planning office wants to see to determine if other regulations are being followed. A site plan or scaled drawing of the development is generally required for any improvement location permit so that planning staff can ensure standards will be met. Some zoning ordinances may require a specific use to go through a development plan review. This process will be delineated in the zoning ordinance and may be done by staff, a committee, or the plan commission.

Solar Energy Development

The following 36-month example timeline outlines the solar siting and development process (Hoosiers for Renewables, personal communication, December 2021). The general outline below is a snapshot of milestones and overarching timelines. Delays and updates can occur within each step, which could extend the timeline. For example, although the project is still underway, a step could be stalled with no visible progress pausing the timeline. Several risks and unknowns can extend the timeline, such as completing and receiving reports back from utility companies, availability and transportation costs of materials, labor costs, and market demands. Additionally, solar developers have to post letters of credit at key milestones. A timeline may need to be restarted if there are too many changing aspects related to the development.

MONTHS 1 - 11	 Determine potential sites with transmission access & capacity Sign contracts with landowner(s) File for interconnection Preliminary due diligence and site inspections
MONTHS 12 - 23	 Receive interconnection feasibility report Finalize land control Begin full site analysis Begin county, state, and federal permitting process Begin negotiations with investors
MONTHS 24 - 30	 Receive interconnection system impact report Finalize project timeline Complete permitting process Finalize negotiations with investors
MONTHS 31 -36	 Execute interconnection agreement Choose contractors for site construction
FINAL STEPS	 Construction generally runs 12 – 24 months Project comes online

The community development process for solar energy projects also includes communication between the renewable energy development company and county government planning and zoning, outreach with landowners, local businesses, and community members.

Wind Energy Development

Wind energy development is also a long-term process. There are several phases that local government officials and community members should anticipate as part the wind energy development process (Constanti & Beltron, 2006; Martin, 2021). The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service example, "Lifecycle of a Wind Energy Facility," from Martin (2015) describes the following timeline of wind energy from prospecting through decommissioning. The timelines from prospecting through operation can be extended or stopped due to several factors, including permitting, zoning, and market factors, among others.

YEAR 0 - 1 PROSPECTING	 Identify site Collect wind data Identify project boundary Coordinate land lease agreements with landowners Conduct environmental and feasibility assessments Identify routes for transmission lines Create design map of turbine locations
YEAR 1 - 3 DEVELOPMENT	 Conduct evaluation of project design and plan with interdisciplinary team Finalize permitting and approvals at federal, state, local levels Receive Conditional Use Permit or Land Use Permit (LUP) from local government for project
YEAR 3 - 4 CONSTRUCTION/ COMMISSIONING	 Grading plan and earthwork Construction of electric cables from turbines to substation Road construction Construct turbine pads Transmission line construction Permanent met-towers constructed Assemble turbine towers and generators Substation construction
YEAR 5 - 20/30 OPERATION	 Wind energy project monitored and managed daily
YEAR 20/30 DECOMMISSIONING	 Decommission wind farm Sell parts for scrap Option to repower with new technology

Methods

This project focused on the following question to understand local planning policies for renewable energy.

What types of land use policies and strategies have Indiana communities adopted to plan for renewable energy?

Electronic surveys were sent to 161 contacts of Indiana county and municipal planning departments and plan commissions in the summer of 2021. The survey was open for six weeks from May-June 2021 and sent through multiple modes, including direct emails and listservs such as the American Planning Association, Indiana chapter. There were 84 survey responses with a 52% response rate.

The survey was used to identify provisions in zoning ordinances specific to climate change and renewable energy, factors considered when adopting or rejecting policies, and the level of public participation and conflict. Respondents were also asked to link or upload content from wind and solar ordinances and zoning maps for the inventory. Ordinances were collected through the survey and direct county contacts from summer 2021 through winter 2022 and coded to identify common attributes of climate change and renewable energy land use policies to compare different local policies and summarize to create county snapshots. The study focused on commercial solar and wind development and looked at zoning ordinances for unincorporated areas that regulate these as unique uses.

This study draws from the methodology used by Ebner (2015) to inventory land use regulations of confined feeding operations. Ordinance provisions for commercial solar and wind were divided into four categories:

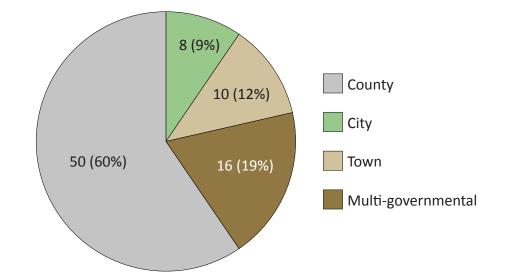
- districts and approval process;
- buffers and setbacks;
- other use standards; and
- plans and studies required.

This study uses similar categories to Ebner (2015) to categorize the different review and approval methods for CWECSs and CSESs: permitted use, permitted use with additional use standards, special exception, rezoning required, and rezoning required and special exception. This study adds a category: overlay district. Several counties use overlay districts to regulate commercial renewable energy systems. In these counties, parcels would need to be rezoned to include the overlay district; standards for the overlay district and underlying zoning district would apply to the development. Counties can have different permit processes for use depending on the district. For this study, counties are categorized based on the process required of CSESs and CWECSs for land currently zoned agricultural. The categories specify the process required, not the difficulty level in siting a commercial renewable energy system.

Standards that are easily quantified, like buffers and setbacks, are classified and compared. However, for more descriptive use standards and plans and studies required, this study uses a binary approach of whether such provisions are included in the ordinance or not.

Summary of Community Perceptions

Community perception questions of renewable energy included topics related to types of conflict and conflict resolution, factors influencing policy changes, and resources needed to make informed decisions about renewable energy planning. Out of the 84 responses for community planning affiliations, 50 represented county government, 16 multigovernmental units, 10 towns, and eight cities (Figure 1). Respondents additionally represented 49 advisory plan commissions, 33 area plan commissions, and two metro plan commissions. Figure 1: Type of government unit affiliation for community planning



Community planning representatives responded (n=41) with the extent that renewable energy regulation activities for solar ordinances, wind ordinances, solar development, and wind development resulted in conflicts over the last five years (Figure 2). No conflicts were identified with 23 community solar ordinances, 16 wind ordinances, 20 solar development projects, and 18 wind development projects. Fifteen communities experienced solar ordinance efforts resulting in conflict, while the process of developing wind ordinances also resulted in conflict in 18 communities. Solar and wind development efforts initiated conflicts in 15 communities each. Communities that experienced some level of conflict (very little, somewhat, to a great extent) were asked to respond to how conflict was resolved (or not) through policy changes (n=12) or facilitated discussions (n=11) (Figures 3 and 4). Community conflicts resulted in changing policies with eight solar ordinances, 11 wind ordinances, four solar development projects, and seven wind development projects. Facilitated forums or community discussions were used in six communities for solar ordinance development, seven with wind ordinances, two with solar development, and five with wind development projects. For communities that did not have a final agreement or policy change for renewable energy regulations, work is in progress or stalled. For example, a county wind ordinance effort resulted in a moratorium on wind development projects. In another county example, wind development projects are stalled due to the plan commission and wind company not reaching an agreement for road use or economic development.

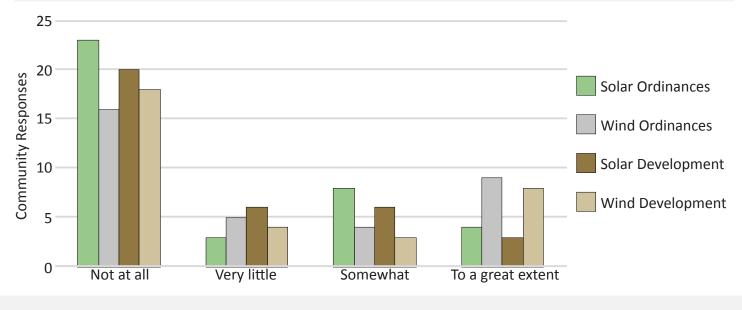


Figure 2: Renewable energy regulation activities resulting in community conflicts within the last five years

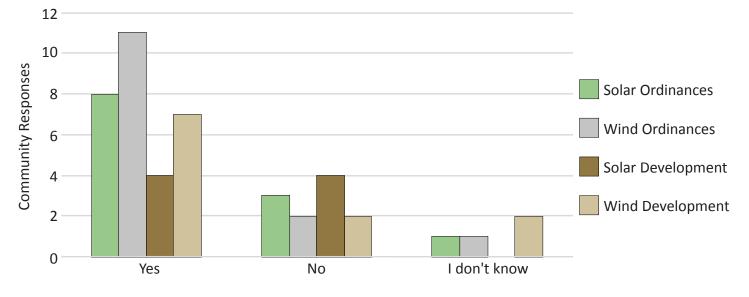
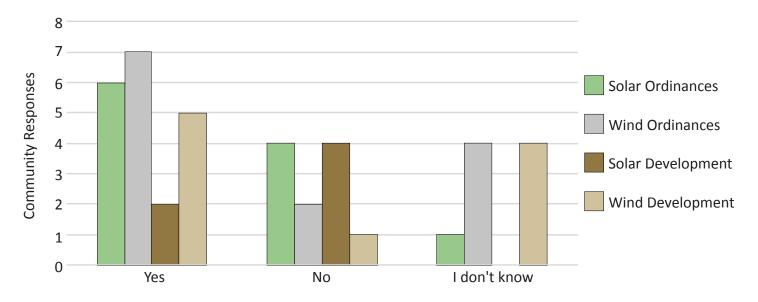
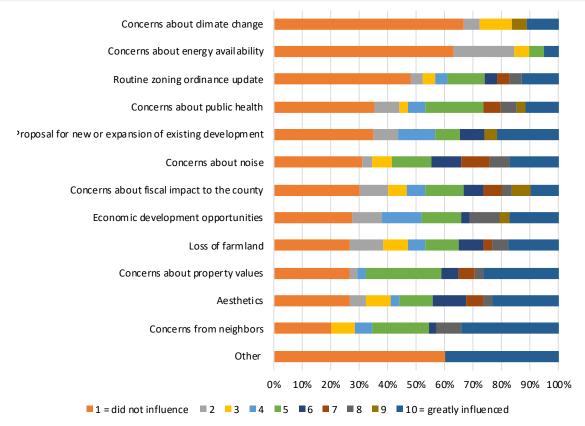


Figure 3: Community conflict leading to renewable energy policy changes in community

Figure 4: Facilitated forums or discussions used for renewable energy policy agreements



Respondents (n=49) rated factors that influenced changes to renewable energy regulations/ordinances over the last five years from 1 = did not influence at all to 10 = greatly influenced (Figure 5). Several factors did not influence changes to regulations. Concerns from neighbors (n=34) was the most frequently selected, with 34.29% indicating the factor greatly influenced changes. Concerns about climate change (n=18) and concerns about energy availability (n=19) were selected with over 60% indicating this factor did not influence changes in regulations or ordinances. Other responses not listed included adding solar to a joint zoning ordinance, receiving a sol smart award to modernize solar ordinances, and including larger setbacks from non-participating landowners.



The types of information community planning representatives need to help make decisions when developing or amending renewable energy regulations/ordinances (n=47) was split in frequency between the two ends of a scale from not needed to greatly needed (Figure 6). The impact on property values had a higher frequency (n=46; 26.09%) selected as a need for more information over all other information types. Conflict management received the lowest selection for need (n=43; 23.26%).

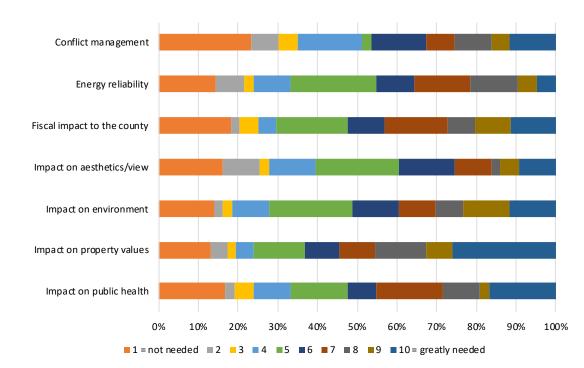
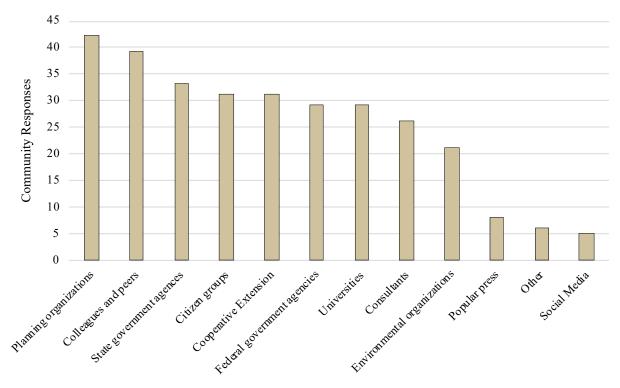


Figure 6: Types of information needed to make renewable energy regulation/ordinance decisions

Information used to support decision-making for local renewable energy regulation and planning is found from multiple sources by local planning staff (n=54). Planning organizations (n=43), colleagues and peers (n=39), state government agencies (n=33), citizen groups (n=31), and cooperative extension (n=31) were frequently selected options. Other sources (n=5) listed examples of peer communities and renewable energy industry companies with popular press (n=8) and social media (n=5) selected among the least (Figure 7).



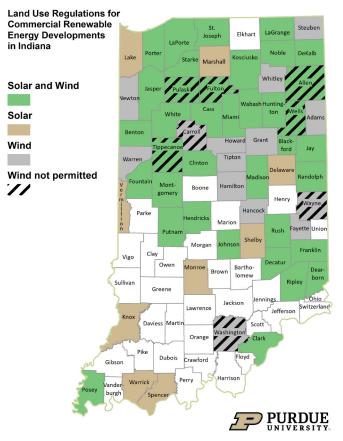


Overview of Zoning Provisions Used to Regulate CWECSs and CSESs in Indiana

Of the 82 counties with planning and zoning, this study identified 46 (56.1%) county zoning ordinances with standards specific to commercial solar energy systems and 51 (62.2%) with standards specific to commercial wind energy conversion systems. Eight of these counties currently do not permit commercial wind in any zoning districts. The ordinances vary in the tools they use to regulate renewable energy and even in how they define commercial solar and commercial wind as uses. The findings organize and compare commercial solar and wind regulations within the following four categories:

- districts and approval process;
- buffers and setbacks;
- other use standards; and
- plans and studies required.





Use Definitions for CWECSs

Use Definitions and Zoning District

This study looks specifically at ordinances regulating commercial wind and solar operations. Each jurisdiction can set its own definition for these uses. Some counties differentiate commercial solar energy systems (CSESs) and commercial wind energy conversion systems (CWECs) from small-scale or personal renewable energy systems.

Use Definitions for CSESs

Twenty-seven of the 46 counties (58.7%) that regulate CSESs define them by how the power produced is used. Common phrases include: "primarily for off-site utility grid use," "delivers electricity to a utility's transmission lines," and "primary purpose of wholesale or retail sale of generated electricity." Thirteen counties (28.3%) define CSESs from small-scale systems by their size, such as lot size, square footage of panels, or electricity generated. Two counties regulate all SESs similarly, and one county regulates all ground-mounted SESs as commercial solar. Two counties have standards for CSESs but do not have a specific definition for this use in their ordinance.

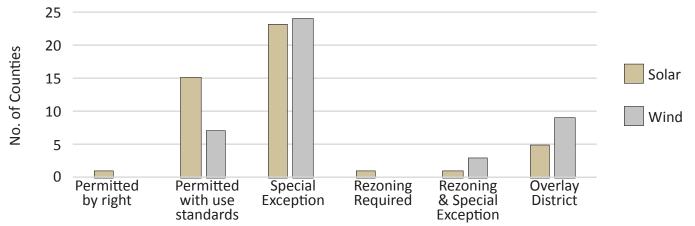
Commercial wind definitions look similar to their CSES counterparts. Just under half (n=25; 49.0%) of the counties regulating CWECS define them by how the power produced is used. These phrases are similar to those seen in CSES definitions, including: "primarily for off-site utility grid use," "delivers electricity to utility's transmission lines," and "generates electricity to be sold in retail or wholesale markets." One county regulates all wind energy conversion systems similarly. Six counties regulate CWECSs but don't define them. The other 19 counties (37.3%) use a size criterion to define commercial systems from others. Common size measures include kilowatts produced, height, and number of towers.

Zoning Districts and Approval Methods

Sixteen counties permit CSESs by right in an agricultural district (Figure 8). Of these counties, Clark County is the only county that does not require additional use standards. Twenty-three counties permit CSESs by special exception in an agricultural district. Seven counties would require rezoning to permit a CSES. Five of these counties use overlay districts, and one would need a special exception after rezoning. While an overlay district would not require rezoning if the community applied it proactively, the study did not find this was the case in counties with wind or solar overlay districts.

Seven counties permit CWECs by right in an agricultural district with additional use standards. In 24 counties, CWECs are permitted by special exception. Rezoning would be required in 12 counties. Nine of these counties use an overlay district. The other three would require both rezoning of agricultural land and special exception. Eight of the counties do not permit commercial wind projects in any district. One of these counties, Carroll County, does not specify any districts in which commercial or non-commercial wind is permitted or not permitted, but has adopted use standards for both of these uses. This may have been an oversight in the amendment.

Figure 9: Approval methods for CSESs and CWECSs ^a in general ag districts.



^a Eight counties do not permit wind in any district. These counties are not included in the figure.

Buffers & Setbacks

Buffers and setbacks are common tools in zoning ordinances for developments. Allowing for space between conflicting land uses (or a structure) and a property line can reduce conflict between uses. This study defines a buffer as the required distance between a use and a differing use, zoning district, or municipality. A setback is a required space between a structure and a property line or right of way. While setbacks are common provisions in zoning district standards that apply to all structures built in the district, this section explores setbacks and buffers specific to commercial wind and commercial solar energy systems.

Figure 9 shows the number of counties with buffer requirements for CSESs and CWECs from various uses.

Thirty-two of the 46 counties (69.6%) with commercial solar standards require a buffer between a CSES and at least one other use. Thirty-four of the 44 ordinances (77.3%) containing standards for CWECSs require a buffer from at least one other use. The seven counties that do not permit commercial wind in any district are excluded from the analysis of developmental standards. Carroll County is included in this analysis because they do have use standards for CWECs. Commonly buffered uses for wind and solar include residences, schools, and churches. Buffers from municipalities and conservation land is also common for commercial wind developments. Additional setbacks were found in 33 of the 46 counties (71.7%) for commercial solar and 37 of the 44 counties (84.1%) for commercial wind.

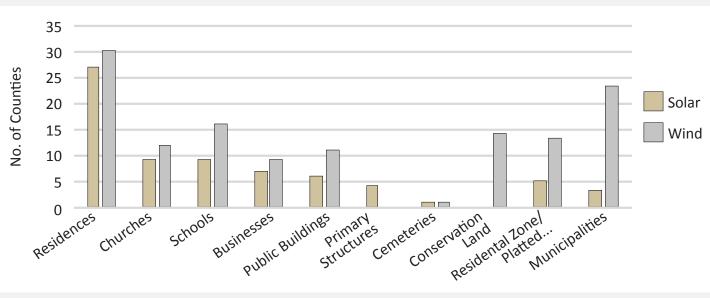
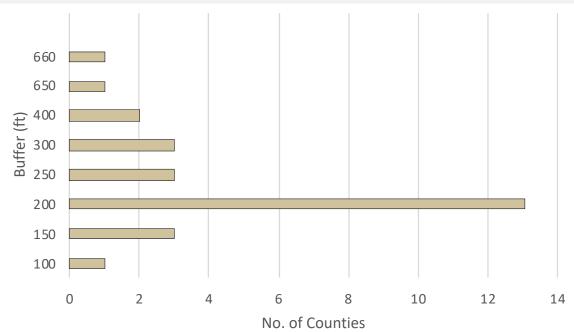


Figure 10: Number of counties with buffer requirements for commercial solar (n=32) and wind developments (n=34) from various uses

Buffered Uses from Commercial Solar

Twenty-eight of the 46 counties (60.9%) that regulate commercial solar through their zoning ordinance have a buffer for residences. Required buffers from residences range from 140-660 feet, with a median of 200 (Figure 10). Wabash County bases its buffer on the size of the CSES site (with a range of 450 ft for sites less than 5 acres to 1,320 ft for sites between 90.1-100 acres). In some ordinances, this buffer applies only to non-participating residences or can be waived by participating residences. Dekalb County has a buffer of 400 ft from residences but allows for a shorter distance if a landscaping buffer is installed. A few counties specify where the inverter should be located within the solar energy array. Five counties specify buffers from residential zones. In two of these counties (Johnson and Montgomery), this buffer is equal to the county's required buffer between a CSES and residences. It would extend the residential buffer to property that is zoned or intended for residential use but does not currently have a residence on it. Two other counties (Fountain and White) do not have specified buffers for residences, so residences in residential zones would be buffered, but residences outside of residential zones would not. Randolph County requires a larger buffer for residential zones than for individual residences. Finally, two counties specify a buffer for platted subdivisions: Kosciusko County at 5,280 ft and Randolph at 500 ft.





^a One additional ordinance specifies a range for the buffer requirement based on CSES size. It is not included in this figure. ^b Median: 200 ft; mean: 257 ft.

Three counties require a buffer between a CSES and municipalities. Kosciusko and Posey Counties require a buffer of 5,280 ft from municipalities, while Wabash County requires a buffer of 1,320 ft. Churches and schools are buffered in 10 counties (Table 1). Businesses and public buildings are buffered in seven and six counties, respectively. Four counties specify buffer requirements for all primary structures. Wabash County buffers from businesses, public, and recreational uses with the same range as residences. Additionally, one county requires a buffer of 250 ft from cemeteries, another requires a buffer of 500 ft from airports, and one county requires a buffer from campgrounds.

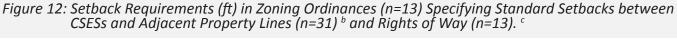
 Table 1: Range of Buffer Requirements in Ordinances Requiring Buffers between CSESs and Churches, Schools, Businesses, Public Buildings, and Primary Structures.

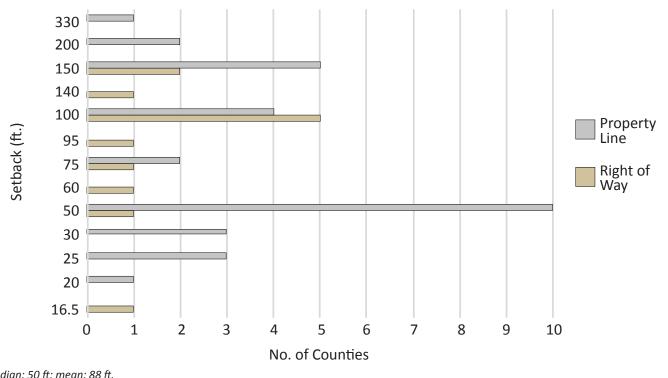
Description	Number of Ordinances	Range (ft)	Median (ft)	Mean (ft)
Churches ^a	9	100-660	200	246
Schools ^a	9	100-660	200	246
Businesses ^a	7	60-660	200	253
Public Buildings ^a	6	100-660	200	268
All Primary Structures	4	200-660	250	340

^{*a*} One additional ordinance specifies a range for the buffer requirement based on CSES size. It is not included in this figure.

Commercial Solar Energy Systems Setbacks

Thirty-three counties with commercial solar regulations (71.7%) require setbacks (Figure 11). Setbacks from property lines (n=31) range from 20 - 330 ft (median: 50 ft; mean: 88 ft). Setbacks from the rights of way (n=13) range from 16.5 to 150 ft (median: 100 ft; mean: 95 ft). Two counties specify a setback from just the right of way, and 20 counties specify a setback from just the property line. Thirteen counties require specific setbacks for CSESs from rights of way and property lines. Seven of the 13 counties have a higher setback from rights of way, and four of the 13 counties have a higher setback from the property line.





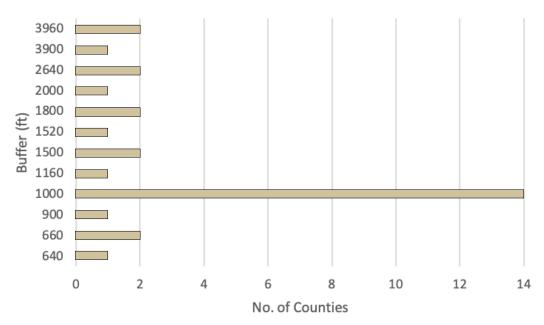
^b Median: 50 ft; mean: 88 ft.

^c Median: 100 ft; mean 95 ft.

Buffered Uses from Commercial Wind

Residences are a buffered use from commercial wind in 30 of the 44 counties (68.2%) with commercial wind standards. Nine of the 30 counties base the size of the buffer on a factor of the wind tower height (e.g., the buffer is 1.1 times the tower height). Six of these ordinances also include a minimum buffer. A wind tower height of 600 ft was used to compare residential buffers for the study. According to the USGS, the largest wind towers in Indiana are 591 ft tall (Hoen, 2022). Figure 12 shows the range of required buffers between residential dwellings and wind towers 600 ft tall.

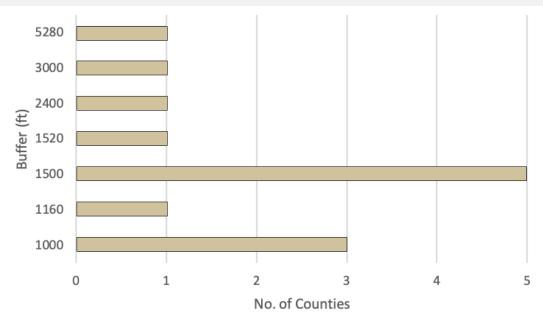
Figure 13: Range of Buffer Requirements (ft) in Zoning Ordinances (n=30) between WECS (600 ft tall) and Residential Uses ^a



^{*a*} Buffers are calculated for towers 600 ft tall.

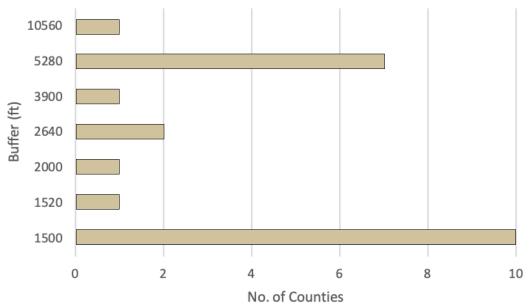
Thirteen counties include a buffer from either a residential zoning district or platted subdivision ranging from 1,000 to 5,280 feet (Figure 13). In some cases, the buffer from a residential zoning district or platted subdivision is the same as the county's buffer from residences. This likely provides a buffer for planned residential areas that have not been developed yet. In other counties, the buffer for residential zones or platted subdivisions is greater than for residences. Two counties require a buffer from residential zones and platted subdivisions but not all residences. In both situations, the county may consider residential zones and platted subdivisions a higher intensity residential use that would benefit from a larger buffer from commercial wind energy conversion systems. This also might be why 23 of the 44 counties (52.3%) that regulate commercial wind require a buffer from municipalities. These buffers range from 1,500 ft to two miles (Figure 14).

Figure 14: Range of Buffer Requirements (ft) in Zoning Ordinances (n=13) between WECS (600 ft tall) and Residential Zones or Platted Subdivisions ^a



^{*a*} Buffers are calculated for towers 600 ft tall.

Figure 15: Range of Buffer Requirements (ft) in Zoning Ordinances (n=23) between WECS (600 ft tall) and Municipalities ^b



^b Buffers are calculated for towers 600 ft tall.

Zoning regulations for commercial wind development also frequently contain buffers for schools (n=16, 36.4%), conservation land (n=14, 31.8%), and churches (n=12, 27.3%). Several of these are based on wind tower height, like buffers from residences. For this study, a height of 600 feet was used to compare buffer requirements across different uses and counties. Buffer requirements from schools have the largest range, from 660 feet to two miles, with a median of 1,630 feet (Table 2). The definition of conservation lands varies by county. Some counties require a buffer only from federally-owned conservation land, while others define the term more broadly. Buffers from conservation land range from 510-2,640 feet, with a median of 1,125 feet. Additionally, some counties include buffers from specific wildlife areas or rivers in their community. Buffer requirements from churches range from 1,000 to 3,960 feet, with a median of 1,500 feet. Other less frequently buffered uses include public buildings (n=11), businesses (n=9), and cemeteries (n=1).

Table 2: Range of Buffer Requirements in Ordinances Requiring Buffers between WECS and Churches,
Schools, Businesses, Public Buildings, and Conservation Land a

Description	Number of Ordinances	Range (ft)	Median (ft)	Mean (ft)
Churches	12	1,000-3,960	1,500	2,025
Schools	16	660-10,560	1,630	2,794
Businesses	9	660-3,960	1,160	1,631
Public Buildings	11	1,000-3,960	1,500	1,858
Conservation Land	14	510-2,640	1,125	1,254

^{*a*} Buffers are calculated for towers 600 ft tall.

Commercial Wind Energy Conversion System Setbacks

Like use buffers, setbacks for CWECSs are frequently calculated based on a factor multiplied by the tower height. Most counties calculate tower height as the blade's tip at its highest point. This would be higher than the hub height, which is often used by industry professionals in describing a wind turbine. Figure 15 shows the various types of setbacks counties employ. Additionally, one county requires the BZA to set the setback of a WECs tower from a property line within a given range (2,640-3,200 ft). Figure 16 shows the distribution setbacks that would be required from property lines for 600 ft wind towers (range: 205 to 3,960 ft; median: 660 ft; mean: 1,067 ft).

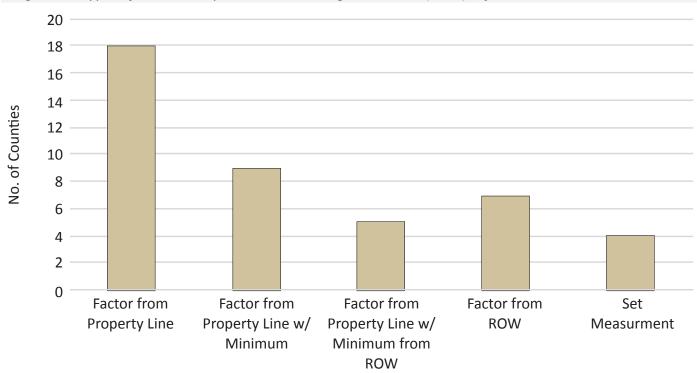
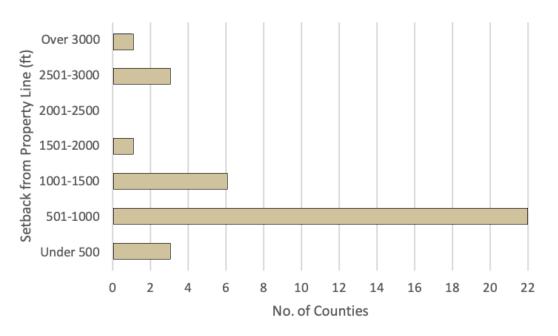


Figure 16: Types of Setback Requirements in Zoning Ordinances (n=38) ^{b,c} for WECs

^b One county requires that the BZA set the setback from property lines within a given range. This county is not included in this figure.

^c One county requires a setback from interstate ROW in addition to their property line setback. The property line setback is included in this figure, but the interstate ROW setback is not.

Figure 17: Range of Setback Requirements (ft) in Zoning Ordinances (n=37) ^a between WECS (600 ft tall) and Residential Uses ^b



^a One county requires the BZA to set the setback of a WECs tower from a property line within a given range. This county is not included in this figure. ^b Range: 205-3,960 ft; median: 660 ft; mean: 1,067 ft

Noise Limits

Several counties regulate noise levels for both commercial solar and wind. Counties measure sound levels in a variety of ways. Some counties set a limit based on decibels (dB), while others use A-weighted decibels (dBA), a measure of loudness perceived by human ears. Counties also differ on where the sound level is measured, such as at the property line or a nearby structure. Because of these variables, it is more challenging to compare noise restrictions across the counties.

Noise Limits for Commercial Solar

While solar panels don't create noticeable noise, the equipment necessary for converting solar energy to electricity, such as invertors, does. Twenty-one of the 46 counties (45.6%) that regulate CSESs have a noise limit. In 19 of the counties, this is a finite limit (dB or dBA). This limit ranges from 32 to 60 dBA for the counties that use the A-weighted measurements (mean: 50.2 dBA; median: 50 dBA). Randolph County uses a range depending on the adjacent property use, and Posey

County sets a limit of 45 dBA or 5 dBA above the ambient baseline.

Noise Limits for Commercial Wind

Noise is regulated in 84.1% of the counties (n=37) with CWECs standards. Like solar, the noise limits imposed for counties using A-weighted decibels range from 32-60 dBA (mean: 48.1 dBA; median 50 dBA). Twenty-two counties use a finite limit. Seven counties use a range of limits--five based on the hertz of the sound produced, and two based on adjacent uses. The remaining six counties limit how much the noise produced can exceed the ambient baseline.

Other Common Commercial Solar Standards

Thirty-three counties (71.7%) have a maximum height restriction for CSESs. Allen County regulates height as they would an accessory structure. White County uses a range. Height restrictions in the remaining counties range from 12-35 ft at maximum tilt (mean: 22.6 ft; median 20 ft). Less common than height restrictions, 11 counties require a minimum lot size. Five acres is the minimum lot size in nine of the counties. Warrick County has a minimum lot size of one acre for CSESs, and Blackford County requires 10 acres.

Ground cover standards for CSESs are found in 23 ordinances (50.0%). These range from specifying the use of perennial, noxious-weed-free seed mixes to requiring the use of native plants. Eleven of these counties require pollinator-friendly ground cover. Several ordinances also contain language in the zoning ordinance regulating signage and warnings (n=30, 65.2%), fencing (n=36, 78.%), landscaping (n=35, 76.1%), and glare (n=23, 50.0%) for CSESs.

Other Common Commercial Wind Standards

Thirty-eight counties (86.4%) regulate the commercial wind tower's blade clearance from the ground. Two counties specify a minimum blade clearance of 50 ft or one-third of the tower's height. The rest of the counties have minimum blade clearances ranging from 15 - 75 ft with a mean of 31 ft and median of 25 ft. Only ten counties regulate the height of commercial wind towers. Most often in ordinances, this is measured by the blade's tip in the vertical position. Maximum heights allowed range from 200-600 ft (mean: 430; median 450).

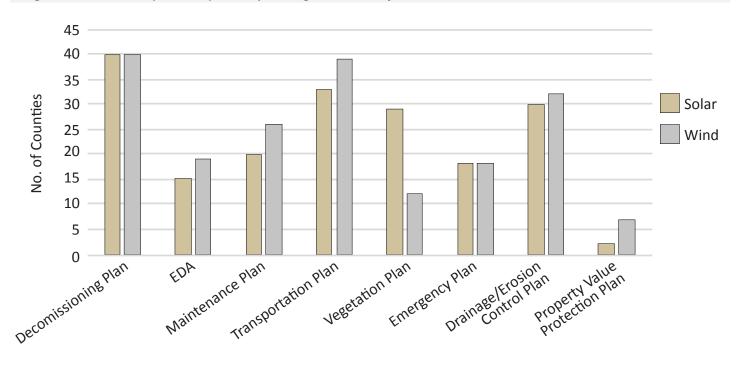
Twenty-three counties (52.3%) have standards for shadow flicker. Some of these are statements such as "no shadow flicker," while other counties include more descriptive language on what buildings or uses are to be protected from shadow and how long shadow flicker can occur per day or year. Many counties (n=40, 90.9%) regulate the color of wind towers. The language is similar across all counties, with non-reflective white or gray turbines. Some counties specify that blades can be black to help with deicing. Other common standards include braking systems (n=34, 77.3%), signage/warnings (n=36, 81.8%), fencing or climb prevention (n=35, 79.5%), interference (n=27, 61.4%) and lighting (n=23, 52.3%).

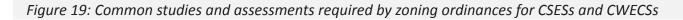
Plans and Studies

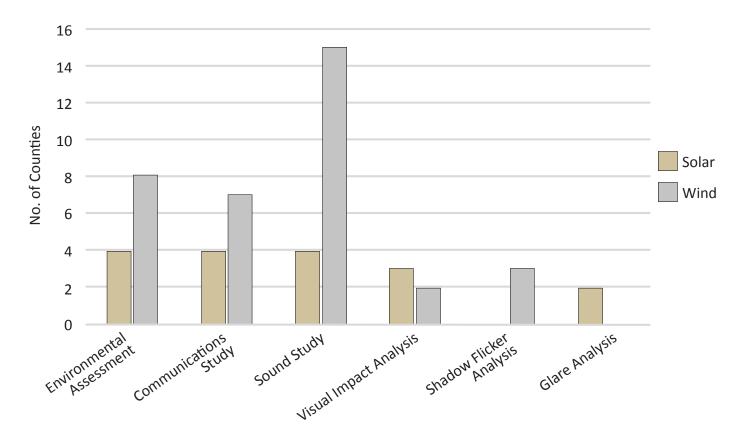
Requiring different plans and studies before approving a renewable energy project is another tool found in zoning ordinances. Some of these plans or studies may be required by other regulatory agencies or an industry standard, while others are specific to the county and project. Often, plans and studies may be needed for the county to ensure other use standards will be met.

Decommissioning plans are required in 40 counties for CSESs (87%) and CWECs (90.9%). Decommissioning plans provide specifications on how the renewable energy structure will be removed and the land restored at the end of its useful life. Counties may have various requirements for decommissioning and often require a surety bond or letter of credit from the renewable energy company to ensure decommissioning costs are covered. Economic Development Agreements (EDAs) are often required for both CSESs (n=15, 32.6%) and CWECs (n=19, 43.2%). EDAs are an agreement between the county and developer to various conditions such as the completion of the project, payments to the county, investments in infrastructure, and incentives. Transportation or road use agreement may be a part of the EDA or required separately. Thirty-three counties require this type of agreement for CSESs (71.7%), and 39 counties require it for CWECSs (88.6%). Figure 17 shows many other standard plans required, including drainage or erosion control plans, emergency plans, vegetation plans, and (less commonly) property value protection plans.

Communication studies to look at potential interference, sound studies, environmental assessments, and visual impact analyses are commonly required for commercial renewable energy projects (Figure 18). Glare analysis is required for CSESs in some counties, and shadow flicker analysis is sometimes required for CWECSs. Liability insurance, with the county named as an insured, is required in 18 counties for CSESs (39.1%) and 32 counties for CWECSs (72.7%). Certificates of design compliance are another common requirement for both CSESs (n=15, 32.6%) and CWECSs (n=29, 65.9%). Additionally, 22 counties (50.0%) require certification by an engineer for commercial wind towers.







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These definitions were adapted from a previous Purdue Extension report (Ebner, 2015).

Buffer: Separation distance between two uses or a use and zoning district or municipality. Used as a tool to reduce land use conflict between uses often considered incompatible.

Commercial Solar Energy System (CSES): A use defined within a local zoning ordinance that generally consists of all necessary devices to convert solar energy into electricity. Commercial SESs may be defined as producing energy delivered to a utility's transmission lines or for off-site use. Their size may also delineate commercial SESs in the zoning ordinance from small-scale or personal SESs.

Commercial Wind Energy Conversion System (CWECs): A use defined within a local zoning ordinance that generally consists of all necessary devices to convert wind energy into electricity. Commercial WECs may be defined as producing energy delivered to a utility's transmission lines or for off-site use. Their size may also delineate commercial WECs in the zoning ordinance from small-scale or personal WECs.

Decommissioning Plan: Decommissioning plans provide specifications on how the renewable energy structure will be removed and the land restored at the end of its useful life. Counties may have various requirements for decommissioning and often require a surety bond or letter of credit from the renewable energy company to ensure decommissioning costs are covered.

Development plan review: A process by which a plan commission, committee, or staff reviews an applicant's development plan to ensure the predetermined standards on the zoning ordinance have been met as allowed by IC 36-7-4-1401.5.

Economic Development Agreement (EDA): An agreement between the county and developer to various conditions such as the completion of the project, payments to the county, investments in infrastructure, and incentives.

Ordinance: A law, statute or regulation enacted by a local government unit. For this study, ordinance will refer to a jurisdiction's zoning ordinance.

Reciprocal buffer: A standard that requires that new uses, i.e. residences, follow the same buffer as required of a new renewable energy development to that buffered use.

Screening: Provides a visual barrier between a use and adjoining properties. Shelterbelts, fencing, or earthen mounds are some of the methods of use.

Setback: The distance from building/improvements from the property line or specified right of way.

Special Exception: Also sometimes referred to as conditional use or special use. Generally understood to be a use of property that is allowed under a zoning ordinance under special conditions – something that needs to be considered on a site-specific base- and must be approved by the board of zoning appeals.

Standards: Provisions of the zoning ordinance regulating the characteristics of development of a particular use or zoning district.

Site plan: A scaled drawing that shows the placement of buildings and infrastructure of a development.

Zoning: Land use regulations enacted by a local jurisidiction as a tool to implement their comprehensive plan. (Kumar, 2017)

Zoning District: Designated districts based on the predominant use of land (e.g. residential, commercial, industrial, and agricultural). Each district has a set of uses that are permitted by right or by special exception and a set of standards which determine he character of the district.

Renewable Energy and Climate Change Community Planning Survey

Purdue Extension, through the support of Hoosiers for Renewables, is conducting a comprehensive overview study on land use regulations for wind and solar energy and trends related to climate change planning. As a primary contact for the county plan commission or local planning department, please help us understand how Indiana communities make decisions about these complex issues and their associated impacts on local planning and policies.

You will be asked to link to or upload content from wind and solar ordinances and zoning maps. You may also need to reference Improvement Location Permits (ILPs) and Board of Zoning Appeals (BZA) records. It will be helpful to have access to these documents during the survey as applicable.

Your participation in this survey is voluntary. The survey should take approximately 15-20 minutes to complete per plan commission. We recommend responding to this survey on a computer rather than a mobile device. Please read each question and page carefully before advancing. The back button is not available throughout the survey.

For information regarding the survey, please contact Tamara Ogle or Kara Salazar. This survey research is referenced as IRB # 2021-685.

Type of Plan Comission	Type of Government	Name of communities plan commission serves
Select one:	Select one:	
Area	Town	
Advisory	City County	
Metro	Multi-Governmental	
Select one:	Select one:	
Area	Town	
Advisory	City County	
Metro	Multi-Governmental	
Select one:	Select one:	
Area	Town	
Advisory	City County	
Metro	Multi-Governmental	

1. Please list the name of the plan commission(s) you serve. Leave any rows you don't need blank.

Renewable Energy Ordinances

2. Does the county where you serve in a planning role have land use regulations for renewable energy, specifically wind or solar?

	Solar	Wind
Small Scale	Y/N	Y/N
Commercial	Y/N	Y/N

3. Are there currently any proposed/pending ordinances or other regulations for renewable energy operations?

	Solar	Wind
Small Scale	Y/N	Y/N
Commercial	Y/N	Y/N

4. When was the commercial solar or wind ordinance last updated?

Commercial Solar _____

Commercial Wind _____

5. Which of the following are included in the renewable energy ordinances?

	Solar	Wind
Buffers	Y/N	Y/N
Design standards	Y/N	Y/N
Fencing requirements	Y/N	Y/N
Height restrictions	Y/N	Y/N
Noise restrictions	Y/N	Y/N
Setbacks	Y/N	Y/N
Screening	Y/N	Y/N
Vegitation types	Y/N	Y/N

6. Do development agreements for renewable energy include the following:

	Solar	Wind
Decommission plan	Y/N	Y/N
Economic development agreement	Y/N	Y/N
Maintenance plan	Y/N	Y/N
Road use and ditch maintenance agreement	Y/N	Y/N
Vegetation plan	Y/N	Y/N
Other	Y/N	Y/N

7. Do you have a reciprocal buffer for other development from renewable energy operations?

Solar	Y/N
Wind	Y/N

8. In which zoning districts are commercial renewable energy systems considered a permitted use or special exception. Is there land currently zoned for this district?

District Name	Solar-Permitted Use or Special Exception	Wind-Permitted Use or Special Exception	Is there land available for development zoned for this district?

9. What findings of fact do you consider in the special exception (conditional use) process?

10. Have zoning districts in which commercial renewable energy systems are permited been restricted in the last five years?

Solar	Y/N
Wind	Y/N

- 10a. Please explain the restriction of zoning districts for permitting commercial wind energy conversion systems?_____
- 11. Please upload a copy of the ordinance, existing moratoriums, rules or any other related documentation pertaining to guidelines for renewable energy or include a web link below.

Solar and Wind Developments

- 12. Has your community had any renewable energy developments proposed or built in the last five years? Y/N
- 12a. How many applications for Improvement Location Permits for commercial solar or wind in your in the last five years have required the following:

	Solar- Number of ILPs granted	Solar-Number of applications denied	Wind-Number of ILPs granted	Wind-# of applications denied
Use Variance				
Developmental standards variance				
Rezone				
Special Exception				

12b. How many commercial renewable energy projects have been approved and developed in your county in the last five years?

	Solar	Wind
Number of permits		
Acres		
Energy Capacity in Megawatts		

13. Does your community have or have had a moratorium on commercial solar or in the last five years?

Solar	Y/N
Wind	Y/N

- 13b. What was the time frame of the moratorium on commercial solar systems?
- 13c. What was the time frame of the moratorium on commercial wind systems?

Renewable Energy Community Perceptions

14. To what extent have the following renewable energy regulation activities resulted in conflicts in your community within the last five years? (Likert scale: 1=not at all; 2=very little; 3=somewhat; 4=to a great extent.)

Solar Ordinances	
Solar Development	
Wind Ordinances	
Wind Development	

14a. Indicate how the conflict was resolved.

	Did the conflict lead to policy changes in your community? Y/N/I don't know	Were there facilitated forums or discussions to come to an agreement? Y/N/I don't know	Was there another resolution?
Solar Ordinances			
Solar Development			
Wind Ordinances			
Wind Development			

15. If changes were made in the last five years to renewable energy regulations/ordinances which (if any) of the following factors influenced those changes? (1=did not influence at all; 10= greatly influenced)

Aesthetics	
Concerns about climate change	
Concerns about energy availability	
Concerns about fiscal impact to the county	
Concerns from neighbors	
Concerns about noise	
Concerns about property values	
Concerns about public health	
Economic development opportunities	
Loss of farmland	
Proposal for a new or expansion of existing development	
Routine zoning ordinance update	
Other	

Climate Change Planning

- 16. When was the comprehensive plan for your community last updated?_____
- 17. Does the current comprehensive plan include goals or objectives related to climate change? Y/N
- 18. Indicate whether or not the current plan addresses the following topics to specifically address climate change. Also, indicate if the following topics will address climate change in the next plan update.

	Current plan Y/N	Next Plan Y/N
Economic Development		
Energy		
Green infrastructure		
Hazards management		
Land use		
Natural resources management		
Public health		
Public infrastructure		
Social justice		
Transportation		

19. Indicate whether or not the current plan for your community includes the following adaptation strategies for addressing climate change. Also, indicate if the strategy will be addressed in the next plan update. List up to three additional adaption strategies not listed.

	Current plan Y/N	Next Plan Y/N
Shifting development from flood prone areas		
Installing green stormwater infrastructure practices, such as rain gardens, bioswales, etc.		
Incorporating natural heat reduction strategies, such as increasing tree canopy		
Using built environment heat reduction strategies, such as alternative building materials		
Updating infrastructure for extreme weather events		
Other		
Other		
Other		

20. Indicate whether or not the current plan includes the following mitigation strategies for addressing climate change. Also, indicate if the strategy will be addressed in the next plan update. List up to three additional adaption strategies not listed.

	Current plan Y/N	Next Plan Y/N
Constructing multi-use trails and/or complete streets		
Increasing mass transit options		
Incentivizing mass transit use		
Installing roundabouts		
Improving energy efficiency in government options		
Creating policies that incentivize energy efficiency in private properties		
Preserving green space		
Increasing green space		
Improving waste reduction in government operations		
Creating policies that incentivize waste reduction in private properties		
Other		
Other		
Other		

21. Please indicate to what extent the following statements occur in your community. (Likert scale: Never(0%); Rarely(1-20%); Sometimes (21-49%), Often (50-99%); Always (100%)

Decision makers in my community are well informed about climate change.	
Decision makers in my community are a barrier to making progress on climate change.	
Community members are well informed about climate change.	
Community members are a barrier to making progress on climate change.	
In my community, strategies related to climate change are well funded.	
In my community, strategies related to climate change are a political priority.	

The following survey sections were repeated for each plan commission the respondent entered in question 1.

- Renewable Energy Ordinances
- Solar and Wind Development
- Renewable Energy Community Perceptions
- Climate Change Community Planning

Renewable Energy and Climate Information Resources

22. Which of the following statements best reflects the information available to you to help make decisions when developing or amending renewable energy regulations/ordinances?

Solar

- o Reliable information is generally not available.
- o Reliable information is available for some issues, but not for many of them.
- o Reliable information is available for most issues.

Wind

- o Reliable information is generally not available.
- o Reliable information is available for some issues, but not for many of them.
- o Reliable information is available for most issues.

- 23. Which of the following sources of information do you use to help make decisions when developing or amending renewable energy regulations/ordinances? (Select all that apply)
 - □ Citizen groups
 - □ Colleagues and peers
 - □ Consultants
 - □ Cooperative Extension
 - □ Environmental organizations
 - □ Federal government agencies
 - □ Planning organizations
 - □ Popular press
 - □ Social media
 - □ State government agencies
 - Universities
 - Other_____
- 24. Please indicate whether you feel more reliable information is needed on the following issues to help you make decisions when developing or amending renewable energy regulations/ordinances. (Likert scale 1=not needed; 10=greatly needed)

Conflict management	
Energy reliability	
Fiscal impact to the county	
Impact on aesthetics/view	
Impact on environment	
Impact on property values	
Impact on public health	
Concerns about public health	

- 25. Which of the following sources of information do you use to help make decisions about climate change planning? (Select all that apply)
 - □ Citizen groups
 - □ Colleagues and peers
 - □ Consultants
 - □ Cooperative Extension
 - Environmental organizations
 - □ Federal government agencies

- □ Planning organizations
- Popular press
- Social media
- □ State government agencies
- Universities
- Other_____

26. Please indicate whether you feel more reliable information is needed on the following issues to help you make decisions about planning for climate change. (1 = not needed; 10 = greatly needed)

Climate change impacts	
Climate change adaption strategies	
Climate change mitigation strategies	
Communicating to the public about climate change	
Communicating to local government officials about climate change	

Community Planning Information

- 27. Are you a certified planner credentialed by the American Institute of Certified Planners (AICP)?
 - o Yes
 - o No
 - o In the process of becoming certified
- 28. Which of the following units of government in the county employ professional planning staff credentialed by the American Institute of Certified Planners (AICP)? (Y/N/I don't know)

City	
Town	
County	

29. Please fill out the following contact information.

Name	
County	
Phone Number	
Email Address	

30. Thank you for completing this survey! Please use the space below for any comments or questions related to this survey.

County Snapshots

The following snapshots provide an overview of the land use regulations of commercial solar and wind developments in the unincorporated area of each county. This ordinance information is paired with demographic information such as population, farmland percentage, and county type, which may impact the likelihood or scale of renewable energy development. These snapshots reflect use standards specific to CSESs and CWECs. All development must still comply with the district standards of the zoning district where they are located. In 53 of the 82 counties with planning and zoning, county planning offices reviewed their snapshot for accuracy. The ordinances used to create the snapshots were collected from May-October 2021. Commercial renewable energy zoning standards can be detailed. Contact the county planning office for the most current and complete ordinance.

Adams County



Farmland Coverage 98.10% land in farms

Population Density 105.7 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density **38.9** per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 35,809 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$40,584

COMMERCIAL WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION DEFINITION All zoning districts, but residential Special Exception REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	None
Municipal Buffer	1500'
Use Buffer	600' or 1.1x tower height from residence, business or school
Reciprocal Buffer	Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	75'
Maximum Noise Level	45 dB or 5 dB abouve ambient baseline
Shadow Flicker	No shadow flicker on non-participating residences or animal buildings
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	Yes
Interference	Yes
Other Standards	Annual fee of \$5,000 per tower

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

System that generates electricity to be sold to wholesale or retail markets, unless generating capacity of 3MW or less that are located on own property

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

\square	Decommission Plan
	Economic Development Agreement
	Maintenance Plan
\square	Transportation/Road Use Plan
\square	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
\square	Environmental Assessment
	Sound Study
\square	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
\square	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
\square	Liability Insurance
\square	Property Value Guarantee
\square	Certificate of Design Compliance
\square	Certification by Engineer
	Other plans or studies

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

This county has no commercial solar specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.

COUNTY CO	ONTACT INFORMATION	>/
Name	Mark Wynn	Sea Grant
Role	Director	
Phone	(260) 589-0081	ILLINOIS-INDIANA
Email	mwynn@co.adams.in.us	PURDUE UNIVERSITY
Web	https://www.co.adams.in.us/153/Building-Planning	UNIVERSITY.

Allen County



Farmland Coverage 66.90% land in farms

Population Density 586.4 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 247.1 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 385,410 ↑

County Type Urban

PCPI (2019) \$47,602

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

Rei	FINITION
Park Special Exception par	gulates all ground-mounted solar nels the same
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE	

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	Same as accessory structure
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	Same as accessory structure
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	None
Fencing Standards	None
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Same as accessory structure
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	None

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request



Economic Development Agreement

- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Large WECS are not a permitted use in any zoning district.		DEFINITION WECS with capacity greater than 50 kw per system, height greater than 60' or swept area greater than 40'
REZONE REQ: NONE ADDITIONAL PROCESSES:	NONE	

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	None
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer	None
THER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS	
/laximum Height	None
Ainimum Blade Clearance	None
Aaximum Noise Level	None
hadow Flicker	None
raking System Standards	None
olor Standards	None
Varnings/Hazard Protection tandards	None
ence/Climb Prevention itandards	None
ghting Standards	None
iterference	None

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

None

Decommission Plan
Economic Development Agreement
Maintenance Plan
Transportation/Road Use Plan
Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Environmental Assessment
Sound Study
Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
Liability Insurance
Property Value Guarantee
Certificate of Design Compliance
Certification by Engineer
Other plans or studies

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Other Standards

Name	Benjamin J. Roussel
Role	Deputy Land Use Director
Phone	(260) 449-7606
Email	dps@allencounty.us
Web	https://www.allencounty.us/department-of-planning-services



Bartholomew County This county regulates and wind and solar energy systems with all other power generation facilities.



Farmland Coverage 61.60% land in farms

Population Density 202 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 86.8 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 82,208 1

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$52,546



Benton County



Farmland Coverage 96.50% land in farms

Population Density 21.5 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 9.3 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 8,719 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$42,135

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
All districts except residential	Special Exception	DEFINITION Convert and deliver electricity to a utilities transmission lines
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE		

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	75' from ROW
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	200' from primary dwelling
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	5 acres
Maximum Height	35'
Noise Limit	41-75 dB depending on hertz
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	None

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED * Upon request

\square	Decommission Plan
\square	Economic Development Agreement
\square	Maintenance Plan
\square	Transportation/Road Use Plan
	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
	Environmental Assessment
	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
\square	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
	Liability Insurance
	Property Value Guarantee
	Certificate of Design Compliance
\boxtimes	Other plans or studies
	- Sound study

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
All districts, except residential	Special Exception	DEFINITION Wind energy conversion system that delivers electricy to a utility's transmission lines.
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: N	ONE	
SETBACKS & BUFFERS		PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED
Setback	350' or 2.2 times the tower height	* Upon request
Municipal Buffer	1500'	🖂 Decommission Plan
Use Buffer 1,000' from existi	ng residence, occupied structure, place ublic gathering and platted subdivisions	Economic Development Agreement
Reciprocal Buffer	None	Maintenance Plan
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDA	RDS	Transportation/Road Use Plan
Maximum Height	None	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Minimum Blade Clearance	15'	Sound Study
Maximum Noise Level	41-75 dB depending on hertz	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Shadow Flicker	None	🛛 Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
Braking System Standards	Yes	Liability Insurance
Color Standards	Yes	Property Value Guarantee
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	None	Certificate of Design Compliance
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes	Certification by EngineerOther plans or studies
Lighting Standards	None	
Interference	Yes	
Other Standards	None	

Name	Matt Hull
Role	Building Commissioner
Phone	(765) 884-1728
Email	mhull@bentoncounty.in.gov
Web	https://www.bentoncounty.in.gov/department/Advisory-Plan- Commission





Blackford County



Farmland Coverage 87.20% land in farms

Population Density 73.4 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 35.5 per sq. mi.

Special Exception

Special Exception

Special Exception

Population (2020) 12.112 ↓

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$38,813

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION Agriculture (A1) Industrial 1 (unincorporated areas only) Industrial 2 (unincorporated areas only)

REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	50'
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	300' from residence, church or school
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	10 acres
Maximum Height	None
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

All equipment used in the production of electrical energy from solar resources.

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
Agriculture (A1)	Special Exception
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NO	ONE
SETBACKS & BUFFERS	
Setback	350' or 1.1x tower height
Municipal Buffer	1500'
Use Buffer	1000' from residence
Reciprocal Buffer	None
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDAR	RDS
Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	15'
Maximum Noise Level	41-75 dB depending on hertz
Shadow Flicker	None
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	Yes
Interference	None
Other Standards	None

Name	Anne Owen
Role	Executive Director
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Email	aowen@blackfordcounty.in.gov
Web	https://www.blackfordcounty.com/planning-and-zoning



Boone County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 85.00% land in farms

Population Density 167.5 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 66.5 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 70,812 1

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$76,241



Brown County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 7.40% land in farms

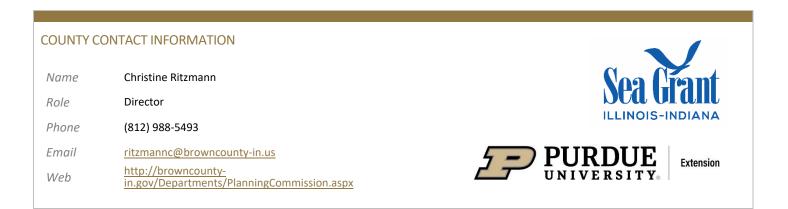
Population Density 49.6 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 27 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 15,475 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$48,862



Carroll County



Farmland Coverage 94.10% land in farms

Population Density 54.6 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 25.5 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 20,306 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$43,432

DEFINITION

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

None

COMMERCIAL WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
WECS are not currently permitted in any zoning district.	
REZONE REQ: NONE ADDITIONAL PROCESSES:	NONE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	1.1x tower height, no less than 350' from ROW	
Municipal Buffer	1,500'	
Use Buffer	1,000' from residential dwellings 750' from public conservation lands, open water ways and ditches 2,640 from rivers	
Reciprocal Buffer	Yes	

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	25'
Maximum Noise Level	60 dB
Shadow Flicker	None
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	None
Interference	Yes
Other Standards	None

* Upon request			
\boxtimes	Decommission Plan		
\square	Economic Development Agreement		
\square	Maintenance Plan		
\square	Transportation/Road Use Plan		
	Vegetation/Landscape Plan		
	Environmental Assessment		
\boxtimes	Sound Study		
	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan		
\square	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan		
\square	Liability Insurance		
	Property Value Guarantee		
\square	Certificate of Design Compliance		
\boxtimes	Certification by Engineer		
\square	Other plans or studies		
	- Communications study		
	- Utility plan		

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

This county has no commercial solar specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.

Name	Kamron Yates
Role	Executive Director
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Web	https://www.carrollcountygovernment.org/area-plan- commission.html





Cass County



Farmland Coverage 75.60% land in farms

Population Density 91.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 39.7 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 37,870 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$40,693

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Agricultural Industrial (I1) Industrial (I2) Cass Co Gateway	Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception	
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE		

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	50'
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	150' from property line of non-participating residence, 100' from church or school
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	5 acres
Maximum Height	22.5'
Noise Limit	60 dB
Ground Cover Standards	Yes
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Solar collection system where electrical energy is primarily used off-site.

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies
 - Sound study

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

		•
ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Agriculutural	Special Exception	DEFINITION Wind energy conversion system that delivers electricy to a utility's transmission lines.
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSE	S: NONE	
SETBACKS & BUFFERS		PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED
Setback 1	,800' or 3x tower height from property line	* Upon request
Municipal Buffer	2,640'	Decommission Plan
Use Buffer 1,800' or 3x t	ower height from residential dwellings and federally owned conservation land 2,640' from Wabash & Eel Rivers	Economic Development Agreement
Reciprocal Buffer	None	Maintenance Plan
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STAN	DARDS	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Maximum Height	600 ft	Environmental Assessment
Minimum Blade Clearance	25'	Sound Study
Maximum Noise Level	60 db	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Shadow Flicker	Limit of 30 minutes per day & 30 hrs per year on residence	 Drainage/Erosion Control Plan Liability Insurance
Braking System Standards	Yes	Property Value Guarantee
Color Standards	Yes	Certificate of Design Compliance
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes	Certification by Engineer
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes	 Other plans or studies Top soil preservation plan
Lighting Standards	Yes	
Interference	Yes	
Other Standards	Anti-icing	

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Name	Arin Shaver
Role	Executive Director/ Subdivision Administrator
Phone	(574) 753-7775
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Web	https://www.co.cass.in.us/departments/j-q/planning- department



Clark County



Farmland Coverage 39.40% land in farms

Population Density 324.8 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 139.9 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 121,093 ↑

County Type Urban

PCPI (2019) \$45,270

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Conservancy Intensive Agricultural General Agricultural Agricultural Estate	Special Exception Permitted Use Permitted Use Special Exception	
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NO	NE	
SETBACKS & BUFFERS		
Setback	None	
Municipal Buffer None		
Use Buffer	None	
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None	

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	None
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	None
Fencing Standards	None
Landscaping/Screening Standards	None
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Solar collection system where electrical energy is primarily used off-site.

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT Conservancy Intensive Agricultural General Agricultural Agricultural Estate	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION Special Exception Permitted Use Special Exception Special Exception
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NO	ONE
SETBACKS & BUFFERS	
Setback	None
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer	None
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDA	RDS
Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	None
Maximum Noise Level	None
Shadow Flicker	None
Braking System Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	None
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	None
Lighting Standards	None
Interference	None
Other Standards	None

Name	Amy Williams
Role	Interim Executive Director
Phone	(502) 595-7432
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Web	https://www.co.clark.in.us/index.php/clark-county-indiana- government/clark-county-indiana-planning-zoning-office





Clay County This county has not adopted a zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 70.80% land in farms

Population Density 74 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 32.5 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 26,466 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$39,004

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Web http://www.claycountyin.gov/





Clinton County



Farmland Coverage 95.30% land in farms

Population Density 81.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 33.2 per sq. mi.

PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

Permitted Use

Population (2020) 33,190 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$39,905

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

REZONE REQ: YES ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPMENTAL PLAN REVIEW

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Facility primarily for the purpose of generating electicity for wholesale or retail sales.

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

ZONING DISTRICT

Solar Overlay

Setback	50'
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	200' from non-participating residence
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	20'
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	Yes
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	None

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMI	TTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPT	TION
WECS Overlay		Permitted	Use
REZONE REQ: YES ADDITIO	DNAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPME	ENTAL PLAN REVIEW	
SETBACKS & BUFFERS			
Setback		1.1x tower	height
Municipal Buffer			None
Use Buffer	1,520' fron 1,520' from public buildir	n residence or residentia ng and urban growth bou	
Reciprocal Buffer			None
OTHER DEVELOPME	NTAL STANDARDS		
Maximum Height			None
Minimum Blade Cleara	ance		50'
Maximum Noise Level		45 dB 90% of every	y hour
Shadow Flicker	Limit of 30	D hours per year or 30 m p	inutes er day
Braking System Standa	ards		Yes
Color Standards			Yes
Warnings/Hazard Prot Standards	ection		Yes
Fence/Climb Preventic	n		Yes
Standards			Yes
Standards Lighting Standards Interference			Yes None

RoleExecutive DirectorPhone(765) 659-6302Emailestitzel@clintonco.comWebhttp://www.clintonco.com/apc/	Name	Liz Stitzel
Email <u>estitzel@clintonco.com</u>	Role	Executive Director
	Phone	(765) 659-6302
Web http://www.clintonco.com/apc/	Email	estitzel@clintonco.com
	Web	http://www.clintonco.com/apc/



Crawford County This county has not adopted a zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 26.90% land in farms

Population Density **34.4** per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density **19.3** per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 10,526 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$35,054

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Web

https://crawfordingov.com/government





Daviess County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 82.00% land in farms

Population Density 77.7 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density **29.7** per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 33,381 1

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$43,998



Dearborn County



Farmland Coverage 33.10% land in farms

Population Density 166.1 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 68.3 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 50.679 ↔

County Type **Rural/Mixed**

PCPI (2019) \$49,949

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION Agricultural Special Exception **Rural Residential** Special Exception REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: TECHNICAL REVIEW COMMITTEE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	150' or 75' if bufferyard is installed
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	200' from any adjacent primary structure 30' from particpating primary structures and 10' from all other structures
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	20'
Noise Limit	Mitigation based on sound study
Ground Cover Standards	Pollinator-friendly
Color Standards	Yes
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Ground-mounted SES with a site larger than 2 acres

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies
 - Engineer certified
 - Sound study

ZONING DISTRICT

Agricultural Residential Local Business Intense Commercial All Industrial districts Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Permitted Use Permitted Use

PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	1.1x tower height or zoning district standard
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	15'
Maximum Noise Level	None
Shadow Flicker	None
Braking System Standards	None
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	None
Lighting Standards	Yes
Interference	None
Other Standards	None

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Name	Mark McCormack	
Role	Planning Director	
Phone	(812) 537-8821	
Email	mmccormack@dearborncounty.in.gov	5 -) P
Web	https://www.dearborncounty.org/department/index.php?struct ureid=26	Ū Ū

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Wind energy conversion system with a rated capacity of more than 100 kW or a system height of more than 80'.

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

Decommission Plan
Economic Development Agreement
🔀 Maintenance Plan
X Transportation/Road Use Plan
Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Environmental Assessment
Sound Study
Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
🔀 Liability Insurance
Property Value Guarantee
Certificate of Design Compliance
Certification by Engineer
Other plans or studies





Decatur County



Farmland Coverage 84.70% land in farms

Population Density 71.1 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 30.9 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 26,472 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$44,168

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
All zoning districts, but residential	Special Exception	DEFINITION One acre or more with primary purpose fo selling wholesale or retail generated electricity
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NO	NE	

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	None
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	None
Noise Limit	50 dBA
Ground Cover Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	None
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	None

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies
 - Visual impact analysis

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT All zoning districts, but residential	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NO	DNE
SETBACKS & BUFFERS	
Setback	1.5x tower height
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	640' from residence
Reciprocal Buffer	None
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDA	RDS
Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	30'
Maximum Noise Level	50 dB
Shadow Flicker	None
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention	Vec
Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	None
Interference	Yes
Other Standards	None

Name	Krista Duvall
Role	Area Plan Director
Phone	(812) 663-8451
Email	areaplandirector@decaturcounty.in.gov
Web	http://www.decaturcounty.in.gov/area-plan-commission





DeKalb County



Farmland Coverage 68.40% land in farms

Population Density 119.2 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 49.9 per sq. mi.

PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

Permitted Use

Population (2020) 43,265 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$45,324

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

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			0.14	

System with sole purpose of generating and selling large scale power.

REZONE REQ: YES ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

ZONING DISTRICT

CSES Overlay

Setback	None
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	400' from residential dwelling, reduction with landscape screening 200' from church, school or business
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	18'
Noise Limit	50 dB
Ground Cover Standards	Yes
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	None
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	None

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

Upon	request
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- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies
 - Buffer/landscape plan

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

Wind energy systems that generate

electricity to be sold to a utility.

ZONING DISTRICT

PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

All Agricultural Districts Industrial Business Park Low Intensity Industrial Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception

REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	1,300' or 1.1x tower height
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	1,500' from residence 1,500' from church, school, hospital, or platted subdivision
Reciprocal Buffer	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	30'
Maximum Noise Level	45 dB at property line, 35 dB at residential structure
Shadow Flicker	No shadow flicker on residential structure
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	Yes
Interference	Yes
Other Standards	None

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED * Upon request

DEFINITION

Decommission Plan
 Economic Development Agreement
 Maintenance Plan
 Transportation/Road Use Plan
 Vegetation/Landscape Plan
 Environmental Assessment
 Sound Study
 Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
 Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
 Liability Insurance
 Property Value Guarantee
 Certificate of Design Compliance
 Certification by Engineer
 Other plans or studies







Name	Chris Gaumer
Role	Director
Phone	(260) 925-1923
Email	cgaumer@co.dekalb.in.us
Web	https://www.co.dekalb.in.us/department/division.php?structu eid=142

Delaware County



Farmland Coverage 66.90% land in farms

Population Density 285.4 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 131.3 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 111,903 ↔

County Type Urban

PCPI (2019) \$38,129

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Farming Zone Limited Industrial Intense Industrial Industrial Park	Permitted Use Permitted Use Permitted Use Permitted Use	
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE		
SETBACKS & BUFFERS		
Setback	50'	
Municipal Buffer	None	
Use Buffer	250' from residence	
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None	

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

None
20'
Hourly average of 60 dBA
Yes
None
Yes
Yes
Yes
Yes
Wildlife corridors

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Primary purpose of wholesale or retail sale of generated electricity

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

This county has no commercial wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.

COUNTY CO	ONTACT INFORMATION	>/
Name	Marta Moody	Sea Grant
Role	Executive Director	DCA ULAIL
Phone	(765) 747-7740	ILLINOIS-INDIANA
Email	mmoody@co.delaware.in.us	7 - PURDUE Extension
Web	https://www.co.delaware.in.us/department/index.php?structur eid=22	

Dubois County This county has not adopted a zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 65.50% land in farms

Population Density 102.1 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 43.6 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 43,637 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$57,217

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Web

https://www.duboiscountyin.org





Eikhart County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 59.00% land in farms

Population Density **447** per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 171.8 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 207,047 ↔

County Type Urban

PCPI (2019) \$46,975



Fayette County



Farmland Coverage 62.40% land in farms

Population Density 108.8 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 50.6 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 23,398 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$41,993

COMMERCIAL WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

WECS with a rated capacity of more than 100 kw, height above 140', or swept area of more than 40'.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
All Agricultural Districts	Special Exception	DEFINITION WECS with a rated capacity of me than 100 kw, height above 140', swept area of more than 40'.
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NO	ONE	
SETBACKS & BUFFERS	PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED	
Setback 1.1x tower height, no less than 350' from ROW		* Upon request
Municipal Buffer	1 500'	

Municipal Buffer	1,500'
Use Buffer	1,000' non-participating residences 750' from public conservation lands and parks 2,640' from Whitewater River
Reciprocal Buffer	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	15'
Maximum Noise Level	60 dB
Shadow Flicker	None
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	Yes
Interference	Yes
Other Standards	None

PLANS & STODIES REQUIRED				
* Upon request				
Decommission Plan				
Economic Development Agreement				
🔀 Maintenance Plan				
Transportation/Road Use Plan				
Vegetation/Landscape Plan				
Environmental Assessment				
Sound Study				
Emergency/Fire Safety Plan				
🔀 Drainage/Erosion Control Plan				
☐ Liability Insurance				
Property Value Guarantee				
🔀 Certificate of Design Compliance				
Certification by Engineer				
Other plans or studies				

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

This county has no commercial solar specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.

Name	Bill MacDaniel
Role	Executive Director
Phone	(765) 825-9808
Email	bmacdaniel@co.fayette.in.us
Web	https://www.connersvillecommunity.com/fayette- county/county-departments/area-planning/





Floyd County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 26.40% land in farms

Population Density 542 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 231.3 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 80,484 1

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$57,145



Fountain County



Farmland Coverage 83.70% land in farms

Population Density 41.6 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 19.6 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 16,479 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$41,412

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

 ZONING DISTRICT
 PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

 Agriculture
 Permitted Use

 Business
 Permitted Use

 Industrial
 Permitted Use

 REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE
 PLA

	Setback	30' from property line 100' from center of ROW
	Municipal Buffer	None
	Use Buffer	200' from residential zone
	Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	20'
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	None
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	None
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Any ground-mounted solar that generates electricy for off-site use

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

Decommission Plan

Economic Development Agreement

Maintenance Plan

Transportation/Road Use Plan

Vegetation/Landscape Plan

Environmental Assessment

Emergency/Fire Safety Plan

Drainage/Erosion Control Plan

Liability Insurance

Property Value Guarantee

Certificate of Design Compliance

Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	DEFINITION
Industrial	Special Exception	DEFINITION Any WECS that generate more than 10kw or exceeds 120' in height.
REZONE REQ: NONE ADDITIONAL PROCESSES:	NONE	
SETBACKS & BUFFERS		PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED
Setback	2,640-3,200' set by BZA	* Upon request
Municipal Buffer	5,280'	Decommission Plan
Use Buffer	5,280' from school Additional buffers set by BZA	Economic Development Agreement
Reciprocal Buffer	None	Maintenance Plan
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDAF	Transportation/Road Use Plan	
Maximum Height	600 ft	Vegetation/Landscape Plan Environmental Assessment
Minimum Blade Clearance	50' or 1/3 of tower height	Sound Study
Maximum Noise Level	32 dBA	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Shadow Flicker	No shadow flicker on non-participating residential property	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
Braking System Standards	None	Liability Insurance
Color Standards	Yes	Property Value Guarantee
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes	 Certificate of Design Compliance Certification by Engineer
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes	Other plans or studies
Lighting Standards	Yes	
Interference	Yes	
Other Standards	No vibrations beyond property Monopole, monotube or lattice design	

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Name	Bonnie Nix
Role	Admin of Records
Phone	(765) 793-6243
Email	bnix@fountainco.net
Web	http://www.fountaincounty.net/files/Navigation Menus Pages /GoverningBody/Commissioners.html



Extension

PURDUE UNIVERSITY.

5-)

Franklin County



Farmland Coverage 54.10% land in farms

Population Density 59.3 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 25.1 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 22,785 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$47,664

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

 ZONING DISTRICT
 PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

 Agricultural-Alternative Energy Systems
Open Industrial
 Special Exception
Special Exception
Special Exception

 REZONE REQ:
 YES

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	100' from property line 140' center of ROW
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	650' feet from non-participating residence 250' from cemetery
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	5 acres
Maximum Height	20'
Noise Limit	50 dBA
Ground Cover Standards	Yes
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	Sine wave deviations

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Primarily for off-site utility grid use

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies
 - Pollution liability insurance

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Agricultural-Alternative Energy Systems Open Industrial Enclosed Industrial	Special Exception Special Exception	
REZONE REQ: YES ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW		

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	2,640'
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	250' from cemetery
Reciprocal Buffer	Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	200 ft
Minimum Blade Clearance	25'
Maximum Noise Level	50 dBA
Shadow Flicker	No shadow flicker on non-participating residence
Braking System Standards	None
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	None
Interference	None
Other Standards	Sine wave deviations

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

DEFINITION

utility grid use

Decommission Plan
Economic Development Agreement
Maintenance Plan
Iransportation/Road Use Plan
Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Environmental Assessment
Sound Study
🔀 Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
🔀 Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
🔀 Liability Insurance
🔀 Property Value Guarantee
Certificate of Design Compliance
Certification by Engineer
Other plans or studies

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Name	Cindy Orschell	
Role	Director	
Phone	(765) 647-5731	
Email	fcap@franklincounty.in.gov	5 -
Web	http://www.franklincounty.in.gov/countyoffices/area-planning/	





Converts electricty primarily for off-site

Fulton County



Farmland Coverage 91.00% land in farms

Population Density 55.6 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 25.9 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 20,480 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$43,775

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Agriculture districts Rural Residential Suburban Residential Institutional & Recreation Commercial districts, except downtown Industrial Park Intensive Use	Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception	
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: TECHNICAL REVIEW COMMITTEE		

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	None
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	None
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	None
Fencing Standards	None
Landscaping/Screening Standards	None
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	Cannot exceed the impervious lot surface requirements

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Occupies more than 40,000 sq ft of panel surface area

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

Decommission Plan
Economic Development Agreement
Maintenance Plan
Transportation/Road Use Plan
Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Environmental Assessment
Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
Liability Insurance
Property Value Guarantee
Certificate of Design Compliance
Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
No Permitted Districts		DEFINITION Generates electricity to be sold to wholesale or retail markets
REZONE REQ: NONE ADDITIONAL PROCESSES:	NONE	

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	1.5x/1.1x tower height
Municipal Buffer	1,500'- 3 miles depending on town/city
Use Buffer	2x tower height from residential dwelling 1,000' from public conservation lands or DNR lakes 2,640' from Tippecanoe River 660' from Caston schools
Reciprocal Buffer	Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	50'
Maximum Noise Level	50 dBA
Shadow Flicker	Limit of 30 minutes per day & 30 hrs per year on residence
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	None
Interference	Yes
Other Standards	None

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

\ge	Decommission Plan
\ge	Economic Development Agreement
\ge	Maintenance Plan
\ge	Transportation/Road Use Plan
	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
	Environmental Assessment
	Sound Study
	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
\ge	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
\ge	Liability Insurance
	Property Value Guarantee
\ge	Certificate of Design Compliance
\ge	Certification by Engineer
	Other plans or studies

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Name	Heather Redinger	
Role	Executive Director	
Phone	(574) 223-7667	
Email	hredinger@co.fulton.in.us	5-)
Web	<u>https://www.co.fulton.in.us/department/index.php?structureid</u> =14	





Gibson County This county has not adopted a zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 70.60% land in farms

Population Density 67.7 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 29.8 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 33,011 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$46,049

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Web

http://www.gibsoncounty-in.gov





Grant County



Farmland Coverage 71.70% land in farms

Population Density 161 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 72 per sq. mi.

PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

Special Exception Special Exception

Special Exception

Special Exception

Special Exception

Population (2020) 66,674 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$41,491

COMMERCIAL WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT Agricultural Residential Suburban General Business Local Business All Industrial Districts

REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

1.1x tower height 3,320' from interstate ROW	Setback
None	Municipal Buffer
3,320' from Mississinewa River floodplain	Use Buffer
None	Reciprocal Buffer

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	25'
Maximum Noise Level	60 dBA
Shadow Flicker	None
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	Yes
Interference	None
Other Standards	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Utility-size wind energy system with capacity of more than 100 KW

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

Decommission Plan

- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Sound Study
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Certification by Engineer
- Other plans or studies

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

This county has no additional standards for commercial solar energy systems.

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

NameBrenda HarrisonRoleExecutive Administrative Assistant/Zoning CoordinatorPhone(765) 668-4765Emailareaplan@grantcounty.netWebhttps://www.grantcounty.net/grant-county-offices/area-plan





Greene County This county has not adopted a zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 48.60% land in farms

Population Density 56.8 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 26.4 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 30,803↓

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$41,747

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Web https://www.co.greene.in.us/





Hamilton County



Farmland Coverage 50.40% land in farms

Population Density 881.1 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 342.5 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 347,467 1

County Type Urban

PCPI (2019) \$77,263

COMMERCIAL WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION WECS Overlay District Permitted Use REZONE REQ: YES ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPMENTAL PLAN REVIEW

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	1.5x tower height
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	1.5x tower height from co-applicant residence
Reciprocal Buffer	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	300'
Minimum Blade Clearance	50'
Maximum Noise Level	45 dBA or 5 dBA above ambient baseline sound
Shadow Flicker	None
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	Yes
Interference	None
Other Standards	Tubular,monopole Minimum of 40 acres per tower

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Multiple turbines or generating capacity greater than 20 kW

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

\square	Decommission Plan
	Economic Development Agreement
	Maintenance Plan
\square	Transportation/Road Use Plan
	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
	Environmental Assessment
\square	Sound Study
\square	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
\square	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
\square	Liability Insurance
	Property Value Guarantee
\boxtimes	Certificate of Design Compliance
\square	Certification by Engineer
	Other plans or studies

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

This county has no additional standards for commercial solar energy systems.

COUNTY COI	NTACT INFORMATION	21
Name	C.J. Taylor	Sea Grant
Role	Director	ILLINOIS-INDIANA
Phone	(317) 776-8490	
Email	planning.dept@hamiltoncounty.in.gov	
Web	https://www.hamiltoncounty.in.gov/818/Plan-Commission	

Hancock County



Farmland Coverage 86.60% land in farms

Population Density 261 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 105 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 79,840 1

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$52,134

COMMERCIAL WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT

PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

Agricultural All Industrial Districts Special Exception Special Exception

REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	1.1x tower height, but no less than 350' from ROW or easements
Municipal Buffer	1,500'
Use Buffer	1,000' from residence 750' public conservation land
Reciprocal Buffer	Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	25'
Maximum Noise Level	10 dBA above ambient baseline
Shadow Flicker	None
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	Yes
Interference	Yes
Other Standards	Visual uniformity

DEFINITION

A system primarily designed to generate energy for distribution and resale to a utility

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

Decommission Plan	
Economic Development Agreemen	t
🔀 Maintenance Plan	
☑ Transportation/Road Use Plan	
Vegetation/Landscape Plan	
Environmental Assessment	
Sound Study	
Emergency/Fire Safety Plan	
🛛 Drainage/Erosion Control Plan	
🔀 Liability Insurance	
Property Value Guarantee	
Certificate of Design Compliance	
Certification by Engineer	
Other plans or studies	

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

This county has no additional standards for commercial solar energy systems.

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Name	Mike Dale
Role	Executive Director
Phone	(317) 477-1134
Email	mdale@hancockcoingov.org
Web	https://hancockcoingov.org/hancock-county-government- departments/hancock-county-indiana-planning-building- department





Harrison County

This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance. They would be regulated as an Electric Generation



Farmland Coverage 47.90% land in farms

Population Density 81.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 34.5 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 39,654 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$43,431

Facility.



Hendricks County



Farmland Coverage 58.70% land in farms

Population Density 429.6 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 164.3 per sq. mi.

PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

Permitted Use

Population (2020) 174,788 ↑

County Type Urban

PCPI (2019) \$50,979

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

An apparatus for converting solar energy to thermal and electrical energy.

REZONE REQ: YES ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPMENTAL PLAN REVIEW

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

ZONING DISTRICT

SECS-Overlay

Setback	1.1 times panel height from property line 30' from ROW
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	150' from existing dwelling
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	None
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	None

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

Decommission Plan

Economic Development Agreement

Maintenance Plan

Transportation/Road Use Plan

Vegetation/Landscape Plan

Environmental Assessment

Emergency/Fire Safety Plan

Drainage/Erosion Control Plan

Liability Insurance

Property Value Guarantee

Certificate of Design Compliance

Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

Extension

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
WECS-Overlay	Permitted Use
REZONE REQ: YES ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DE	VELOPMENTAL PLAN REVIEW
SETBACKS & BUFFERS	
Setback	1.1x tower height
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	1.1x tower height
Reciprocal Buffer	Yes
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDAR	DS
Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	30'
Maximum Noise Level	55 dBA
Shadow Flicker	Minimize shadow flicker
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention	Ver
Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	None
Interference	Yes
Other Standards	None

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION Grant Name Tim Dombrosky Role Director ILLINOIS-INDIANA (317)745-9255 Phone PURDUE UNIVERSITY. Email tdombrosky@co.hendricks.in.us https://www.co.hendricks.in.us/department/index.php?structur Web eid=18

Henry County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 67.20% land in farms

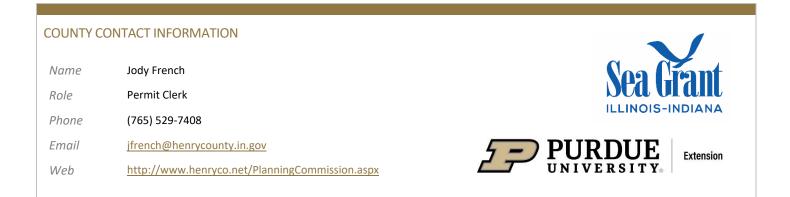
Population Density 124.8 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density **53.5** per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 48,914 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$39,863



Howard County



Farmland Coverage 77.70% land in farms

Population Density 285.5 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 135.1 per sq. mi.

PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

Permitted Use

Permitted Use

Permitted Use

Permitted Use

Population (2020) 83,658 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$42,911

DEFINITION

Any WECS over 189 ft

COMMERCIAL WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT Agricultural

Agricultural Intense Agriculture General Commercial All Industrial Districts

REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	1.1x tower height
Municipal Buffer	5,280'
Use Buffer	500' plus 1.1x tower height from occupied buildings and platted subdivisions
	100' plus rotor length from wetlands, conservation, and riparian areas

Reciprocal Buffer

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

None	Maximum Height
30'	Minimum Blade Clearance
55 dBA	Maximum Noise Level
Minimize shadow flicker on dwellings	Shadow Flicker
Yes	Braking System Standards
Yes	Color Standards
Yes	Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards
Yes	Fence/Climb Prevention Standards
None	Lighting Standards
Yes	Interference
Tubular towers, no lattice type	Other Standards

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED * Upon request Decommission Plan Economic Development Agreement Maintenance Plan Transportation/Road Use Plan Vegetation/Landscape Plan Environmental Assessment Sound Study Emergency/Fire Safety Plan* Drainage/Erosion Control Plan Liability Insurance Property Value Guarantee Certificate of Design Compliance Certification by Engineer Other plans or studies

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

This county has no additional standards for commercial solar energy systems.

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Name	Greg Sheline
Role	Executive Director
Phone	(765) 456-2330
Email	gsheline@cityofkokomo.org
Web	http://www.howardcountyin.gov/government-services/howard- county-plan-commission





Huntington County



Farmland Coverage 80.50% land in farms

Population Density 95.8 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 42.4 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 36,662 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$42,824

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT Agricultural Residential Districts Business Districts Manufacturing Districts Open Space District Airport Zoning PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

Permitted Use Special Exception Special Exception Permitted Use Permitted Use Special Exception

REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPMENTAL PLAN REVIEW

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	25' from rear and side property line
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	200' from non-participating dwelling
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	12'
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	Yes
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Upon request
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	Any item that could cause vibrations should be centrally located.

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Freestanding solar arrays that have combined capacity of more than 10 MW

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
 - Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	DEFINITION
gricultural ndustrial Districts	Special Exception Special Exception	Delivers electricity to transmission lin
ZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROC	CESSES: DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW	
TBACKS & BUFFERS		PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED
etback	1.1x tower height no less than 350' from ROV	/ * Upon request
Aunicipal Buffer	2,640	
lse Buffer 2,640'	1,000' from non-participating propert from Open Space District, rivers and reservoir	
eciprocal Buffer	Non	
THER DEVELOPMENTAL ST	TANDARDS	Transportation/Road Use Plan
1aximum Height	Non	Vegetation/Landscape Plan Environmental Assessment
1inimum Blade Clearance	25	
laximum Noise Level	50 dB/	A Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
hadow Flicker	No shadow flicker on public road during the da	S Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
raking System Standards	Ye	s Liability Insurance
olor Standards	Ye	
Varnings/Hazard Protection tandards	Ye	 Certificate of Design Compliance Certification by Engineer
ence/Climb Prevention tandards	Ye	s Other plans or studies - Communications study
ighting Standards	Non	
nterference	Non	e - Transmission line agreement
)ther Standards	No vibrations beyond 1000 f	+

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Name	Bryn Keplinger
Role	Director of Community Development and Redevelopment
Phone	(260) 356-5146
Email	bryn.keplinger@huntington.in.us
Web	https://www.huntington.in.us/county/department/division.php ?structureid=128



Extension

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Jackson County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 61.80% land in farms

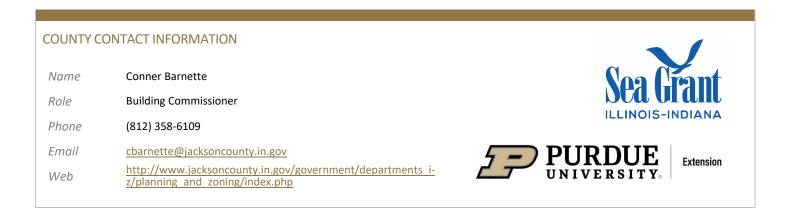
Population Density 91 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density **37.4** per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 46,428 1

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$44,192



Jasper County



Farmland Coverage 75.40% land in farms

Population Density 58.8 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 24.1 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 32,918 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$45,777

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION DEFINITION Primarily for off-site utility grid use All Agricultural Districts Special Exception Conservation Special Exception All Industrial Districts Permitted Use REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE SETBACKS & BUFFERS 50' Setback Municipal Buffer None 200' from any primary dwelling Use Buffer Reciprocal Buffer (CM) None OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size None Maximum Height 35' Noise Limit 55 dBA Ground Cover Standards None Color Standards None Signage/Warnings Standards Yes Fencing Standards Yes Landscaping/Screening Standards Yes Glare Standards Yes Other Standards Interference

 PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

 * Upon request

 Decommission Plan

 Economic Development Agreement

 Maintenance Plan

 Transportation/Road Use Plan

 Vegetation/Landscape Plan

 Environmental Assessment

 Emergency/Fire Safety Plan

 Drainage/Erosion Control Plan

 Liability Insurance

 Property Value Guarantee

 Certificate of Design Compliance

 Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	DEFINITION
Wind Farm Overlay	Permitted Use	DEFINITION Utility grade turbine(s) used to product electricity for distribution on the utility grid
REZONE REQ: YES ADDITIONAL PROCESSE	S: NONE	
ETBACKS & BUFFERS		PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED
Setback	1.1x tower height from property line 1.5x tower height from ROW	* Upon request
Municipal Buffer	10,560'	Decommission Plan
2,400' from	1,760' from non-participating parcels 160' from residences and places of worship n R1, R2, VR, M1 and M2 zones and platted subdivisions 6 miles from Jasper Co. Airport one around Jasper-Pulaski Fish and Wildlife area	 Economic Development Agreement Maintenance Plan Transportation/Road Use Plan Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Reciprocal Buffer	Yes	Environmental Assessment
THER DEVELOPMENTAL STAN	DARDS	Sound Study
Maximum Height	575'	 Emergency/Fire Safety Plan* Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
Minimum Blade Clearance	30'	Liability Insurance
Maximum Noise Level	None	Property Value Guarantee
Shadow Flicker	Limit of 30 hrs annual at non- participating residence	Certificate of Design Compliance
Braking System Standards	Yes	Certification by Engineer
Color Standards	Yes	Other plans or studies
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes	
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	None	
Lighting Standards	Yes	
Interference	Yes	
Other Standards	Withstand wind load of 110 mph or greater Anti-icing standards Minimum lot size of 10 acres	

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Name	Mary Scheurich
Role	Director/Building Inspector
Phone	(219) 866-4908
Email	mary.scheurich@co.jasper.in.us
Web	https://www.jaspercountyin.gov/department/?structureid=22



Jay County



Farmland Coverage 84.50% land in farms

Population Density 53.3 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 23.2 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 20,478 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$39,317

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION Agriculture Residential Permitted Use REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	25' from property line 50' from ROW
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	150' from residence, church or school 150' from business or public building
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	20'
Noise Limit	50 dBA
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	Interference

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Five acres or more with the primary purpose of selling wholesale or retail generated electricity

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- 🔀 Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
Agriculture Residential Industrial	Permitted Use Permitted Use
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DE	EVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	350' or 1.1x tower height	* Upon
Municipal Buffer	None	🔀 De
Use Buffer	1,000' from residence 1,500' from platted community	Eco
Reciprocal Buffer	None	🗌 Ma

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	15'
Maximum Noise Level	41-75 dBA depending on hertz
Shadow Flicker	None
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	None
Interference	Yes
Other Standards	None

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Name	John Hemmergarn
Role	Director/Administrator
Phone	(260) 726-6904
Email	jpbp.jhemmel@gmail.com
Web	http://www.jaycounty.net/plugins/content/content.php?conten t.22



PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

Delivers electricity to transmission lines

* Upon request

DEFINITION

\boxtimes	Decommission Plan
	Economic Development Agreement
	Maintenance Plan
\square	Transportation/Road Use Plan
\square	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
	Environmental Assessment
	Sound Study
\square	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
\square	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
\square	Liability Insurance
	Property Value Guarantee
\square	Certificate of Design Compliance
\square	Certification by Engineer
	Other plans or studies

Jefferson County

This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 46.20% land in farms

Population Density 91.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 39.9 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 33,147 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$44,102



Jennings County This county regulates and wind and solar energy systems with all other power generation facilities.



Farmland Coverage 53.20% land in farms

Population Density 73.3 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density **30.7** per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 27,613 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$41,169



Johnson County



Farmland Coverage 68.80% land in farms

Population Density 504.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 197.8 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 161,765 ↑

County Type Urban

PCPI (2019) \$50,018

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICTPERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTIONAgricultural districtsSpecial ExceptionIndustrial districtsSpecial ExceptionREZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONESETBACKS & BUFFERSSetback150' from property line
100' from public ROW

Municipal BufferNoneUse Buffer200' from residential zone or property line of ag
parcel with single residence
150' from participating dwellingReciprocal Buffer (CM)None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	25'
Noise Limit	50 dB
Ground Cover Standards	Yes
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

SES with namplate capacity of at least 10 MW and generates for the purpose of selling electricity

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

Decommission Plan

Economic Development Agreement

- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan

Vegetation/Landscape Plan

- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
Agricultural Rural Residential Light Industrial Heavy Industrial	Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NO	DNE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	2x tower height	* Upon request
Municipal Buffer	None	Decommission Plan
Use Buffer	1,000' from buildings	Economic Development Agree
Reciprocal Buffer	Yes	🛛 Maintenance Plan
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STAN	DARDS	Transportation/Road Use Plan
Maximum Height	None	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
-	None	Environmental Assessment
Minimum Blade Clearance	None	Sound Study
Maximum Noise Level	Follows district standards (43-75 dBA in Industrial districts)	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Shadow Flicker	None	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan Liability Insurance
Braking System Standards	Yes	Property Value Guarantee
Color Standards	Yes	Certificate of Design Complian
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes	Certification by Engineer
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes	Other plans or studies
Lighting Standards	None	
Interference	None	
Other Standards	No vibrations beyond property	

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Name	Michele Hansard
Role	Director of Planning and Zoning
Phone	(317) 346-4353
Email	mhansard@co.johnson.in.us
Web	https://co.johnson.in.us/government/administrative/departme nt-of-planning-zoning/





Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Any system over 50 kilowatts

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

Knox County



Farmland Coverage 94.20% land in farms

Population Density 70.3 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 32.8 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 36,282 ↓

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$45,882

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION **Exclusive Agriculture** Permitted Use Non-Exclusive Agriculture Permitted Use **General Industrial** Permitted Use REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPMENTAL PLAN REVIEW SETBACKS & BUFFERS 50' Setback Municipal Buffer None 200' from residence or prinicpal structure Use Buffer Reciprocal Buffer (CM) None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	35'
Noise Limit	55 dBA
Ground Cover Standards	Yes
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Primarily for off-site utility grid use

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies
 - Telecommunications & wireless signals report

This county has no commercial wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Name	Colt Michaels
Role	Director
Phone	(812) 885-2544
Email	cmichaels@knoxcounty.in.gov
Web	https://knoxcounty.in.gov/area-plan





Kosciusko County



Farmland Coverage 76.90% land in farms

Population Density 151 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 71.8 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 80,240 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$48,425

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Industrial 3	Special Exception	DEFINITION Primary purpose is to generate electicity for utility companies
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NO	NE	

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	200'
Municipal Buffer	5,280 ft
Use Buffer	5,280' from platted community
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	5 acres
Maximum Height	None
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	None
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	No vibrations beyond property line. Interference

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED * Upon request

\ge	Decommission Plan	

- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- 🛛 Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
Industrial 3	Special Exception
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: N	ONE
SETBACKS & BUFFERS	
Setback	3,960' or 6.5x tower height
Municipal Buffer	5280'
Use Buffer	5,280' from platted community
Reciprocal Buffer	None
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDA	RDS
Maximum Height	325'
Minimum Blade Clearance	50' or 1/3 of tower height
Maximum Noise Level	32 dBA
Shadow Flicker	No shadow flicker on non-participating residences
Braking System Standards	None
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	Yes
Interference	Yes
Other Standards	No vibrations beyond property line Monopole, monotube or lattice style

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Name	Matthew Sandy
Role	Assistant Planner
Phone	(574) 372-2304
Email	msandy@kcgov.com
Web	https://www.kcgov.com/department/?structureid=6



LaGrange County



Farmland Coverage 80.40% land in farms

Population Density 106.5 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density **39.1** per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 40,446 1

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$43,275

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION		
Agricultural	Permitted Use	DEFINITION Not defined	
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NO	NE		

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	None
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	200' from non-participating residence
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	None
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	Yes
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	None

* Upon request			
Decommission Plan			
Economic Development Agreement			
Maintenance Plan			
Transportation/Road Use Plan			
Vegetation/Landscape Plan			
Environmental Assessment			
Emergency/Fire Safety Plan			
Drainage/Erosion Control Plan			
Liability Insurance			
Property Value Guarantee			
Certificate of Design Compliance			
Other plans or studies			

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	DEFINITION
WECS Overlay	Permitted Use	DEFINITION Not defined
REZONE REQ: YES ADDITIONAL PROC	CESSES: DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW	
ETBACKS & BUFFERS		PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED
Setback	1.1 x tower height	* Upon request
Municipal Buffer	None	Decommission Plan
Use Buffer 1.1 times	tower height from any residence, minimum of 1000' from non-participating residence	🔀 Economic Development Agreer
Reciprocal Buffer	None	🛛 Maintenance Plan
THER DEVELOPMENTAL ST	ANDARDS	Transportation/Road Use Plan
Maximum Height	None	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Minimum Blade Clearance	50'	Environmental Assessment
Maximum Noise Level	45 dBA (51 dBA for Industrial or Business) or 5 dBA above Ambient Baseline Sound	 Sound Study Emergency/Fire Safety Plan Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
Shadow Flicker	None	🛛 Liability Insurance
Braking System Standards	Yes	Property Value Guarantee
Color Standards	Yes	Certificate of Design Complianc
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes	Certification by Engineer
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes	- Safety and security plan
Lighting Standards	None	
Interference	None	
Other Standards	Tubular or monopole type tower	

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Name	Robbie Miller	Sea G
Role	None	
Phone	(260) 499-6347	
Email	rmiller@laGrangecounty.org	7 PURDUE
Web	https://www.lagrangecounty.org/index.php/government/plan- commission	UNIVERSITY



Extension

Lake County



Farmland Coverage 35.20% land in farms

Population Density 999.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 430.6 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 498,700 ↔

County Type Urban

PCPI (2019) \$46,736

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Agricultural	Special Exception	DEFINITION Primary purpose of wholesale or retail sale of generated electricity
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NO	NE	

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	50'
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	200' from non-participating residence
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	25'
Noise Limit	50 dBA
Ground Cover Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Signage/Warnings Standards	None
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	None

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

This county regulates wind energy systems greater than 100 kw as a public service.

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION Frant Name Steve Nigro Role Planning and Building Administrator ILLINOIS-INDIANA Phone (219) 755-3709 PURDUE UNIVERSITY. Email nigrosx@lakecountyin.org Extension https://www.lakecountyin.org/departments/planning-Web commission

LaPorte County



Farmland Coverage 65.00% land in farms

Population Density 187.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 83.2 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 112,417 ↔

County Type Urban

PCPI (2019) \$43,910

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Agricultural Residential Residential 2 Office Service Business Commercial Industrial	Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Permitted Use	
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE		

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	None
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	22'
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	Yes
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	None
Fencing Standards	None
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Ground-mounted and occupies more than 40,000 sq ft

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

Decommission Plan
 Economic Development Agreement
 Maintenance Plan
 Transportation/Road Use Plan
 Vegetation/Landscape Plan
 Environmental Assessment
 Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
 Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
 Liability Insurance
 Property Value Guarantee
 Certificate of Design Compliance
 Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	DEFINITION
Agricultural Industrial	Special Exception Special Exception	DEFINITION Any WECS larger than small WECS ft)
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PRO	DCESSES: NONE	
SETBACKS & BUFFERS		PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED
Setback	1.5x tower height	* Upon request
Municipal Buffer	None	Decommission Plan
Use Buffer	1,000' from residential subdivision and schools	Economic Development Agreeme
Reciprocal Buffer	Yes	🛛 Maintenance Plan
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL S	STANDARDS	Transportation/Road Use Plan
Maximum Height	200'	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Minimum Blade Clearance	20'	Sound Study
Maximum Noise Level	50 dBA	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Shadow Flicker	Analysis and mitigation	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
Braking System Standards	Yes	Liability Insurance
Color Standards	Yes	Property Value Guarantee
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes	Certificate of Design Compliance
Fence/Climb Prevention	Yes	Certification by Engineer
Standards		Other plans or studies
Lighting Standards	Yes	
Interference	None	
Other Standards	Tubular tower	

Name	Michael Polan
Role	Building Commissioner
Phone	(219) 326-6808
Email	mpolan@laporteco.in.gov
Web	https://laporteco.in.gov/boards-commissions/planning- commission/





awrence County

This county has not adopted a zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 51.20% land in farms

Population Density 100.2 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 45.6 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 45,011 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$42,538

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Web

https://lawrencecounty.in.gov/





Madison County



Farmland Coverage 71.90% land in farms

Population Density 287.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 130.1 per sq. mi.

USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

Special Exception Special Exception

Special Exception

Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Population (2020) 130,129 ↔

County Type Urban

PCPI (2019) \$39,428

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED
Agriculture Conservation Residential Parks and Recreation Institutional Commercial Industrial	
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NO	DNE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	None
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	5 acres
Maximum Height	None
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Primary purpose of offsite sale or consumption

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Agriculture Industrial	Special Exception Special Exception	DEFINITION Electricity delivered to a utility's transmission lines
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: N	NONE	
SETBACKS & BUFFERS		PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED
Setback	1.1x tower height	* Upon request
Municipal Buffer	1,500'	🛛 Decommission Plan
Use Buffer	1,000' from residence 1,500' from major platted subdivision	Economic Development Agreement
Reciprocal Buffer	None	🔀 Maintenance Plan
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS		Transportation/Road Use Plan
Maximum Height	None	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Minimum Blade Clearance	15'	Sound Study
Maximum Noise Level	41-75 dBA depending on hertz	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Shadow Flicker	None	🔀 Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
Braking System Standards	Yes	Liability Insurance
Color Standards	Yes	Property Value Guarantee
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes	Certificate of Design Compliance
Fence/Climb Prevention	Yes	 Certification by Engineer Other plans or studies
Lighting Standards	Yes	
Interference	None	
Other Standards	None	

Name	Brad Newman
Role	Director
Phone	(765) 641-9540
Email	bnewman@madisoncounty.in.gov
Web	https://www.madisoncounty.in.gov/planning-division.html





Marion County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 6.80% land in farms

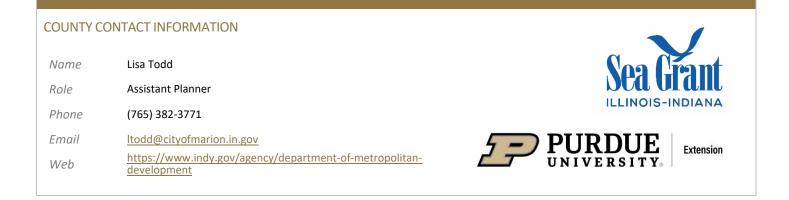
Population Density 2463.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 1101.8 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 977,203 1

County Type Urban

PCPI (2019) \$54,405



Marshall County



Farmland Coverage 70.10% land in farms

Population Density 103.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 44.3 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 46,095 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$42,196

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION DEFINITION Greater than an acre Agricultural (A-1) Special Exception Special Exception Industrial REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE SETBACKS & BUFFERS 150' from ROW * Upon request Setback 75' from property line Municipal Buffer None 250' from residential structure Use Buffer Reciprocal Buffer (CM) None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	15'
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	Pollinator-friendly
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	System components 95% recyclable

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED * Upon request Decommission Plan Economic Development Agreement Maintenance Plan Transportation/Road Use Plan Vegetation/Landscape Plan Environmental Assessment Emergency/Fire Safety Plan Drainage/Erosion Control Plan Liability Insurance Property Value Guarantee Other plans or studies - Engineer certified

This county has no commercial wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.

COUNTY C	ONTACT INFORMATION	>/
Name	Ty Adley	Sea Grant
Role	Director	
Phone	(574) 935-8540	ILLINOIS-INDIANA
Email	tadley@co.marshall.in.us	PURDUE Extension
Web	https://www.co.marshall.in.us/department/index.php?structur eid=21	UNIVERSITY.

Martin County This county has not adopted a zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 29.00% land in farms

Population Density 29.2 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 13.6 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 9,812↓

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$39,207

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Web

https://martincountyindiana.com/





Miami County



Farmland Coverage 80.90% land in farms

Population Density 96.2 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 39.7 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 35,962 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$35,970

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

 ZONING DISTRICT
 PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

 Agricultural (A1)
 Permitted Use

 Agricultural (A2)
 Permitted Use

 Agricultural (A3)
 Permitted Use

 REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW

Setback	150' from property line
	Access driveways must be 50' from non- participating property
	100' from public ROW
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	None
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	Yes
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes, if within 500' of dwelling, church, school, daycare or bed and breakfast
Glare Standards	Yes

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Commercial facility with primary purpose of wholesale sales of generated electricity.

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies
 - Ruling from Grissom Air Reserve Base
 - Health Dept approval

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Agricultural districts Business districts Industrial I-1	Permitted Use Special Exception Special Exception	
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE		

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	2,000' from property line or ROW
Municipal Buffer	2,000'
Use Buffer	2,000' from dwelling and public conservation land 2,640' from rivers and reservoirs
Reciprocal Buffer	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	25'
Maximum Noise Level	60 dB
Shadow Flicker	Yes
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	None
Interference	None
Other Standards	None

DEFINITION

A WECS owned by a company or corporation whose general intent is to produce energy for resale to a public utility.

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

\boxtimes	Decommission Plan
\boxtimes	Economic Development Agreement
\boxtimes	Maintenance Plan
\boxtimes	Transportation/Road Use Plan
	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
	Environmental Assessment
\boxtimes	Sound Study
\boxtimes	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
\boxtimes	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
\boxtimes	Liability Insurance
	Property Value Guarantee
\boxtimes	Certificate of Design Compliance
\boxtimes	Certification by Engineer
\boxtimes	Other plans or studies
	- Ruling from Grissom Air Reserve Base
	- Utility plan



NameCory RoserRoleDirectorPhone(765) 472-3901Emailcroser@miamicounty.in.govWebhttps://www.miamicountyin.gov/615/Miami-County-Planning-Commission





Monroe County



Farmland Coverage 18.90% land in farms

Population Density 354.1 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 161.2 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 139,718 ↔

County Type Urban

PCPI (2019) \$43,660

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION*	
Agricultural/Rural Reserve Light Industrial Heavy Industrial Institutional/Public	Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception	
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE		
SETBACKS & BUFFERS		

Setback	None
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	500' from airport
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	5 acres
Maximum Height	20'
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	None
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes, if within 150' of residential zone or use
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	20% of lot area remain open space

* This county uses the term, conditional use instead of special exception to indicate a use permitted after BZA approval if they meet all the conditions.

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Commercial facility with primary purpose of wholesale sales of generated electricity

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies
 - Glare analysis if within 500' of airport

This county has no commercial wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.

Name	Jackie Nester Jelen
Role	Assistant Director
Phone	(812) 349-2560
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Web	Plan Commission / Monroe County, IN



Montgomery County



ZONING DISTRICT

Farmland Coverage 87.40% land in farms

Population Density 75.2 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 32.6 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 37,936 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$40,979

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION DEFINITION Any system not for on-site use only Agricultural Permitted Use Industrial Permitted Use REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW **SETBACKS & BUFFERS PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED** 30' from property line Ы Setback 100' from center of ROW Municipal Buffer None 200' from residential zone or parcel with residence Use Buffer Reciprocal Buffer (CM) None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	20'
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	None
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	None
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	None

* Upon request			
	Decommission Plan		
	Economic Development Agreement		
	Maintenance Plan		
\boxtimes	Transportation/Road Use Plan		
	Vegetation/Landscape Plan		
	Environmental Assessment		
	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan		
\boxtimes	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan		
	Liability Insurance		
	Property Value Guarantee		
	Certificate of Design Compliance		
	Other plans or studies		

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Industrial districts	Special Exception	DEFINITION Two or more large or small wind systems
REZONE REQ: YES ADDITIONAL PROCESS	SES: NONE	
ETBACKS & BUFFERS		PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED
Setback	2,640' or 5x tower height BZA may increase setback up to 3,200'	* Upon request
Municipal Buffer	5,280'	Decommission Plan
Use Buffer	5,280' from school	 Economic Development Agreen Maintenance Plan
Reciprocal Buffer	None	Transportation/Road Use Plan
THER DEVELOPMENTAL STAP	NDARDS	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Maximum Height	600'	Environmental Assessment
Minimum Blade Clearance	50'	🔀 Sound Study
Maximum Noise Level	32 dBA	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Shadow Flicker	No shadow flicker on non-participating residential property	 Drainage/Erosion Control Plan Liability Insurance
Braking System Standards	None	Property Value Guarantee
Color Standards	Yes	Certificate of Design Complianc
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes	Certification by Engineer
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes	Other plans or studies

Yes

Yes

No vibrations beyond property line Monopole, monotube, or lattice style

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Lighting Standards

Other Standards

Interference

Name	Marc Bonwell
Role	Building Administrator
Phone	(765) 364-6493
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Web	https://www.montgomerycounty.in.gov/department/board.php ?fDD=16-118





Morgan County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 52.80% land in farms

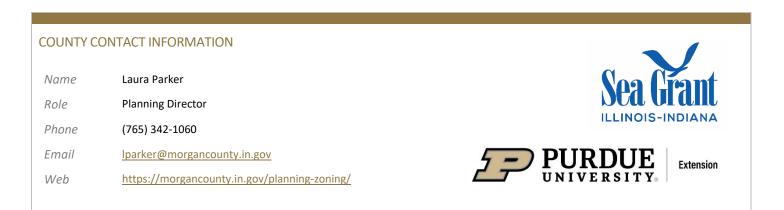
Population Density 177.7 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 72.7 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 71,780 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$45,352



Newton County



Farmland Coverage 70.40% land in farms

Population Density 34.4 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 15 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 13,830 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$41,454

COMMERCIAL WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Agricultural districts	Special Exception	DEFINITION Error 2023
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE		
SETBACKS & BUFFERS	PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED	
Setback 350' or 1.1x tower height		* Upon request
Municipal Duffer 1 500! from platted community of municipality if over 1.0		

iviunicipal Buller	1,500 from platted community of municipality if over 1.0
	MW
Use Buffer	1,000' from occupied structure, platted subdivision or place of public gathering
Reciprocal Buffer	Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	15'
Maximum Noise Level	41-75 dB depending on hertz
Shadow Flicker	None
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	None
Interference	None
Other Standards	None

* Upon request
Decommission Plan
Economic Development Agreement
🔀 Maintenance Plan
Iransportation/Road Use Plan
Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Environmental Assessment
Sound Study*
🔀 Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
🔀 Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
🔀 Liability Insurance
Property Value Guarantee
🔀 Certificate of Design Compliance
Certification by Engineer
Other plans or studies

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

This county has no additional standards for commercial solar energy systems.

Name	Daisy Cicero
Role	Building Commissioner
Phone	(219) 285-6080
Email	dcicero@newtoncounty.in.gov
Web	https://www.newtoncounty.in.gov/department/index.php?stru ctureid=25





Noble County



Farmland Coverage 76.10% land in farms

Population Density 115.5 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 48.8 per sq. mi.

PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

Permitted Use

Population (2020) 47,457 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$40,799

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

System to generate and sell solar power

REZONE REQ: YES ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

ZONING DISTRICT

CSES Overlay

Setback	50' from property line
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	300' from non-participating residence Laydown area, parking and office must be 500' from residence
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	5 acres
Maximum Height	15'
Noise Limit	50 dBA
Ground Cover Standards	Yes
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	Lighting standards

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies
 - Recycle and waste management plans

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
High Impact Wind Farm Overlay	Special Exception Permitted Use
REZONE REQ: YES ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NO	DNE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	200' or 150% hub height
Municipal Buffer	5,280'
Use Buffer	300' from onsite buildings 3,960' from residential, institutional and other noise- sensitive uses or zones 1,500' from wetlands, lakes, rivers & streams 5,280' from state/national parks or preserves
Reciprocal Buffer	Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	400'
Minimum Blade Clearance	40'
Maximum Noise Level	40 dBA or 5 dBA above ambient baseline
Shadow Flicker	15 hours per year on occupied structure
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	None
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	None
Lighting Standards	None
Interference	Yes
Other Standards	Maximum rotor diameter of 400 ft Withstand 110 mph wind load 1 tower per 30 acres

DEFINITION One or more utility grade wind turbines **PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED** * Upon request Decommission Plan Economic Development Agreement Maintenance Plan Transportation/Road Use Plan Vegetation/Landscape Plan Environmental Assessment Sound Study Emergency/Fire Safety Plan* Drainage/Erosion Control Plan Liability Insurance Property Value Guarantee Certificate of Design Compliance Certification by Engineer Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

Name Teresa Tackett	
Role Plan Director	
Phone (260) 636-7217	
Email <u>ttackett@nobleco.us</u>	
Web https://www.noblecountyplanning.com	n/



Ohio County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 43.60% land in farms

Population Density 68.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density **31.6** per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 5,940 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$41,339



Orange County This county has not adopted a zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 40.20% land in farms

Population Density 49.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 22.7 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 19,867 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$38,432

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Web

http://gov.orangecounty59.us/





Owen County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 45.40% land in farms

Population Density 55.3 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 25.4 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 21,321 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$41,632

Name	Suzanne Simmerman
Role	Administrator
Phone	(812) 829-5017
Email	suzanne.simmerman@owencounty.in.gov
Web	https://www.owencounty.in.gov/building



Parke County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 63.50% land in farms

Population Density 36.3 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 16.9 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 16,156↓

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$37,570

Name	Cassie Wittenmyer
Role	Administrator
NUIE	Administrator
Phone	(765) 592-1262
Email	cwittenmyer@parkecounty-in.gov
Web	http://www.parkecounty-in.gov/plan_zone



Perry County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 31.50% land in farms

Population Density 50.2 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 22.3 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 19,170 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$38,272



Pike County This county has not adopted a zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 37.60% land in farms

Population Density 36.6 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 16.7 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 12,250 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$41,827

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Web

https://www.pikecounty.in.gov





Porter County



Farmland Coverage 45.80% land in farms

Population Density 414.3 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 171 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 173,215 ↑

County Type Urban

PCPI (2019) \$54,723

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICTPERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTIONGeneral Agriculture Rural Residential All Industrial DistrictsPermitted Use Special Exception Permitted UseREZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEWREZONE REVIEWSETBACKS & BUFFERSSetbackNoneMunicipal BufferNoneUse BufferNoneReciprocal Buffer (CM)None			
Rural Residential Special Exception All Industrial Districts Permitted Use REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW SETBACKS & BUFFERS Setback None Municipal Buffer None Use Buffer None	ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
SETBACKS & BUFFERS Setback None Municipal Buffer None Use Buffer None	Rural Residential	Special Exception	
SetbackNoneMunicipal BufferNoneUse BufferNone	REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEV	/ELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW	
Municipal Buffer None Use Buffer None	SETBACKS & BUFFERS		
Use Buffer None	Setback	None	
	Municipal Buffer None		
Paciprocal Puffor (CM)	Use Buffer No		
	Ose Bullel	None	

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

None
20'
None
Pollinator-friendly
None
None
None
Upon request
Yes
None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Principal use; energy for off-site use.

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies
 - Visual impact study
 - As-built plans

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	DEFINITION
General Agriculture Prime Agriculture Heavy Industrial High Impact	Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception	DEFINITION Capacity equal or greater than 100 kw, height of more tha 81' or rotor diameter area of more than 41'
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIO	NAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW	
SETBACKS & BUFFERS		PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED
Setback	1.1x tower height from side and back property line Tower height from front property line & ROW	* Upon request
Municipal Buffer	None	Decommission Plan
Use Buffer	3,000' from subdivision, school or place of worship	🔀 Economic Development Agreement
	200' from overlay districts 600' from wetlands	Maintenance Plan
Reciprocal Buffer	None	Transportation/Road Use Plan
OTHER DEVELOPMEN	ITAL STANDARDS	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Maximum Height	500'	Environmental Assessment
Minimum Blade Cleara	nce 25'	Sound Study
Maximum Noise Level	55 dBA	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
	No shadow flicker on occupied building,	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
Shadow Flicker	additional limits for roadways & properties	Liability Insurance
Braking System Standa		 Property Value Guarantee Certificate of Design Compliance
Color Standards	Yes	Certification by Engineer
Warnings/Hazard Prote		\bigcirc Other plans or studies
Standards	Yes	- Shadow flicker evaluation
Fence/Climb Preventio Standards	n Yes	
Lighting Standards	Yes	
Interference	Yes	
Other Standards	Collector stations follow principal structure setback and buffer yard standards	

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

NameRobert ThompsonRoleDirectorPhone(219) 465-3540Emailrthompson@porterco.orgWebhttps://www.porterco.org/407/Plan-Commission





Posey County



Farmland Coverage 73.90% land in farms

Population Density 61.6 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 26.9 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 25,222 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$50,407

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
Agricultural Manufacturing Light Manufacturing Medium/Heavy	Permitted Use Permitted Use Permitted Use
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEV	VELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	100' from non-participating property line
Municipal Buffer	5,280 ft
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	25'
Noise Limit	45 dBA or 5 dBA above ambient baseline
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	None
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	Lighting standards

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Greater than 20 acres and electricity primarily sold to utility transmission lines

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies
 - Visual impact Evaluation
 - Sound study
 - interference study

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Agricultural/Rural Reserve Manufacturing Light Manufacturing Medium/Heavy	Permitted Use Permitted Use Permitted Use	DEFINITION Greater than 20 acres and electricity primarily sold to utility transmission lines
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: E	DEVELOPMENTAL PLAN REVIEW	
SETBACKS & BUFFERS		PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED
Setback	1.5x tower height from ROW	* Upon request
Municipal Buffer Use Buffer 2 5x tox	5,280' tower height from residential structure	 Decommission Plan Economic Development Agreement
2.5x tov	ver height from non-participating parcel 2 mi from school property line	Maintenance Plan
Reciprocal Buffer	Yes	Transportation/Road Use Plan
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDA	RDS	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Maximum Height	None	Environmental Assessment
Minimum Blade Clearance	50'	Sound Study
Maximum Noise Level	45 dBA or 5 dBA above ambient baseline	Emergency/Fire Safety PlanDrainage/Erosion Control Plan
Shadow Flicker	No shadow flicker on non-participating dwellings	 Liability Insurance Property Value Guarantee
Braking System Standards	Yes	 Property Value Guarantee Certificate of Design Compliance
Color Standards	Yes	Certification by Engineer
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes	Other plans or studies
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes	 Visual impact analysis shadow flicker evaluation
Lighting Standards	Yes	
Interference	Yes	
Other Standards	Tubular or monopole type tower	

Name	Mindy Bourne
Role	Director
Phone	(812) 838-1323
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Web	https://www.poseycountyin.gov/county-offices/area-plan- commission/





Pulaski County



Farmland Coverage 83.50% land in farms

Population Density 28.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 13.4 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 12,514 ↓

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$45,473

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
General Agricultural Intensive Agricultural Light Industrial Heavy Industrial	Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE	
SETBACKS & BUFFERS	
Setback	150'

Municipal BufferNoneUse Buffer1.1' from of inverter or converter to
communications towerReciprocal Buffer (CM)None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	20'
Noise Limit	50 dBA
Ground Cover Standards	Pollinator-friendly
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	Resist wind speeds up to 112 mph, no interference

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Primarily for off-site utility grid use

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee*
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies
 - Communications study

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
		DEFINITION
Commercial WECS are not a permitted use in any zoning district.		Designed and built to provide electricity to power grid
REZONE REQ: NONE ADDITIONAL PROCESSES:	NONE	

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

None	* Upon request
None	Decommission Plan
None	Economic Development Agreeme
None	Maintenance Plan
	Transportation/Road Use Plan
	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
None	Environmental Assessment
None	Sound Study
None	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
None	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
None	Liability Insurance
None	Property Value Guarantee
None	Certificate of Design Compliance
None	Certification by Engineer
None	Other plans or studies
None	
None	
None	
	None None None None None None None None

Name	Karla Redweik
Role	Building Inspector
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Web	http://gov.pulaskionline.org/bpz/





Putnam County



Farmland Coverage 60.10% land in farms

Population Density 76.4 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 31.1 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 36,726 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$38,303

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
All Zoning districts	Special Exception	DEFINITION Not defined
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE		
SETBACKS & BUFFERS		PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

JL	DACKS	C.	DOLI	LIVD	

Reciprocal Bu	uffer (CM)	lone
Use Buffer	Ν	lone
Municipal Bu	uffer N	lone
Setback	Ν	lone

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	None
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	None
Fencing Standards	None
Landscaping/Screening Standards	None
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT All Zoning Districts	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION Special Exception
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: N	ONE
ETBACKS & BUFFERS	
Setback	None
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer	None
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDA	RDS
Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	None
Maximum Noise Level	None
Shadow Flicker	None
Braking System Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	None
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	None
Lighting Standards	None
Interference	None
Other Standards	None

Name	Lisa Zeiner
Role	Director
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Web	https://co.putnam.in.us/building-and-planning/





Randolph County



Farmland Coverage 83.50% land in farms

Population Density 54.2 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 25.2 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 24,502 ↓

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$39,222

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
Agricultural Intensive Agricultural Limited All Commercial Districts All Industrial Districts	Permitted Use Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NO	NE
SETBACKS & BUFFERS	
Setback	60' from public street or road ROW 20' from property line
Municipal Buffer	None

Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	40' from residential & public building property lines on 1st two sides, 100' on additional sides 500' from subdivisions & campgrounds 45-60' from commercial & industrial property lines Buffer dependent on 250' from inverter to dwelling
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	18'
Noise Limit	45-60 dBA
Ground Cover Standards	Pollinator-friendly
Color Standards	Yes
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Utility-scale commercial facility, primary purpose of wholesale or retail sales

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Residential Low Density All Agricultural Zones Community Commercial Community Regional All Industrial Zones	Permitted Use Permitted Use Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception	DEFINITION Designed and built to provide electr to the power grid
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: N	NONE	
SETBACKS & BUFFERS		PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED
Setback	1.1x tower height	* Upon request
Municipal Buffer	1,500'	🔀 Decommission Plan
Use Buffer	1,000' from dwelling	🔀 Economic Development Agreemen
Reciprocal Buffer	Yes	Maintenance Plan
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDA	RDS	Transportation/Road Use Plan
Maximum Height	None	Vegetation/Landscape Plan Environmental Assessment
Minimum Blade Clearance	25'	Sound Study
Maximum Noise Level	60 dBA	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Shadow Flicker	None	🔀 Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
Braking System Standards	Yes	🔀 Liability Insurance
Color Standards	Yes	Property Value Guarantee
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes	 Certificate of Design Compliance Certification by Engineer
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes	 Certification by Engineer Other plans or studies
Lighting Standards	None	- Communications study
Interference	Yes	

None

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Other Standards

Name	Randy Abel
Role	Building Commissioner
Phone	(765) 584-8610
Email	bldcom01@randolph.in.gov
Web	https://randolphcounty.us/departments/area-planning-zoning



Ripley County



Farmland Coverage 61.60% land in farms

Population Density 64.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 27.5 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 28,995 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$43,282

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
Prime Agriculture Agriculture Enclosed Industrial Open Industrial	Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DE	VELOPMENTAL PLAN REVIEW
SETBACKS & BUFFERS	
Setback	None
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Reciprocal Buffer (CM)

o men bevelor mentrice of micbrings	
Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	None
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	None
Fencing Standards	None
Landscaping/Screening Standards	None
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION Not defined

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

None

Decommission Plan
 Economic Development Agreement
 Maintenance Plan
 Transportation/Road Use Plan
 Vegetation/Landscape Plan
 Environmental Assessment
 Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
 Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
 Liability Insurance
 Property Value Guarantee
 Certificate of Design Compliance
 Other plans or studies

 Engineer certified

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Prime Agriculture Agriculture Enclosed Industrial Open Industrial	Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception	DEFINITION Not defined
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DE	EVELOPMENTAL PLAN REVIEW	
SETBACKS & BUFFERS		PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED
Setback	None	* Upon request
Municipal Buffer	None	Decommission Plan
Use Buffer	None	Economic Development Agreement
Reciprocal Buffer	None	Maintenance Plan
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS		Transportation/Road Use Plan
Maximum Height	None	 Vegetation/Landscape Plan Environmental Assessment
Minimum Blade Clearance	None	Sound Study
Maximum Noise Level	None	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Shadow Flicker	None	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
Braking System Standards	None	Liability Insurance
Color Standards	None	Property Value Guarantee
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	None	Certificate of Design Compliance
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	None	Certification by EngineerOther plans or studies
Lighting Standards	None	
Interference	None	
Other Standards	None	

Name	Tad Brinson
Role	Executive Director
Phone	(812) 689-6062
Email	tbrinson@ripleycounty.com
Web	http://www.ripleycounty.com/areaplanning/



Rush County



Farmland Coverage 80.90% land in farms

Population Density 41 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 18 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 16,752 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$47,445

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ı a

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION		
All zoning districts	Special Exception	DEFINITION Power is distri public electric	buted or transmitte al utility
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE			

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	30' if under 20' tall 10x height if over 20' tall
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	Over 20' requires a special exception
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	None
Fencing Standards	None
Landscaping/Screening Standards	None
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	Cannot cast a shadow on other solar production facilities

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- ☑ Other plans or studies
 - Utility plan

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	DI
All Zoning Districts	Special Exception	Sy an ot to
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NO	DNE	

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	2,640'
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	25'
Maximum Noise Level	32 dB
Shadow Flicker	Yes
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	None
Interference	Yes
Other Standards	None

EFINITION

ystem constructed on property of nother by company, corporation, or ther entity with general intent to sell o utility

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

Decommission Plan
🔀 Economic Development Agreement
Maintenance Plan
Transportation/Road Use Plan
Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Environmental Assessment
Sound Study
🔀 Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
🔀 Liability Insurance
Property Value Guarantee
Certificate of Design Compliance
Certification by Engineer
Other plans or studies
- Utlity plan

Name	Gregg Duke
Role	Executive Director
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Web	http://rushcounty.in.gov/planning-and-zoning-2-2/





Scott County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 48.70% land in farms

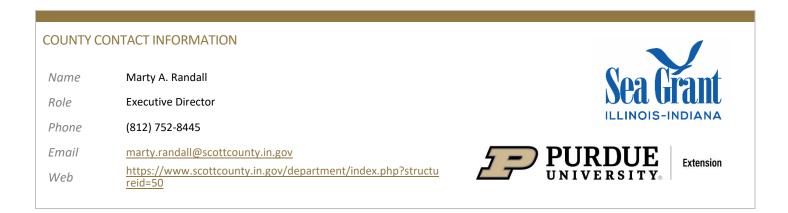
Population Density **128.1** per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 56.3 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 24,384 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$38,948



Shelby County



Farmland Coverage 83.80% land in farms

Population Density 109.6 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 47.2 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 45,055 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$44,799

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTE
Agricultural Districts All Commercial Districts All Industrial Districts High Impact	

ED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
Special Exception

Special Exception Permitted Use Permitted Use

REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: TECHNICAL REVIEW COMMITTEE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	100' from edge of road pavement 150' from property line
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	660' from non-participating primary structure
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

None
20'
None
Pollinator-friendly if on prime farmland
None
Yes
Yes
Yes
Yes
Interference

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Principally used to capture and convert solar energy for off-site utility grid use

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

This county has no commercial wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.

Name	Desiree Calderella
Role	Director
Phone	(317) 392-6338
Email	dcalderella@co.shelby.in.us
Web	https://www.co.shelby.in.us/plan-commission/





Spencer County



Farmland Coverage 66.70% land in farms

Population Density 49.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 21.6 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 19,810 ↓

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$46,393

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
Agricultural Business Industrial 1 Industrial 2	Permitted Use Permitted Use Permitted Use Permitted Use
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DE	VELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	75' from ROW, side and rear property lines
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	300' from existing residence or principal structure
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	35'
Noise Limit	55 dB
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Primarily or solely for off-site utility grid use

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies
 - Telecommunications report
 DNR and Army Corps approval if in floodplain

This county has no commercial wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.

COUNTY C	ONTACT INFORMATION	
Name	Kay Erwin	Sog Crant
Role	Administrator	Sea Grant
Phone	(812) 649-6010	ILLINOIS-INDIANA
Email	plan@spencercounty.in.gov	7 - PURDUE Extension
Web	https://spencercounty.in.gov/273/Plan-CommissionBuilding- Inspector	

St. Joseph County



Farmland Coverage 51.20% land in farms

Population Density 596.2 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 258 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 272,912 ↔

County Type Urban

PCPI (2019) \$48,535

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
Agricultural Industrial University All other districts	Permitted Use Permitted Use Permitted Use Special Exception
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NO	NE
SETBACKS & BUFFERS	

Setback	None
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	22'
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	Pollinator-friendly
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	None
Fencing Standards	None
Landscaping/Screening Standards	None
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Ground-mounted with more than 40,000 sq ft in panel area

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
	Eliver teb ose / Si EciAE Excel How
Agricultural Single Family Commercial Industrial University	Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception

REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	None
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer	None
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS	
Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	None
Maximum Noise Level	None
Shadow Flicker	None
Braking System Standards	None
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	None
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	None
Lighting Standards	None
Interference	Yes

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

System exclusively for off-site use

* Upon request

DEFINITION

Decommission Plan
🔀 Economic Development Agreement
🔀 Maintenance Plan
X Transportation/Road Use Plan
🔀 Vegetation/Landscape Plan
🔀 Environmental Assessment
🔀 Sound Study
Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
🔀 Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
🔀 Liability Insurance
Property Value Guarantee
Certificate of Design Compliance
Certification by Engineer
🔀 Other plans or studies
- Communications study



Other Standards

Name	Ryan Fellows	Sea Grant
Role	Planner	DCU ULUIU Illinois-Indiana
Phone	(574) 413-6347	ILLINOI3-INDIANA
Email	rfellows@sjcindiana.com	
Web	http://www.sjcindiana.com/306/IPG-Division-of-Planning- Zoning	

None

Starke County



Farmland Coverage 73.60% land in farms

Population Density 75.6 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 36 per sq. mi.

PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

Permitted Use

Population (2020) 23,371 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$35,648

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Principally used to capture and convert solar energy for off-site utility grid use

REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: TECHNICAL REVIEW COMMITTEE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

ZONING DISTRICT

Agriculture

Setback	50' from property line 100' from center of road
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	200' from primary dwelling
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	35'
Noise Limit	55 dBA
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	Interference

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Agriculture	Permitted Use	DEFINITION Designed and built to provide electri to power grid
REZONE REQ: NONE ADDITIONAL PROCES	SSES: TECHNICAL REVIEW COMMITTEE	
ETBACKS & BUFFERS		PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED
Setback	Blade length from property line 1.1x tower height from ROW	* Upon request
Municipal Buffer Use Buffer	1,500' 1,000' from residential dwelling 750' from public conservation lands	 Decommission Plan Economic Development Agreement Maintenance Plan
Reciprocal Buffer	2,640' from Yellow or Kankakee River Yes	Transportation/Road Use Plan
THER DEVELOPMENTAL STAN	DARDS	Vegetation/Landscape Plan Environmental Assessment
Maximum Height	None	Sound Study
Minimum Blade Clearance	25'	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Maximum Noise Level	60 dBA	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
Shadow Flicker	None	Liability Insurance
Braking System Standards	Yes	Property Value Guarantee
Color Standards	Yes	Certificate of Design Compliance
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes	 Certification by Engineer Other plans or studies
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes	
Lighting Standards	None	
Interference	None	
Other Standards	None	

Name	Boz Williams
Role	Director
Phone	(574) 772-9133
Email	plancomm75@co.starke.in.us
Web	http://www.co.starke.in.us/index.php/departments/planning- commission/



Steuben County



Farmland Coverage 60.90% land in farms

Population Density 111.5 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 62.7 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 34,435 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$44,854

COMMERCIAL WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
Wind Energy Conversion System Overlay	Permitted Use
REZONE REQ: YES ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPMENTAL PLAN REVIEW	

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	2.5x tower height from non-participating property lines 1.1xtotal hight from ROW
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	3x tower height from non-participating residences
Reciprocal Buffer	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	None
Maximum Noise Level	None
Shadow Flicker	Minimize shadow flicker
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	None
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	None
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	None
Lighting Standards	Yes
Interference	Yes
Other Standards	Towers within 4 mi have similar appearance and rotate in same direction

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

A collection of utility grade WECS

* Upon request

DEFINITION

Decommission Plan
Economic Development Agreement
Maintenance Plan
🔀 Transportation/Road Use Plan
Vegetation/Landscape Plan
🛛 Environmental Assessment
🔀 Sound Study
🛛 Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
Liability Insurance
Property Value Guarantee
🔀 Certificate of Design Compliance
Certification by Engineer
Other plans or studies

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

This county has no additional standards for commercial solar energy systems.

COUNTY	CONTACT INFORMATION	>/
Name	Clinton Knauer	Sea Grant
Role	Director	DEA ULAIL
Phone	(260) 668-1000	ILLINOIS-INDIANA
Email	cknauer@co.steuben.in.us	PURDUE Extension
Web	https://www.co.steuben.in.us/departments/plan_commission/i ndex.php	

Sullivan County This county has not adopted a zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 55.90% land in farms

Population Density 46.6 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density **19.7** per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 20,817 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$36,863

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Web https://www.sullivancounty.in.gov/





Switzerland County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 39.00% land in farms

Population Density 44.1 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density **19.4** per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 9,737↓

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$32,174



Tippecanoe County



Farmland Coverage 69.60% land in farms

Population Density 373.3 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 155.9 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 186,251 ↑

County Type Urban

PCPI (2019) \$39,525

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION All Industrial Zones Permitted Use All Rural Zones Special Exception Office Research Special Exception REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE SETBACKS & BUFFERS 50' Setback Municipal Buffer None 200' from residential zone or residential use Use Buffer Reciprocal Buffer (CM) Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	None
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	Pollinator-friendly
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	None
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	Minimum of 36" above ground

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Primary purpose of seling wholesale or retail, equal to or greater than 10 acres

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

		1	
ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION		
			DEFINITION
Commercial WECS is not a permitted use in any zoning district outside of West Lafayette.			Capacity more than 50 kw, height of more tha 140' or swpt area of more than 40'
REZONE REQ: NONE ADDITIONAL PROCESSES:	NONE		

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	None	* Upon request
Municipal Buffer	None	Decommission Plan
Use Buffer	None	Economic Development Agreement
Reciprocal Buffer	Yes	Maintenance Plan
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS		Transportation/Road Use Plan
		Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Maximum Height	None	Environmental Assessment
Minimum Blade Clearance	None	Sound Study
Maximum Noise Level	None	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Shadow Flicker	None	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
Braking System Standards	None	Liability Insurance
Color Standards	None	Property Value Guarantee
Warnings/Hazard Protection	None	Certificate of Design Compliance
Standards	None	Certification by Engineer
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	None	Other plans or studies
Lighting Standards	None	
Interference	None	
Other Standards	None	

Name	David Hittle
Role	Executive Director
Phone	(765) 423-9242
Email	apc@tippecanoe.in.gov
Web	https://www.tippecanoe.in.gov/378/Area-Plan-Commission- APC





Tipton County



Farmland Coverage 96.80% land in farms

Population Density 59 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 26.1 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 15,359 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$47,392

COMMERCIAL WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
WECS Overlay District REZONE REQ: YES ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DI	Permitted Use	DEFINITION System that generates electricity to be sold to wholesale or retail markets
SETBACKS & BUFFERS	PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED	
Setback	1,500' from property line 1.1x tower height from ROW	* Upon request
Municipal Buffer	E 290'	

Municipal Buffer	5,280'
Use Buffer	2,640' residential, commercial and institutional buildings 1,500' from rural residential zone 1,500' from public conservation lands 1.1x tower height from wetlands
Reciprocal Buffer	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	25'
Maximum Noise Level	45 dBA for non participating residence 55 dBA for participating residence
Shadow Flicker	Limit of 30 minutes per day & 30 hrs per year on residence
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	None
Interference	Yes

ANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

Decommission Plan Economic Development Agreement Maintenance Plan Transportation/Road Use Plan Vegetation/Landscape Plan Environmental Assessment Sound Study Emergency/Fire Safety Plan Drainage/Erosion Control Plan Liability Insurance Property Value Guarantee Certificate of Design Compliance Certification by Engineer Other plans or studies

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

This county has no additional standards for commercial solar energy systems.

Name	Steve Niblick
Role	Director
Phone	(765) 675-6063
Email	sniblick@tiptoncounty.in.gov
Web	https://www.tiptongov.com/county/department/index.php?str uctureid=37





Union County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 80.50% land in farms

Population Density 44 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 20.1 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 7,087↓

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$40,659



Vanderburgh County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 42.70% land in farms

Population Density 771.8 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 360.1 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 180,136 ↔

County Type Urban

PCPI (2019) \$47,233



Vermillion County



Farmland Coverage 74.90% land in farms

Population Density 60.1 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 28.4 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 15,439 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$38,633

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
Agriculture Industrial I Industrial II Multi-Use	Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NO	DNE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	100'
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	200' from residence
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	5 acres
Maximum Height	25'
Noise Limit	50 dBA
Ground Cover Standards	Pollinator-friendly
Color Standards	Yes
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	None
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Commercial facility with primary purpose of whoesale sales of generated electricity

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

This county has no commercial wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.

Name	Penney Carpenter
Role	Executive Director
Phone	(812) 208-0163
Email	penney.carpenter@vermillioncounty.in.gov
Web	https://www.vermilliongov.us/zoning/



Vigo County This county does not have commercial solar or wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.



Farmland Coverage 46.50% land in farms

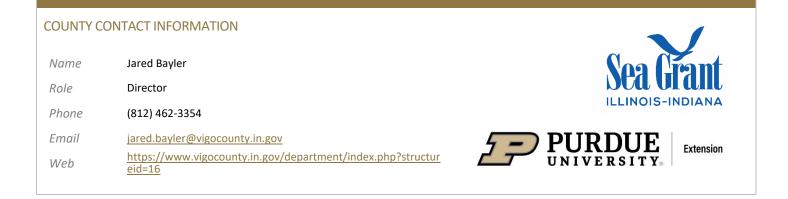
Population Density 263 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 116.3 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 106,153 ↔

County Type Urban

PCPI (2019) \$39,432



Wabash County



Farmland Coverage 80.00% land in farms

Population Density 75.1 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 34 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 30,976 ↓

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$43,955

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION Agricultural districts Special Exception Industrial Special Exception Forest, Recreation, Conservation Special Exception REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE SETBACKS & BUFFERS 30'-330' from property line Setback 65'-95' from road Municipal Buffer 1320' 450'-1320' from Residences, business, public use Use Buffer (depends on size of SES) Reciprocal Buffer (CM) Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	15'
Noise Limit	32 dBA
Ground Cover Standards	Pollinator-friendly
Color Standards	Yes
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	Interference, ingress & egress, perimeter access road

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Utility-scale commercial facility, primary purpose of wholesale or retail sales

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement*
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies
 - Development taxation agreement

ZONING DISTRICT

PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

Agriculture 2 Flood Plain Forest, Recreation, Conservation Industrial Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception

REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	2x tower height or 1000' from road
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	3,960' from non-participating business or residential structure
	1,980' particpating business or residential structure
Reciprocal Buffer	Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	50'
Maximum Noise Level	32 dBA
Shadow Flicker	No shadow flicker on non-participating property
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	None
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	None
Lighting Standards	Yes
Interference	Yes
Other Standards	No vibration on non-participating property

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Name	Mike Howard
Role	Director
Phone	(260) 563-0661
Email	plandirector@wabashcounty.in.gov
Web	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION Not defined

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

Decommission Plan Economic Development Agreement Maintenance Plan Transportation/Road Use Plan Vegetation/Landscape Plan Environmental Assessment Sound Study Emergency/Fire Safety Plan Drainage/Erosion Control Plan Liability Insurance Property Value Guarantee Certificate of Design Compliance Certification by Engineer Other plans or studies - Communications study - Engineering analysis



Warren County



Fence/Climb Prevention Standards

Lighting Standards

Interference

Other Standards

Farmland Coverage 80.50% land in farms

Population Density 23.1 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 10 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 8,440 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$45,202

COMMERCIAL WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION	
Agricultural	Special Exception	DEFINITION Not defined
REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: N	IONE	
SETBACKS & BUFFERS		PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED
Setback	None	* Upon request
Municipal Buffer	None	Decommission Plan
Use Buffer	None	Economic Development Agreement
Reciprocal Buffer	None	Maintenance Plan
OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDA	RDS	Transportation/Road Use Plan
Maximum Height	None	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Minimum Blade Clearance	None	Environmental Assessment
	None	Sound Study
Maximum Noise Level	None	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Shadow Flicker	None	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
Braking System Standards	None	Liability Insurance
Color Standards	None	Property Value Guarantee
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	None	Certificate of Design Compliance
		Certification by Engineer

None Other plans or studies

None

None

None

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

This county has no additional standards for commercial solar energy systems.

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION Name John Kuiper Name John Kuiper Director Role Director Director Phone (765) 762-6311 Email Email jkuiper@warrencounty.in.gov Extension Web http://www.warrencounty.in.gov/zoning-building-permits Extension

Warrick County



Farmland Coverage 42.70% land in farms

Population Density 166 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 67.9 per sq. mi.

PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

Special Exception Special Exception

Special Exception

Special Exception

Special Exception Special Exception Population (2020) 63,898 ↑

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$58,539

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT
Conservacy and Recreational Agriculture Light Industrial General Industrial Solid Waste Disposal Facility Waterfront Industustrial

REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	25' (not more than 100')
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	1 acre
Maximum Height	None
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	Pollinator-friendly
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	None

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Principal purpose of selling electric power commercially with 32,000 sq ft or more in panel area

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

This county has no commercial wind specific regulations in their zoning ordinance.

Name	Molly Barnhill
Role	Executive Director
Phone	(812) 897-6190
Email	mbarnhill@warrickcounty.gov
Web	https://warrickcounty.gov/area-plan/





Washington County



Farmland Coverage 64.50% land in farms

Population Density 54.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 23.5 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 28,182 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$39,759

DEFINITION

None

COMMERCIAL WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	None
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	None
Maximum Noise Level	None
Shadow Flicker	None
Braking System Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	None
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	None
Lighting Standards	None
Interference	None
Other Standards	None

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED		
* Upon request		
Decommission Plan		
Economic Development Agreement		
Maintenance Plan		
Transportation/Road Use Plan		
Vegetation/Landscape Plan		
Environmental Assessment		
Sound Study		
Emergency/Fire Safety Plan		
Drainage/Erosion Control Plan		
Liability Insurance		
Property Value Guarantee		
Certificate of Design Compliance		
Certification by Engineer		
Other plans or studies		

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

This county has no additional standards for commercial solar energy systems.

Name	Travis Elliott
Role	Director
Phone	(812) 883-0139
Email	Telliott@washington county.in.gov
Web	<u>http://www.washingtoncounty.in.gov/government/land_and_p</u> roperty/washington_county_planning_commission.php





Wayne County



Farmland Coverage 63.60% land in farms

Population Density 165.7 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 76.5 per sq. mi.

PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

Population (2020) 66,553 ↔

County Type Rural/Mixed

PCPI (2019) \$42,857

COMMERCIAL WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM STANDARDS

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Two or more large WECS with a capacity of more than 50 kw, total height of more than 100' or swept area of more than 30'

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

Decommission Plan
Economic Development Agreement
Maintenance Plan
Transportation/Road Use Plan
Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Environmental Assessment
Sound Study
Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
Liability Insurance
Property Value Guarantee
Certificate of Design Compliance
Certification by Engineer
Other plans or studies

REZONE REQ: NONE ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE

Commercial WECS are not a

permitted use in any zoning district.

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

ZONING DISTRICT

Setback	None
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	None
Maximum Noise Level	None
Shadow Flicker	None
Braking System Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	None
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	None
Lighting Standards	None
Interference	None
Other Standards	None

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

This county has no additional standards for commercial solar energy systems.

COUNTY CO	ONTACT INFORMATION	
Name	Laura Miller	Sog Crant
Role	Director	Sea Grant
Phone	(765) 973-9249	ILLINOIS-INDIANA
Email	permits@co.wayne.in.us	PURDUE Extension
Web	https://www.co.wayne.in.us/planning_permits/	

Wells County



Farmland Coverage 95.50% land in farms

Population Density 76.6 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 32.4 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 28,180 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$42,857

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT	PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION
Power Plant Overlay District	Permitted Use
REZONE REQ: YES ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW	

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	200'
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	400' from existing non-participating residence Additional buffers for equipment generating 73-85 dBA
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	None
Maximum Height	25'
Noise Limit	None
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	Yes
Signage/Warnings Standards	Yes
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	Yes
Other Standards	Interference and vibration

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Free-standing solar array(s) that have a combined capacity of greater than 10 KW

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- 🛛 Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

Utility grade with capacity of more than

ZONING DISTRICT PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION Large WECS are not a permitted use in any zoning district. Image: Construct of the second s

REZONE REQ: NONE ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	None
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	None
Reciprocal Buffer	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Blade Clearance Nu Maximum Noise Level Nu Shadow Flicker Nu Braking System Standards Nu Color Standards Nu Warnings/Hazard Protection Nu Standards Nu Lighting Standards Nu Interference Nu		
Maximum Noise LevelNShadow FlickerNBraking System StandardsNColor StandardsNWarnings/Hazard ProtectionNStandardsNFence/Climb PreventionNLighting StandardsNInterferenceN	Maximum Height	None
Shadow Flicker N Braking System Standards N Color Standards N Warnings/Hazard Protection N Standards N Fence/Climb Prevention N Standards N Lighting Standards N Interference N	Minimum Blade Clearance	None
Braking System Standards N Color Standards N Warnings/Hazard Protection N Standards N Fence/Climb Prevention N Standards N Lighting Standards N Interference N	Maximum Noise Level	None
Color Standards No Warnings/Hazard Protection No Standards No Fence/Climb Prevention No Standards No Lighting Standards No Interference No	Shadow Flicker	None
Warnings/Hazard Protection N Standards N Fence/Climb Prevention N Standards N Lighting Standards N Interference N	Braking System Standards	None
Standards No Fence/Climb Prevention No Standards No Lighting Standards No Interference No	Color Standards	None
Standards No Lighting Standards No Interference No	Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	None
Interference No	Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	None
	Lighting Standards	None
Other Standards No.	Interference	None
	Other Standards	None

COUNTY CONTACT INFORMATION

Role Executive Director

Phone (260) 824-6407

Email gis@wellscounty.org

Web https://wellscounty.org/area-planning-commission/



PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

DEFINITION

100 KW

Decommission Plan
Economic Development Agreement
Maintenance Plan
Transportation/Road Use Plan
Vegetation/Landscape Plan
Environmental Assessment
Sound Study
Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
Liability Insurance
Property Value Guarantee
Certificate of Design Compliance
Certification by Engineer
Other plans or studies

White County



Farmland Coverage 87.50% land in farms

Population Density 48.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 25.5 per sq. mi.

Population (2020) 24.688 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$44,008

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

ZONING DISTRICT PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION All Agricultural Districts Permitted Use General Business Dense Dev. Permitted Use Light Industrial Permitted Use REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	100'
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	Solar inventors must be 500' from residential zone Not allowed in floodway, wetland or designated conservation area
Reciprocal Buffer (CM)	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Minimum Lot Size	5 acres
Maximum Height	10-19'
Noise Limit	65 dB
Ground Cover Standards	None
Color Standards	None
Signage/Warnings Standards	None
Fencing Standards	Yes
Landscaping/Screening Standards	Yes
Glare Standards	None
Other Standards	Minimum of 3' above ground

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

Primary purpose of wholesale of generated electricity

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

- Decommission Plan
- Economic Development Agreement
- Maintenance Plan
- Transportation/Road Use Plan
- Vegetation/Landscape Plan
- Environmental Assessment
- Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
- Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
- Liability Insurance
- Property Value Guarantee
- Certificate of Design Compliance
- Other plans or studies
 - Glare analysis

ZONING DISTRICT

All Agricultural Districts General Business Highway Business Light Industrial Heavy Industrial PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

Permitted Use Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception Special Exception

REZONE REQ: NO ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: NONE

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	Blade length from property line 1.1x tower height from ROW
Municipal Buffer	None
Use Buffer	1,000' from residential dwellings 750' from public conservation lands
Reciprocal Buffer	Yes

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	25'
Maximum Noise Level	60 dB
Shadow Flicker	None
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	None
Interference	Yes
Other Standards	None

DEFINITION

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

Any WECS designed to generate 40KW regardless of tower height

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

\boxtimes	Decommission Plan
\boxtimes	Economic Development Agreement
	Maintenance Plan
\boxtimes	Transportation/Road Use Plan
	Vegetation/Landscape Plan
	Environmental Assessment
\boxtimes	Sound Study
	Emergency/Fire Safety Plan
\boxtimes	Drainage/Erosion Control Plan
\boxtimes	Liability Insurance
	Property Value Guarantee
\boxtimes	Certificate of Design Compliance
\boxtimes	Certification by Engineer
\boxtimes	Other plans or studies
	- Communications study



Name	Joe Rogers
Role	Executive Director
Phone	(574) 583-2917
Email	jrogers@whitecountyindiana.us
Web	https://www.whitecountyin.us/index.php/ct-menu1-item6/ct- menu1-item7





Whitley County



Farmland Coverage 82.10% land in farms

Population Density 101.9 per sq. mi.

Housing Unit Density 44.2 per sq. mi. Population (2020) 34,191 ↔

County Type Rural

PCPI (2019) \$46,555

COMMERCIAL WIND ENERGY CONVERSION SYSTEM STANDARDS

 ZONING DISTRICT
 PERMITTED USE / SPECIAL EXCEPTION

 Wind Energy Conversion System
Overlay
 Permitted Use

 REZONE REQ: YES ADDITIONAL PROCESSES: DEVELOPMENT PLAN REVIEW

SETBACKS & BUFFERS

Setback	1.1x tower height
Municipal Buffer	2,640' or 6.5x tower height
Use Buffer	2,640' or 6.5x tower height from non-participating property, public building or participating residence Participating residence can waive buffer to 1.1x tower height
Reciprocal Buffer	None

OTHER DEVELOPMENTAL STANDARDS

Maximum Height	None
Minimum Blade Clearance	50'
Maximum Noise Level	45 dBA for library, school or residence 51dBA for non-participating property
Shadow Flicker	Yes
Braking System Standards	Yes
Color Standards	Yes
Warnings/Hazard Protection Standards	Yes
Fence/Climb Prevention Standards	Yes
Lighting Standards	Yes
Interference	Yes
Other Standards	Tubular or monopole type tower

Use standards for CWECSs beyond zoning district's standards unless otherwise specified.

DEFINITION

All necessary devices that convert wind energy into electricity and deliver it to a utility's transmission lines.

PLANS & STUDIES REQUIRED

* Upon request

Decommission Plan Economic Development Agreement Maintenance Plan Transportation/Road Use Plan Vegetation/Landscape Plan* Environmental Assessment Sound Study Emergency/Fire Safety Plan Drainage/Erosion Control Plan Liability Insurance Property Value Guarantee Certificate of Design Compliance Certification by Engineer Other plans or studies - Communications study - Shadow flicker evaluation - Security and safety plan

COMMERCIAL SOLAR ENERGY SYSTEM STANDARDS

This county has no additional standards for commercial solar energy systems.

Name	Nathan Bilger
Role	Executive Director
Phone	(260) 248-3112
Email	wcplanning@whitleygov.com
Web	https://www.whitleygov.com/department/?fDD=19-0



